REPORT ON GENOCIDE AGAINST PALESTINIAN CHILDREN

(January - December 2024)

JUSTICE ON EARTH
WOMEN JURISTS PLATFORM
and
PRESIDENCY OF ANKARA BAR
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INTRODUCTION

The Justice on Earth Women Jurists Platform was established in 2021 with the purpose of collecting evidence and documenting violations of children's rights in our country and in oppressed geographies, creating an archive, and pursuing accountability of perpetrators through national and international mechanisms within the framework of law. The Platform further aims to raise global awareness on this matter.
In accordance with international law and international humanitarian law, despite the fact that the occupying power Israel is a party to numerous international treaties (such as the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Convention against Torture, and the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination), innocent children in Palestine continue to suffer the gravest harm—physically, mentally, psychologically, and spiritually. The provisions of these treaties, lacking effective enforcement mechanisms, have failed to prevent the acts of genocide amounting to ethnic cleansing, war crimes, crimes against humanity, and deaths from starvation perpetrated by the Zionist Israeli regime against Palestinian children in Gaza before the eyes of the world.

This Report has been prepared with the aim of identifying, assessing, and submitting to the relevant judicial authorities the acts constituting genocide, crimes against humanity, and war crimes systematically committed by the Israeli occupation regime through disproportionate and unlawful use of force over many years. It further seeks to raise legal awareness on these issues and to share the findings with the public. In this way, the Report intends to bring to international attention the suffering, trauma, and victimization endured by Palestinian children subjected to grave human rights violations, genocide, and its most severe form—ethnic cleansing—while also mobilizing international mechanisms to address these violations.
The unconditional continuation of military, diplomatic, and economic support by the United States and European countries to terrorist Israel renders them complicit in the crimes committed by Israel. International legal mechanisms have proven ineffective and inadequate in responding to the crimes committed in Gaza and throughout the occupied territories of Palestine, thereby losing legitimacy. It has been universally acknowledged that there is a need for a more just system—one in which “the strong are not deemed right, but the rightful are strong.”

This Report has been prepared by the Justice on Earth Women Jurists Platform, composed of jurists engaged in the field of international law and sensitive to the atroci-

ties, massacres, and genocide inflicted upon Palestinian children. In the course of this work, national and international news sources, agencies, international organizations, and members of the media have been consulted. Previous national and international works, theses, articles, and reports in this field have also been utilized.

This report aims to raise awareness in order to help stop the genocide committed by Zionist Israel against Palestinian children, ensure that the perpetrators are punished, and contribute to efforts to reform the international system, which has failed to fulfill its functions.

SUMMARY

1) Since its establishment in 1948, the Zionist Israeli regime **has committed systematic crimes against innocent Palestinian children** residing in Gaza and the occupied Palestinian territories. The events that have unfolded in Gaza since 7 October 2023 have been recorded as **one of the most devastating tragedies in human history.**

2) The acts of genocidal Israel against Palestinian children constitute serious violations under the **Fourth Geneva Convention**, **the Convention on the Rights of the Child**, **and the Genocide Convention**. It has been documented that Israeli officials and soldiers have used genocidal language toward Palestinians in public. Statements such as **"We are fighting human-like animals and will act accordingly," "There is no such thing as the Palestinian people," "There are no innocent civilians in Gaza," and "We must conquer Gaza, take complete control of it, and not leave a single Gazan child behind"** indicate that Israel is acting with the intent to commit the crime of genocide.

3) While Gaza has been under land, sea, and air blockade for 16 years, **more than 65,000 tons of bombs have been dropped on Gaza** as a result of the military attacks carried out by Israel after October 7, 2023; **many internationally prohibited weapons have been used, and 1.9 million people have been repeatedly displaced**. The region's infrastructure has completely collapsed, and access to humanitarian aid, food, water, medicine, fuel, and electricity has been cut off. Hospitals and ambulances have been targeted; the healthcare system has been destroyed, and the right to access healthcare—one of the most fundamental human rights—has been eliminated. Schools and university buildings have been bombed, and the right to education has been obstructed.

4) According to **UNICEF's State of Palestine Humanitarian Situation Report No. 34**, using data from the end of 2024, **an average of 32 children is martyred every day in Gaza. More than 45,000 civilians—over 14,500 of them children—have been martyred**, and tens of thousands of people remain under the rubble. Because the bodies of many children have become unrecognizable, the identities of half of the martyred children could not be determined. **According to data from the Gaza Ministry of Health, at least 37,000 children have been injured, 17,000 children have been left unaccompanied**, and thousands have been maimed. The loss of family members and limbs, along with the conflict environment, has increased ps-

ychological trauma among children. It is noted that, due to the extremely difficult conditions in Gaza, collecting and verifying information is very challenging, and the actual numbers are likely much higher than those reported.

5) According to an analysis by Save the Children of a report prepared by the UN-supported Gaza Protection Cluster, in the first 11 months of 2024, at least 5,230 children sustained injuries requiring significant rehabilitation support due to attacks by Israeli occupation forces on hospitals and healthcare workers, and restrictions on the entry of critical supplies. Due to the use of explosive weapons in the Gaza Strip, a**n average of 475 children per month—15 children per day—suffered serious limb injuries and hearing loss, potentially resulting in lifelong disabilities.** Since October 7, 2023, Gaza ranks first in the world in the number of amputee children per capita. Many of these children have had to undergo surgery and lose limbs without even receiving anesthesia.

6) Zionist Israel has used hunger as a weapon against the people of Gaza. According to UNICEF, in 2024, 50,000 children in Gaza required urgent treatment for acute malnutrition. By the end of 2024, **food insecurity had reached "catastrophic levels"** (IPC 5). In a statement dated March 4, 2024, the World Health Organization reported that children in Gaza were **dying of hunger due to lack of food.** The UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reported that, as of March 14, 2024, **21 of the 25 people who had died in northern Gaza from severe acute malnutrition and lack of water were children.**

7) Following the closure of the Rafah Border Crossing by the Israeli occupation regime, **medical evacuations decreased by 94%**. **Due to the prevention of travel for 25,000 patients and injured** people seeking treatment abroad, more than a thousand children, patients, and injured individuals were martyred.

8) The occupying forces have targeted schools, hospitals, shelters, and infrastructure facilities, destroying basic living conditions. As a result of the collapse of water and sewage infrastructure, epidemic diseases such as cholera, hepatitis A, and polio have reemerged. **Children** have not only been indirect victims of the attacks but have also been **systematically and directly targeted as a social group. Numerous cases have been recorded of children being shot in the head and chest by Israeli soldiers.**

9) The occupying forces have detained Palestinian children in Gaza, the West Bank, and other occupied Palestinian territories, and it has been documented that

detainees have been subjected to extrajudicial executions and torture. According to the Palestinian Prisoners Society and the Prisoners and Released Affairs Commission affiliated with the Palestine Liberation Organization, as of November 2024, **the occupiers had arrested at least 270 Palestinian children**, mostly held in Ofer and Megiddo prisons. This figure does not include children detained in the Gaza Strip, where Zionist Israel is committing acts of genocide. The reports state that, in general, Israel has committed enforced disappearance crimes against children detained in Gaza. The commission also determined that prison authorities have **committed systematic crimes against child detainees, including unprecedented beatings, torture, and harassment.**

10) The International Court of Justice, following an application by the Republic of South Africa on December 29, 2023, **issued a provisional measures order on January 26, 2024**, stating that Israel had violated its obligations under the Genocide Convention. In subsequent rulings on **March 28, 2024, and May 24, 2024, the Court ordered that all reasonable measures be taken to prevent genocide against Palestinians,** that Israel immediately cease its attacks on the city of Rafah, that humanitarian aid not be obstructed, and that UN officials tasked with investigating Israel's acts of genocide be allowed access to Gaza.

11) The advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice dated July 19, 2024, declared Israel's presence in the occupied territories, including East Jerusalem, to be illegal and stated that Israel is obliged to end it as soon as possible. It further affirmed that Israel is required to immediately cease all new occupation activities, to evacuate all Israeli occupiers from the occupied Palestinian territories, and to compensate all relevant natural or legal persons for the harm caused in the occupied territories.

12) The International Criminal Court issued its decision regarding the **arrest warrant on November 21, 2024, following the request made on May 20, 2024**. In this decision, arrest warrants were issued for **Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and former Defense Minister Yoav Gallant** on the grounds that there are reasonable grounds to believe they committed war crimes and crimes against humanity, **including the use of hunger as a weapon of war in Gaza**.

13) On September 18, 2024, after deadlock in the Security Council discussions, the United Nations General Assembly adopted **resolution ES-10/24, calling on Israel to end its illegal presence in the Occupied Palestinian Territories within 12 months from the adoption of the resolution.**

14) According to the 2024 reports of the UN Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR), UNICEF, WHO, the Palestinian Centre for Human Rights (PCHR), and Human Rights Watch (HRW), Israel's documented violations have been identified as constituting war crimes, crimes against humanity, and genocide.

15) Human Rights Watch, in its reports published on September 30, 2024, and December 19, 2024, documented that the attacks in Gaza have had devastating effects on the civilian population and that water, healthcare, and living conditions were deliberately worsened. The HRW reports detail the impact on children and note that some actions constitute crimes of genocide/mass extermination.

16) In its report dated **December 5, 2024, titled "You Feel Like You Are Not Human: Israel's Genocide Against Palestinians in Gaza," Amnesty International stated** that there is sufficient evidence to conclude that Israel has been committing and continues to **commit genocide against Palestinians** in the occupied Gaza Strip. In the public release of the report, it was stated: "The international community's massive and shameful failure over more than a year—first by delaying calls for a ceasefire and then by continuing arms transfers—to pressure Israel to end its massacres in Gaza is a stain on our collective conscience and will remain so."

17) On September 19, 2024, the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child condemned Israel for serious violations against Palestinian children. It called for urgent measures including addressing the ongoing violence in Gaza, complying with the provisional measures of the International Court of Justice in the genocide case, holding Israeli armed forces accountable for violations against children, repealing discriminatory laws, ending policies that harm children and constitute racial discrimination and apartheid, removing barriers to Palestinian children's access to education and family reunification, and ending torture and ill-treatment of children in Israeli prisons and detention centers.

18) States parties to the Genocide Convention continue to have **obligations to prevent, punish and protect victims of genocide in Gaza**.

19) Many United Nations resolutions adopted in favor of Palestine have not been enforced against genocidal Israel due to the lack of an effective monitoring and judicial mechanism. **The UN and international mechanisms have failed, and the international system has collapsed, becoming inoperative.**

20) The United States, as an accomplice to the genocide against the people of Gaza, vetoed the last of five United Nations Security Council resolutions calling for an end to the violence in Gaza on November 20, 2024. Due to these US vetoes, ceasefire resolutions could not be implemented by the UN, an organization established to ensure humanity lives in peace and is protected from the horrors of war, undermining the legitimacy of the international legal order. A process to rebuild the international legal system must be initiated.

21) The unconditional support policy of the US administration and Western countries for the Israeli occupation has prevented the cessation of the genocide. **The United States, Germany, the United Kingdom, and EU member states should halt arms sales to Israel and implement effective measures, including diplomatic and economic sanctions.**

22) The blockade of Gaza must be lifted immediately, and humanitarian aid should be delivered without obstruction under UN supervision.

23) The right of Palestinians to return to their homes must be guaranteed, and international support should be provided for the reconstruction process. Israel must be held responsible for compensating the crimes committed and the damage caused in the Palestinian territories.

24) Education and rehabilitation programs for Palestinian children should be supported in the long term with international funding.

25) Attention should be paid to the terms that Israel and its accomplice states have misused to shape perceptions, and these terms should be used correctly. **Hamas** is not a terrorist organization; it is composed of elected leaders of the Palestinian people defending their homeland. **The state that truly employs terrorist methods and commits genocide against the Palestinian people is Israel**. The people referred to as “settlers” are in fact “occupiers” who seize the land of the Palestinian people.

26) As an occupying power, genocidal Israel has violated its obligation to protect the civilian population, and the international community’s passive stance has created responsibility. **Despite Articles 1 and 55 of the UN Charter, effective measures could not be taken due to Security Council vetoes, and the international justice system has been paralyzed.** The structural injustice of the UN Security Council demonstrates that human rights are sacrificed for political interests. **Therefore,**

a new global justice system based on the will of the people, in which vetoes that block justice are eliminated, must be established. Within this framework, **it is recommended to adopt a decision-making structure without vetoes and with equal representation, to strengthen the powers of the General Assembly**, and to develop automatic intervention and sanction mechanisms to protect the civilian population.

27) A "Justice Task Force for Children" should be established, and the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child should examine Israel's detention system with a special agenda. An independent investigation commission should be set up for the violations in Gaza, with reporting every six months.

28) A "Compensation and Reparations Fund" should be established to address the harm resulting from the violations, and institutional participation of civil society in decision-making processes should be ensured. Sanctions that states have failed to implement can be made possible through the conscientious solidarity of people.

29) The jurisdiction of the International Criminal Court should be expanded and made completely independent from politics. Gaza cases should be initiated immediately. **The Office of the Prosecutor should be financially and structurally independent,** funded through the UN General Assembly, and deadlines with penalties for delays should be applied in investigations. Court proceedings should be victim-centered and expedited; satellite imagery, open-source evidence, and NGO reports should be effectively utilized. Accelerated trial mechanisms should be activated in urgent humanitarian crises. Accountability specific to children should be ensured; a **"Children's Cases Investigation Unit" should be established**, and protocols for protection of evidence and trauma-informed testimony should be developed.

30) The enforceability of the International Court of Justice decisions should be strengthened, and an independent monitoring and reporting mechanism should be established. **Automatic sanctions (such as suspension of membership or financial penalties) should be applied to states that do not comply**. Access to remedies should be expanded to allow civil society organizations, local authorities, and national courts to submit applications.

31) Regional criminal courts should be established, and a "Global Civil Justice Network" for people and NGOs should be created. The purpose of this network is to document genocide, occupation, and war crimes; submit collective civil com-

plaints; generate civilian enforcement power through economic and diplomatic boycotts; apply public pressure; provide free legal and psychological support to children; and publish "Children for Justice" reports. **A special investigation commission should be established for Gaza**, and international protection and emergency response mechanisms for children should be developed. Within this framework, a **"Gaza Children's Corridor" should be created; schools and hospitals should be designated as protected areas; safe temporary transfer programs should be launched for orphaned and injured children; and a "Missing Children Mechanism" should be established.** A Global Justice Forum should be formed, a Gaza Disabled Children Support Program initiated, a Palestinian Child Prisoners Monitoring Commission created, and humanitarian corridors opened under UN supervision.

32) All states have an obligation to prevent genocide, protect children's right to life, prevent Gaza from becoming a lost generation, and implement arms embargoes and economic sanctions. Universal jurisdiction should be strengthened, and genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity should be investigated independently.

33) All states must investigate and prosecute individuals within their jurisdiction who are involved in crimes in Gaza and other occupied Palestinian territories, including dual citizens serving in the Israeli army and those participating in the occupation's violence, ensuring accountability and justice.

34) All states should revoke the recognition of Israel as a state and, under Article 6 of the UN Charter, remove genocidal Israel from the UN.

35) This report **not only documents violations but also calls for a new international humanitarian order.** The current system has failed in its duties to "prevent" and "punish." The obligation of the international community is not only to provide aid but to **ensure accountability and establish justice**. T**he Palestinian people's right to exist, their right to self-determination, human dignity, and pursuit of justice** are matters of concern for all humanity.

AN ASSESSMENT OF 2023

Between 7 October 2023 and January 2024, at least 21,350 Palestinians in Gaza were killed, including 8,800 children. In the West Bank, at least 319 Palestinians were killed, approximately 77 of whom were children. These figures do not include an estimated 7,000 Palestinians believed to remain under the rubble and unreached.

From 7 October 2023 to 1 January 2024, the number of Palestinians injured was recorded as no fewer than 58,665, comprising 56,451 in Gaza and 3,805 in the West Bank.

Although precise figures cannot be provided due to ongoing bombardments and communication blackouts in Gaza, it has been reported that approximately 1.9 million Palestinians have been displaced within the Gaza Strip, corresponding to between 85% and 90% of the population.

As of January 2024, Israeli attacks had destroyed or severely damaged more than 270 state school buildings and approximately 100 school buildings operated by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA). As a result of these demolitions, 625,000 students in Gaza have been deprived of their right to education, while more than 200 educational staff members have been killed.

GENOCIDAL ACTIONS AGAINST PALESTINIAN CHILDREN IN 2024

JANUARY 1



The Israeli occupation army continued to bomb many central areas of Gaza, including the vicinity of the Abu Davud Mosque in the Nuseyrat refugee camp, the Al-Boruj and Al-Maghazi refugee camps, and the villages of Al-Mighraqa and Zawaida, killing and injuring many Palestinians, mostly women and children. In Deir Al-Balah, in the center of Gaza, four Palestinians were killed and many more were wounded when the occupying army fired a missile at a house belonging to the Abu Al-Ata family.

Dr. Ahmad Matar, an orthopedic surgeon at the Indonesian Hospital residing in the Saftawi neighborhood of Gaza, was killed along with his three children as a result of the occupiers' attacks, while his wife and two children were wounded by a tank shell targeting their home.

Missiles and bullets fired by the occupying Israeli army near Al-Aqsa University caused the martyrdom of 20 Palestinians, including children, and injured dozens of others, while 15 Palestinians were martyred near the Islamic University and 48 in the Zeitoun neighborhood of Gaza City. The Palestine Red Crescent Society (PRCS) announced that missiles and bullets fired by Israel caused at least 38 Palestinians to be martyred and dozens to be injured in this area within just the first few hours of the new year.

It was stated that the genocide in Gaza could lead to famine in some areas in the north and central parts of Gaza by February 2024. The term **'famine'** mentioned

here is a technical designation used by aid organizations, and according to the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (**IPC**), **famine is declared "when at least 20% of households in an area face extreme food shortages, at least 30% of children suffer from acute malnutrition, and two out of every 10,000 people die each day due to complete starvation or the combined effects of malnutrition and disease.**" UN aid agencies that visited the Gaza region, where the occupying Israeli forces continue their attacks, reported that starving Palestinians have begun hunting stray cats and dogs in the streets for food.

During an interview, 13-year-old Palestinian boy Muhammad al-Yaziji said that after their home was destroyed by the occupying army's attacks, he began living with his brother and two little sisters in a makeshift tent, that their mother was martyred in the Israeli bombardments, and that they lost their father during the chaos. In the interview, Muhammad al-Yaziji said, *"I took my siblings and we walked to Rafah. My little sister was crying and wanted us to carry her. When we arrived in Rafah, we stayed on the street for two days. Then I put my siblings on the sidewalk and told them to stay there until I found a place for them. I found a place and sat there, but sewage water flooded everywhere, and some people helped me by making a tent. They always tell me they are hungry, and I have nothing to feed them. I can't provide milk and diapers for my little sister. I feel this burden is too heavy for us. I sleep thinking about how to feed them. We've become like beggars. We weren't like this*." Palestinian Muhammad is just one of thousands of Palestinian children who lost their families and homes, had to grow up at a very young age, and were forced to migrate.

As a result of the murderous Israeli army attacks, hospitals in Gaza are overflowing with orphaned children, and their numbers are rapidly increasing. Many Palestinian children are injured or deeply traumatized, having lost both parents, and in some cases, all their relatives.



Nine-year-old Palestinian Razan Shabet was brought to Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital a month ago with a brain hemorrhage, broken arms and legs, and unconscious. Dr. Ibrahim Mattar, an emergency room doctor at Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital, explained that since Razan woke up, she has been asking



about her family, and that it is difficult to tell a child whose mother or father is missing that they have been martyred.

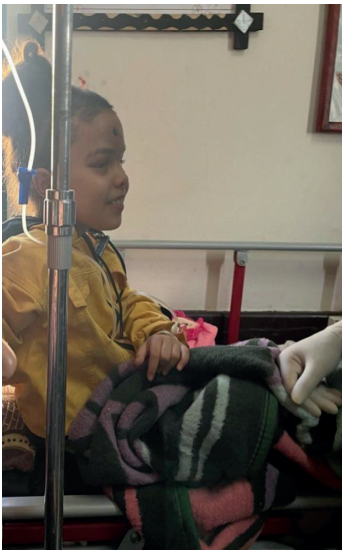
Palestinian baby Hassan Meshmesh was rescued from the rubble at just five days old following an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on his home in Deir al-Balah in November 2023, which resulted in the martyrdom of 58 members of his family. Baby Hassan has been at Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital for over a month, and the hospital announced that after extensive research, it was able to locate a distant relative of the baby. Another child living alone at Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital is 7-year-old Motaz Abu-Isa, who was recently discharged from emergency medical care. Motaz Abu-Isa lived in the hospital for 20 days without his parents because his hips, legs, and arms were broken.

Areej, a 14-year-old Palestinian girl who should be attending school, is trying to survive in the corridors of a school converted into a United Nations shelter. The violence of the occupyingarmy violates Palestinian children's rights to life and bodily integrity, while also hindering the basic educational rights of children in Gaza.

On January 1, 2024, two Palestinian families, including three children, were displaced from their homes in Al Maniya (Bethlehem) in the West Bank after their homes were demolished by the occupying Israeli forces. These demolitions were carried out under the pretext of the absence of building permits issued by the occupying Israeli forces, which are almost impossible to obtain.



The occupation forces occupied the city of Jericho in the northeastern part of the West Bank and the Ein al-Sultan camp northwest of the city, shooting two



Palestinians, one of whom was a child. Nasser Anani, director of Jericho Government Hospital, announced that a 10-year-old Palestinian child who had been shot in the back with live ammunition had been brought to the hospital. In addition, the occupation army abducted two Palestinian children, 17-year-old Nasr Jihad Mansur and 16-year-old Muhammad Rizq Mansour, in the town of Deir Istiya, northwest of Salfit in the central West Bank.

Israeli forces completely or partially destroyed many homes during military raids on refugee camps in the Tulkarem governorate in the northern occupied West Bank. Many children and their families in the Nour Shams camp were forced to leave their homes, and Israeli forces took advantage of the evacuation to destroy and vandalize some of them and set others on fire. Military bulldozers partially demolished a kindergarten belonging to the Women's Council, located in the camp, where approximately 45 boys and girls were receiving education. In addition to many homes that were completely burned down and rendered uninhabitable due to the fires, many homes were also targeted and destroyed by bombing or by setting fires near the entrances and windows of the homes, resulting in the displacement of many Palestinians.

JANUARY 2

At least 21 Palestinians, including children and women, were killed and hundreds were injured during Israeli air and drone strikes and bombardments. While Israeli occupation aircraft carried out fierce raids on the center and east of the city of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip, occupation artillery also bombed the northern neighborhoods of the city, killing and injuring many Palestinians, most of them children and women.

In an airstrike carried out by genocidal forces on a house in Dir el-Balah, in the center of Gaza, 15 Palestinians, mostly women and children, were martyred. These attacks also resulted in the injury of many Palestinians. In an attack carried out by the occupation army on a house in the An Nuseyrat Refugee Camp, 9 Palestinians, mostly children, were martyred and dozens were injured.

The Palestinian Red Crescent Society announced that the occupying forces targeted the eighth floor of its headquarters in Khan Yunis, killing five Palestinians, including a baby.

JANUARY 3

News sources reported that on the 89th day of the Israeli occupation's attacks, occupation missiles and bullets destroyed many families, killing more than 207 Palestinians and injuring at least 338, most of them women and children. As a result of a missile attack carried out by the occupying forces' unmanned aerial vehicles on homes in the Nuseyrat refugee camp, at least nine Palestinians, most of them children, from the Dervish family were martyred. In addition, as a result of the occupying army bombing a house belonging to the Abu Sharar family south of the Nuseyrat refugee camp, many Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured.



It was reported that one Palestinian child was martyred in an attack carried out by the occupation forces at the entrance of a school in the city of Jabalia in northern Gaza. Meanwhile, genocidal soldiers occupied the home of a Palestinian child named Ahmed Yasin in the Ras al-Amud neighborhood, south of Al-Aqsa Mosque, and abducted Ahmed Yasin.

World Health Organization (WHO) Director-General Dr. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus stated that the health system in Gaza has collapsed and hospitals are in ruins, and that health workers, doctors, and rescue teams face numerous obstacles and threats from the Israeli occupation army while trying to do their jobs and save lives.

JANUARY 4

According to statements by the Palestinian Ministry of Health, the genocidal Israeli army carried out 10 major massacres against Palestinians in Gaza in just 24 hours. As a result of these massacres, 128 Palestinians were martyred and 261 Palestinians were wounded, most of them women and children. In Han Yunus, in

the southern part of the Gaza Strip, an attack by the Israeli Air Force on a house belonging to the Salah family in the El Mawasi area, west of the city, killed at least 14 Palestinians, most of them children, and wounded dozens more.

The State Media Office in Gaza stated that the occupying army first forced civilians to leave the areas they had fled to and then bombed them, adding that this had happened at least 48 times in various parts of the Gaza Strip. As a result of these attacks, 31 Palestinians were killed and dozens were injured.

The United Nations announced that approximately 400,000 people in Gaza have contracted infectious diseases and that only 150 medical teams have been working in the coastal region since October 7, 2023. It was also stated that 180,000 Palestinians suffer from upper respiratory tract disorders and 136,000 Palestinians, most of them children, suffer from diarrhea and malnutrition.



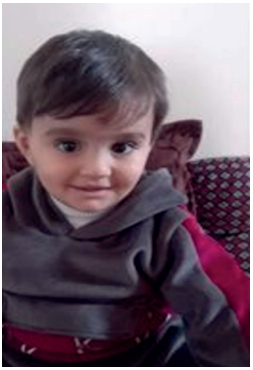
The Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor stated that as part of the ongoing genocide against Palestinians since October 7, 2023, the murderous Israeli regime has abducted Palestinian children and transferred them outside the Gaza Strip. While the fate of the babies and other Palestinian children forcibly transferred outside the Gaza Strip by the occupying army remains unknown, the Human Rights Group called on the occupying Israeli forces to return the abducted Palestinian children to their families. In addition to the horrific crime of abducting Palestinian children, Euro-Med emphasized that the international community must assume its responsibilities and pressure the occupying Israeli forces to ensure the safe return of all victims, particularly in light of the recent mysterious disappearance of hundreds of Palestinian detainees.

Meanwhile, a report broadcast by Israeli Army Radio mentioned the abduction of a Palestinian baby from his home in Gaza by Israeli officer Harel Itach, serving in the Givati Brigade, following the killing of the baby's family members. Shachar Mendelson, a friend of the soldier responsible for the incident, told Israeli Army Radio that Captain Harel Itach of the Givati Brigade took the Palestinian orphan to Israel. A statement from the Palestinian Foreign Ministry said, "*The abduction of a young girl from the Gaza Strip* is *proof that the occupation*

army commits the most heinous crimes against civilians without accountability or responsibility."

Euro-Med expressed deep fear and concern that the incident involving an officer belonging to the occupying army and a Palestinian baby was not an isolated case. Numerous witnesses reported that the occupying Israeli army regularly detains Palestinian children and does not disclose the whereabouts of those detained.

It was reported that more than 7,000 Palestinians, mostly women and children, are missing due to abductions carried out by the occupying Israeli forces. While it is believed that the vast majority of the missing are trapped under the rubble of homes hit by airstrikes by the genocidal state, it was stated that some are thought to have disappeared on the streets or vanished in neighborhoods where the occupying army carried out ground attacks. Euro-Med emphasized that the risk of occupation soldiers forcibly transferring and disappearing Palestinian children is increasing, particularly as hundreds of Palestinian families have reported losing one or more children and it is currently often impossible to verify the whereabouts and status of these individuals due to Israel's ongoing genocide.



Three-year-old Palestinian Karam Abdullah Al-Louh was killed when his home near the Wadi Gaza Bridge was bombed by genocidal Israeli forces.

JANUARY 5

At least 14 Palestinians, including nine children, were martyred and dozens were wounded as a result of a missile attack by the occupying Israeli army on tents used by Palestinian families in the Al-Mawasi coastal area west of Khan Yunis. As the occupying Israeli forces continued their bombardment of the Gaza Strip, 109 Palestinians were killed in the refugee camps of Khan Yunis, Rafah, Gaza, Al-Nuseirat, and Al-Maghazi. Among the targets of the occupying army were homes, health centers, the home of the head of the ambulance center, and a tent camp housing displaced Palestinians.

Israeli occupation forces raided the town of Beit Fajjar, southwest of Bethlehem in the West Bank, looting several homes and abducting a 16-year-old boy named Muhammad Walid Taqatqa. Also, according to the Wall and Colonization Resis-



tance Commission, another child, 16-year-old Palestinian Mahmoud Abayat, was abducted in the Esh Ghurab area east of Bethlehem, and 60 sheep that the abducted child was herding were confiscated.

The occupation forces shot and killed 17-year-old Palestinian Usaid Tareq Anis Rimawi in the occupied West Bank. It was reported that Rimawi was trying to help two Palestinians who were wounded near the village of Beit Rima, near Ramallah, when he was shot by the occupation forces.

According to data from Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), 82 Palestinian children have been killed in the West Bank since Israel launched Operation Iron Sword on October 7, 2023. Throughout 2023, Israeli occupation forces and settlers killed at least 121 Palestinian children in the West Bank. Most Palestinian children were killed by live ammunition, drones, warplanes, and missiles fired from Apache helicopters.

The Israeli occupation army shot and killed a large number of Palestinians, including a child, near the cities of Jenin and Nablus in the northern West Bank, and wounded a father and his children in their home. Meanwhile, in the village of Ya'bad, southwest of the city of Jenin in the northern West Bank, occupying soldiers wounded a Palestinian child, only 12 years old, in the head with shrapnel from bullets fired at protesters and homes while he was inside his house.

In Toura, occupying soldiers caused many Palestinians to inhale tear gas using live ammunition, tear gas canisters, and stun grenades. Some of the tear gas canisters hit Shadi Ziad Musleh's home, injuring him and his children and causing a fire in the house.

In a statement by Martin Griffiths, UN Under-Secretary-General for Humanitarian Affairs and Emergency Relief Coordinator, he said, *"The war in Gaza must end. A public health disaster is unfolding. Infectious diseases are spreading in overcrowded shelters due to overflowing sewage. Approximately 180 Palestinian women are giving birth daily amid this chaos. People are facing the highest level of food insecurity ever recorded. Famine is at the door. The last 12 weeks have been traumatic, especially for children: There is no food. There is no water. There are no schools. Every day, there is nothing but the horrific sounds of war. Gaza has simply be-*

come unlivable. The people are witnessing daily threats to their existence while the world watches."

JANUARY 6

The occupying Israeli army continued its attacks on various areas of the Gaza Strip. Dozens of Palestinians were killed and hundreds were injured in the attacks. Medical personnel reported that it was impossible to reach certain areas and the wounded due to the ongoing bombardment by the occupying forces. In Beit Lahia, north of Gaza, a Palestinian child was martyred and several members of his family were wounded in a missile attack by the occupying army on a house.

According to sources at Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in Deir al-Balah, 35 Palestinians were killed as a result of the occupation army's attacks, and more than 60 wounded Palestinians, most of them children and women, were taken to the hospital. Local sources in Palestine reported that Israeli occupation forces targeted a house in the Al-Manara area east of Khan Yunis, resulting in the martyrdom of a Palestinian child and the injury of many Palestinians.

Hundreds of Palestinian children underwent amputations without anesthesia due to the genocidal Israeli violence.

According to the Fourth Geneva Convention, an occupying power is obligated to ensure the provision of adequate medical supplies and the uninterrupted functioning of hospitals and health services in the occupied territories. The occupying Israeli State is violating the Fourth Geneva Convention, as it violates many other international agreements.

JANUARY 7

According to information provided by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, on January 7, 2024, 249 Palestinians were killed and 510 Palestinians were injured. The occupying army killed at least 160 Palestinians and injured more than 250 Palestinians in various parts of the Gaza Strip in its attacks. The genocidal army fired missiles at the Falouja neighborhood in Jabalia, north of Gaza, destroying a building belonging to the Abu Elbe family and martyring 80 Palestinians, most of whom were children and women.
According to documents shared by Defense for Children International Palestine, 17-year-old Palestinian Wadea Yaser Hasan Asous was martyred when she was hit by an unmanned aerial vehicle during attacks carried out by the occupation

army in Jenin. The attack took place near the village of Mothalath Al-Shohada in the northern West Bank. Wadea was taken to Al-Razi Hospital with severe injuries but could not be saved.



Many Palestinian families were wiped out in the air strikes by the murderous Israeli state, including 25 members of the Bureis family in Khan Yunis, 22 members of the Naeem and Tamraz families in Deir al-Balah, and 20 members of the Abu Alba family in Jabalia. Meanwhile, 17 Palestinians, including 12 children, were killed when occupation forces bombed a house west of Khan Yunis, bringing the number of Palestinians killed in the family massacre in the Khan Yunis refugee camp to 25, including those displaced.

According to Defense for Children International Palestine, 4-year-old Palestinian Ruqaya Ahmad Odeh Jahalin was martyred when she was shot in the back by an occupation soldier near a checkpoint in the village of Beit Iksa, near Jerusalem in the occupied West Bank. Ruqaya was sitting in the back seat of a minibus with her mother. Shortly after passing the checkpoint, Israeli forces opened fire on both vehicles when a vehicle behind them failed to stop, and Ruqaya was shot. After Ruqaya and her mother were taken to the checkpoint, they were reunited with Ruqaya's father, but the occupation forces did not allow him to take Ruqaya's body with him. Ruqaya's body was held by the Israeli occupation authorities for 9 days before being handed over to her family on January 16.

In the same incident, a Palestinian child in a third vehicle was also wounded by indiscriminate fire from the genocidal Israeli army.



On Sunday night, Israeli soldiers shot and killed two Palestinians, one of them a child, in the town of Yatta near Hebron in the southern occupied West Bank. According to the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS), a 14-year-old Palestinian child was wounded in the leg by a steel bullet.

JANUARY 8

The Israeli occupation's attacks on the Gaza Strip intensified, particularly in Gaza City, Rafah, Khan Yunis, and central Gaza. Dozens of Palestinians, mostly women, children, and the elderly, were killed and hundreds were wounded in the occupation forces' attacks. The occupation army killed at least 180 Palestinians in the Deir Al-Balah and Al-Maghazi refugee camps in the last 24 hours. In Al-Maghazi, more than 30 Palestinians were killed and at least 50 were wounded in a missile attack on a school belonging to UNRWA.

At least 41 Palestinians, including children and women, were killed and dozens were injured in intense attacks carried out by the murderous Israeli army on the Daraj and Tuffah neighborhoods **of Gaza City**. In **Deir al-Balah,** around 3:00 a.m., eight Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many were injured in an attack on a residential building. It was also reported that there were people trapped under the rubble.

At least 4 Palestinians were killed and dozens were injured in an attack **by the occupying army** on a residential area **in Khan Yunis**. Furthermore, at least 8 Palestinians, including children, were killed in an attack by the occupying forces **in the Al Manara neighborhood** in the morning. The attacks by the occupying forces targeted residential areas densely populated by Palestinians, while also seriously hindering access to health and aid services.

According to a report by the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, an artillery shell attack by the occupying forces on an MSF (Médecins Sans Frontières) shelter in Khan Yunis pierced the wall of the shelter, which housed more than 100 Palestinian families and workers. As a result of the attack by the occupying forces, five people were injured, including a worker in critical condition and his 5-year-old child. MSF stated that no order had been given to evacuate the shelter beforehand.

A statement by Save The Children said that since the genocidal attacks began three months ago, an average of more than ten children in Gaza have lost one or both legs every day. This statement once again highlighted the devastating impact of the occupation army's violence on children.
Israeli occupation soldiers detained Ashraf Edres and his nine-year-old son Muhammad in the Salayma neighborhood in the center of Hebron. Four hours later, the child was released, while Ashraf Edres was abducted by the occupation forces.

The occupation forces also carried out raids in various areas in the Bethlehem Governorate in the southern occupied West Bank, abducting 12 Palestinians, including two children. The occupation forces occupied and searched many houses in the town of Husan, west of Bethlehem. During this time, they also abducted 18-year-old Basil and 16-year-old Anas Jawad Hamamra, along with adult Palestinians.

A spokesperson for Doctors Without Borders stated, *"Children in Gaza are dying 'in every possible way.'"*

JANUARY 9

Israeli occupation forces carried out new massacres against civilians in different areas of Gaza. The occupation army, which completely devastated northern Gaza, continued to advance towards central areas, destroying parts of el-Nuseirat and Khan Younis, including the Khuza'a neighborhood.

A Palestinian child wounded in an artillery attack by the occupying army on the east of Khan Yunis was martyred at the European Hospital in Gaza. The number of Palestinians martyred in the occupying army's attacks in Khan Yunis in the last 24 hours has risen to 13. In the el-Nuseirat refugee camp, a total of 7 Palestinians, including 3 women and 4 children, were martyred in an airstrike carried out by the occupying forces on the Farjallah family's home. In another airstrike west of the refugee camp, the Zared family's home was targeted, martyring 10 Palestinians, most of them children and women.

The Palestinian Information Center reported that journalist Hiba al-Abadla and her 8-year-old daughter Judy were killed in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on their homes in Khan Yunis.

Israeli occupation authorities demolished two apartments belonging to two Palestinian brothers in Sur Baher, south of occupied Jerusalem, who were accused of carrying out an armed attack in November 2023. As a result of the demolition, five family members, including three children, who had committed no crime, were left homeless. In addition, the occupation police prevented citizens from leaving their homes and restricted their freedom of movement by preventing dozens of students from reaching their homes.
Assistant Professor of Law and Finance and President of the Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor, Rami Abdu, stated, *"The number of members of the Palestinian Al-Astal family, recently discovered as victims of the Israeli genocide on January*

9, 2024, is approximately 60 (eight families, including children and grandchildren, have been removed from the population registry)."

JANUARY 10

In Jabalia, north of Gaza, dozens of Palestinians, mostly women and children, were martyred and many were injured when the genocidal Israeli army fired missiles at two houses in the city. Meanwhile, the occupying army fired numerous artillery shells at homes in the El-Bureyc and El-Meğazi refugee camps in central Gaza, killing at least 20 Palestinians and injuring many others, mostly women and children.

In Rafah, in the southern Gaza Strip, the occupying army launched a missile attack on a house belonging to the Nofal family in the western part of the city, killing 15 Palestinians and injuring dozens, most of them children and women.



According to reports by OCHA, *"Between January 1 and 10, only 14 percent (3 out of 21 deliveries) of pre-planned aid deliveries of food, medicine, water, and other life-saving supplies to northern Gaza were completed. Humanitarian organizations were forced to cancel or postpone two missions due to excessive delays at Israeli checkpoints or the impassability of agreed routes. The ability of humanitarian organizations to respond to the extensive needs in northern Gaza is constrained by the continued denial of access for aid deliveries and the lack of coordinated, safe access by Israeli authorities. These obstructions and severe access restrictions are crippling the ability of humanitarian organizations to respond in a meaningful, consistent, and large-scale manner*."

The occupying army's numerous military vehicles occupied the city of Nablus in the northern West Bank, besieging Jerusalem's Old City and injuring twelve Palestinians, including two children and an elderly woman.

JANUARY 11

The Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupying Israeli army carried out 14 massacres against families in Gaza, killing more than 200 Pales-

tinians, including women and children, and wounding dozens more within 24 hours.

In Han Yunus, south of the Gaza Strip, genocidal Israeli missiles struck a house belonging to the Abu Namus family in the western part of the city, killing at least seven Palestinians and injuring 25 others, including women and children.

Meanwhile, in Rafah, in the southern Gaza Strip, the occupying army fired missiles and artillery shells at makeshift shelters set up by families who had fled their homes in the northwest of the city. As a result of this attack, four Palestinian children, one of them a newborn, were martyred and many Palestinians were injured. Meanwhile, the Israeli occupation army fired a missile at a house belonging to Abu Laasin near the Rafah crossing in the city of Rafah, killing at least seven Palestinians, including children, and injuring dozens more. It was reported that the house was occupied by families who had fled their homes hoping to find safety in Rafah.



The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that, as a result of the attacks by the occupying forces, 13 families were killed and more than 151 Palestinians, mostly children and women, were martyred in just 24 hours.

In the petition filed in relation to South Africa's case against the murderous Israeli state at the International Court of Justice, the situation in Gaza was described as *follows: "Experienced humanitarian aid workers who have served in war and disaster zones around the world, who have seen everything, say they have never seen anything like what they are seeing in Gaza today*. ***These workers describe the current situation in Gaza* as *"apocalyptic," "a living hell,"* and *"a war unlike anything ever seen* before."** Meanwhile, the petition highlights that an average of 115 Palestinian children have been killed every day in Gaza since October 7, 2023, and quotes UNICEF spokesperson James Elder as saying that Gaza has become *"a graveyard for children*."

Save the Children said that since October 7, 2023, an average of more than 10 Palestinian children have lost one or both legs every day in Gaza. According to

UNICEF, more than 1,000 Palestinian children have had one or both legs amputated since October 7, 2023. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), the paralysis of the health system in Gaza due to the conflict, coupled with severe shortages of doctors, nurses, and medical supplies such as anesthesia and antibiotics, has meant that most of these surgeries on children have been performed without anesthesia.

JANUARY 12

Occupying soldiers detained Ashraf Idris and his nine-year-old son Muhammad in the Salayma neighborhood in the center of Hebron, released the child four hours later, and abducted his father.

According to information provided by Defense for Children International, 17-year-old Odai Ismail Yusuf Abu Juhayse and 15-year-old Muhammad Arafat Yusuf Abu Juhayse were shot and killed by Israeli occupation forces near the illegal Israeli settlement of Adora, located near the Palestinian city of Hebron.

JANUARY 13

At least 20 Palestinians, including two babies and children sleeping in tents, were killed and dozens were wounded when the occupation army attacked the Han Yunus area in the southern Gaza Strip with missiles and artillery shells.

Occupying Israeli soldiers invaded the city of Bethlehem in the southern West Bank, raided several homes, and abducted six Palestinians, including a child, in the village of Husan in the west of the city, injuring many others. The occupying forces raided and searched the families' homes and then abducted a 17-year-old boy named Ahmed Nidal Soman.

JANUARY 14

In the Gaza Strip, the Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the occupying Israeli forces had carried out 11 massacres in less than 24 hours, killing at least 125 Palestinians and wounding hundreds more. Israeli occupation forces' missiles and artillery shells killed and wounded dozens of Palestinians, mostly women and children, in Deir Al-Balah in central Gaza.

In Rafah, in the southern Gaza Strip, the occupying army fired numerous missiles and artillery shells at many areas, causing many people to be killed and woun-



ded. Among those killed were fourteen people, most of them children, who were killed in a house in Rafah where dozens of Palestinians who had fled from northern Gaza had gathered.

Khaled Amer Khaled Hmaidat, 16, Suleiman Mohammad Suleiman Kanaan, 17, and Luai Majed Salem El-Sufi, 16, were martyred when they were shot by Israeli occupation forces in the occupied West Bank. According to information provided by Defense for Children International Palestine, 17-year-old Suleiman Mohammad Suleiman Kanaan and 16-year-old Khaled Amer Khaled Hmaidat were shot in the chest by occupying forces while inside a car near the northern entrance of El-Bireh, near Ramallah, in the central part of the occupied West Bank. It was reported that Süleyman was taken to Istishari Hospital, where he was martyred. The Israeli occupation forces prevented Palestinian ambulance crews from reaching Halid, who was bleeding inside the car, and seized Halid's body.

According to DCIP, in another incident, Israeli occupation forces shot and killed 16-year-old Luai Majed Salem El-Sufi in the Ayn Al-Sultan refugee camp, northwest of Jericho in the central occupied West Bank. Luai was shot in the chest by an Israeli soldier from a distance of 70 to 100 meters (229 to 328 feet) as he was leaving a barber shop during an attack by the occupying forces on the camp. Luai was taken by ambulance to Eriha Government Hospital, where he was pronounced dead. It was reported that Luai had come from Jordan to Palestine for the first time to attend his sister's wedding.

The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) confirmed that 16-year-old Ahmed Musa Muhammad Jabarin and 17-year-old Jalal Issa Muhammad Jabarin were martyred by occupation soldiers near the town of Sa'ir, northeast of Hebron.

Israeli occupation forces occupied several towns and villages in the Hebron governorate in the southern West Bank, beat a Palestinian youth, abducted 10 Palestinians, including two children, and confiscated vehicles.

The World Food Programme announced in January 2024 that at least 577,000 Palestinians in Gaza were experiencing catastrophic or famine-level hunger, while 2.2 million were experiencing crisis-level or worse acute food insecurity.

JANUARY 15

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the occupying army carried out 12 massacres in the Gaza Strip, killing 132 Palestinians and injuring 252 others. The occupation army's missiles targeted many areas in northern Gaza and the center of Gaza City. At least 33 Palestinians, including children, were martyred and dozens were injured in these attacks. Meanwhile, Israeli army missiles and artillery shells struck various locations in Khan Yunis, south of the coastal area, killing at least 16 Palestinians, including six children, and injuring many others. Among those killed was an 11-year-old boy named Wasim Fayyad.

In a shared video, a Gazan father said about his daughter's leg being amputated, *"It was done using sterilization water, and the procedure was performed without anesthesia!"*

The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) stated that what happened in the first 100 days of the Israeli occupation's war on Gaza was the largest displacement of Palestinians since 1948. The statement said, "*An entire generation of children has been traumatized, and it will take years for them to recover. Thousands have lost their lives, been maimed, and become orphans. Hundreds of thousands have been deprived of education. Their futures are threatened; this war will have far-reaching and long-term consequences. Despite repeated calls, a humanitarian ceasefire to stop the killing of civilians in Gaza and ensure the safe delivery of food, medicine, water, and shelter* has *still* not been achieved."



UNICEF reported that 350,000 children under the age of 5 in Gaza are particularly vulnerable. The agency warned that in the coming weeks, "*severe* child wasting," the most deadly form *of malnutrition in children*, could affect up to 10,000 children.

Four Palestinians, including two children, were injured in an attack by Israeli occupation forces on Monday afternoon in the Al-Makhfiya neighborhood of Nablus in the northern West Bank. Ahmad Jibril, Director of the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) Ambulance and Emergency Center in Nablus, said a 15-year-old child was shot in the head with a live bullet and a 9-year-old child was wounded in the head by shrapnel.

In various areas of the occupied West Bank, Zionist Israeli forces occupied many Palestinian homes and abducted at least 51 Palestinians, including children. In the north of occupied Jerusalem, the occupation army raided the homes of two Palestinian children, identified as Mahmoud Alqam and Saif Al-Obaidi, in the Shu'fat Refugee Camp.

World Food Programme (WFP) Executive Director Cindy McCain warned, *"People in Gaza are at risk of starving to death just a few kilometers away from trucks full of food."* The statement said, "*Every hour lost puts countless lives at risk. But if we can deliver enough aid and provide safe access to everyone in need, wherever they are,* we can *prevent starvation.*"

JANUARY 16

In the ongoing missile and artillery attacks by genocidal Israel against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, dozens of Palestinians were killed in various locations in the coastal region, and hundreds were wounded, most of them women and children. At least 12 Palestinians, including children, were killed and dozens more were injured when one of the missiles hit a house in Rafah.

Among the children killed in the attacks by the occupying forces were school-age children, while the occupying army has bombed 388 schools in Palestine since October 7, 2023.

The occupying forces abducted the brothers Nasir and Husni Muhammad Abdullah Amira, 17-year-old Muhammad Mutee Falah Amira, and five other Palestinians in different areas of the Ramallah governorate, and beat a young man. South of Al-Aqsa Mosque, the occupying forces abducted Yusuf Taha from the town of Silwan and a child named Saad Aweida from inside Al-Rashidiyya School in occupied Jerusalem.

JANUARY 17

The number of Palestinians killed by the occupying forces in various parts of the Gaza Strip has reached at least 163, excluding those trapped under the rubble of homes and buildings bombed by the occupying forces. Medical sources, health workers, and local residents reported that the bodies of 25 Palestinians, including children, were found under the rubble of bombed houses in the Daraj neighborhood of Gaza City. In addition, sources reported that a Palestinian child died in a tent in Gaza due to extreme cold caused by Israel's ongoing attacks and the lack of electricity and heating devices.

Media sources reported that the occupying Israeli army fired a missile at the home of the Zamily family in eastern Rafah, killing 19 Palestinians, including children, who were inside the house.

According to information provided by the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS), on Wednesday afternoon, Israeli settlers wounded a 16-year-old Palestinian child in the town of Einabus, south of Nablus, in the northern occupied West Bank. On the same day, occupying soldiers killed five Palestinians, including three children, in the Tulkarem refugee camp in the northwest of the West Bank and wounded many others, including a health worker. In addition, dozens of Palestinians were interrogated by the occupying soldiers, journalists were attacked, and a house was blown up.



Occupation forces killed three Palestinian children in an attack carried out by an unmanned aerial vehicle in the north of the occupied West Bank. According to Defense for Children International Palestine, 17-year-old Ahmad Tareq No'man Faraj, Walid Ibrahim Mohammad Ghanem, and Ahmad Mousa Mutlaq Beddo were hit by a missile fired from an Israeli drone during an attack by the occupation army on the Tulkarem refugee camp in the northern West Bank. The occupation forces prevented ambulances from reaching the scene for about an hour and a half. Eventually, all three were taken to Thabet Thabet Government Hospital in Tulkarem, but doctors announced they had been killed upon arrival.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that Ashraf Ahmad Yasin was martyred in the Izbat Al-Jarad area of Tulkarem after a large number of Israeli military vehicles invaded the area. Eyewitnesses stated that the army fired numerous live rounds at the vehicle Yasin was using, killing him and wounding his 13-year-old brother in the arm and shoulder and another youth in the leg.

JANUARY 18

In the center of the West Bank, occupation forces abducted 11 Palestinians, including a 16-year-old boy named Mahmoud Abdullah Al- Alem, and a woman from the Ramallah and Al-Biereh governorates.

UN Special Rapporteur on Occupied Palestinian Territories Francesca Albanese said in a statement, *"I never thought we would witness mass starvation on this scale in the 21st century. After 100 days of bombardment, sufficient food, fuel, and water still cannot enter Gaza. First, children are dying before our eyes, and then adults will follow."*



A report published by the Palestinian Center for Human Rights (PCHR) assessed health conditions in Gaza. Dr. Mousa Abed, Director General of Primary Health Services at the Palestinian Ministry of Health, stated that the overcrowding of hundreds of thousands of displaced people in southern Gaza has led to the spread of various infectious diseases. He also emphasized that seasonal illnesses have worsened with the collapse of the health system in northern and central Gaza, posing a major threat to the lives of the region's residents.

The report noted that in northern Gaza, the inability of ambulances and civil defense teams to remove the bodies of hundreds of Palestinians killed from under the rubble is a major factor contributing to the spread of epidemics and serious diseases. In southern Gaza, it was stated that overcrowded shelters, housing mainly children and women, created an environment that facilitated the rapid spread of disease. It was explained that the lack of basic hygiene and care needs, such as access to

clean water, adequate food, and sanitary facilities, worsened the situation; the accumulation of waste and the destruction of the sewage system in these areas also posed significant health risks.



Doctors pointed out that Hepatitis A is spreading rapidly among children due to poor hygiene, shared bathroom use, and children's inability to wash their hands with soap and water. Dr. Al-Jabari stated that Hepatitis A patients need isolation and a diet rich in fruits and vegetables, but that this is not possible under the current difficult conditions.

The report mentioned that six-year-old Joud El-Dabari's father stated that his daughter contracted Hepatitis A due to poor hygiene conditions and the use of shared toilets, and that she needed to be isolated. However, his daughter is currently staying in a classroom with about 50 people, including children, women, and the elderly, making isolation impossible. Joud El-Dabari- Dabari needs access to nutritious food, but this is seriously hampered by shortages and high prices in the markets. The report also states that due to the lack of isolation facilities, some parents deliberately conceal their children's Hepatitis A infection, which leads to the serious spread of the disease. The report also included statements *made by* Dr. Aya Awwad, who works at a shelter for displaced persons, to field researchers: "*Diseases such as scabies, lice, and chickenpox are spreading rapidly among children due to overcrowding, and unfortunately, the necessary medical care for these diseases is not available*."

According to a report published by Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor, a baby boy named Jamal Mahmoud Jamal Al-Kafarna, born in August 2023 in the town of Beit Hanoun in the northern Gaza Strip, died of starvation along with his mother. Jamal's grandmother, Samah Youssef Al-Kafarna, told the Euro-Med Monitor team that with the start of Israel's military attacks on the Gaza Strip, they were forced to flee to a tent in the courtyard of a school in Jabalia and that they were experiencing an increasing shortage of humanitarian aid supplies. According to the grandmother, Jamal's mother became severely dehydrated due to the food shortage, which prevented her from breastfeeding her baby. As the mother was forced to drink salt water, her milk supply gradually decreased, making it impossible to feed the baby. Jamal became weak due to food shortages and the strict siege imposed



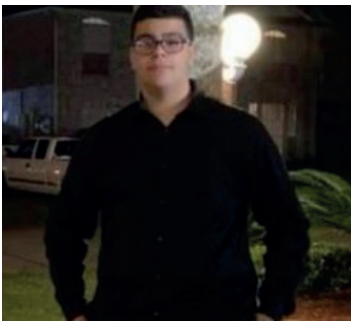
on the Gaza Strip, and the lack of any alternative to formula milk made his condition even worse. According to his grandmother, the baby died of starvation in his mother's arms on January 18, 2024.

JANUARY 19

The murderous Israeli army, which occupies the town of Beit Ummar, north of Hebron in the southern occupied West Bank, raided a number of homes and abducted Palestinians, including Laith Al-Alami and a 16-year-old boy named Ghaith Anwar Mahmoud Al-Alami.

Israeli occupation soldiers shot and killed a Palestinian child near the town of El-Mazra'a ash-Sharqiya, northeast of Ramallah, in the central part of the occupied West Bank. According to medical sources at the Palestinian Medical Complex in Ramallah, 17-year-old Tawfiq Hafeth Tawfiq Ajaq was brought to the hospital with serious injuries after being hit in the head by a live bullet. The Palestinian child, who also had American citizenship, was martyred shortly after arriving at the hospital due to his bullet wounds.

UNICEF Deputy Executive Director Ted Chaiban said that the humanitarian conditions in Gaza, which force displaced people to live in extremely unhealthy environments, create *"stories we should not see in this day and age."* Chaiban said, *"The first thing that stands out is the level of displacement. When I went to Rafah this time, you enter the first crossing and see tent upon tent, plastic sheet upon plastic sheet as far as the eye can see. Secondly, the conditions people are forced to live in are extremely unhealthy. There are not enough toilets; sometimes there is one toilet for 50 people, and sometimes people* have *to* use *buckets to meet their toilet needs."*



JANUARY 20

UNICEF announced that while approximately 20,000 babies were born in Gaza during the ongoing war, 135,000 children under the age of two in the Gaza Strip are at *"serious risk"* of malnutrition.

JANUARY 22

Attacks by the murderous Israeli state intensified in various areas in the southern Gaza Strip, including Khan Yunis and the impoverished coastal area, killing dozens of Palestinians and injuring hundreds, most of them women and children. The bombardments targeted homes, schools, and coastal areas in different parts of Khan Yunis. According to medical sources, at least 12 Palestinians, mostly children, were killed in Khan Yunis, and dozens were injured.

Genocidal Israeli soldiers occupied various areas of the occupied West Bank, raided numerous homes, abducted many Palestinians, and shot and beat many Palestinians, including children. While many Palestinians protested the occupation and violations, the occupying soldiers shot an 18-year-old youth with live ammunition and a nine-year-old child with a rubber-coated steel bullet.

Occupying soldiers abducted two brothers, 15-year-old Elias Ibrahim Halahla and 14-year-old Qassam Mohammad Halahla, in the town of Surif, northwest of Hebron.





Occupation forces martyred 17-year-old Palestinian Yamen Mohammed Husseti by shooting him in the stomach in the town of Arraba, southwest of Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank. According to eyewitness accounts, soldiers shot the youth and opened fire, preventing an ambulance from reaching him despite his serious injuries.



Occupying soldiers killed six Palestinians, including a child and a woman, in different areas of the occupied West Bank and abducted two others.

According to Ahmad Jibril, Director of the Palestinian Red Crescent Society Ambulance and Emergency Center in Nablus, the occupying soldiers killed two Palestinians, including a child, in the city of Nablus.

According to Eid Barahma, head of the Palestinian Prisoners Society (PPS) in Jericho, occupation forces abducted 17-year-old Palestinian child Yusuf El Hatib after summoning him for interrogation. El Hatib had previously been released under a prisoner exchange agreement.

According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine, 16-year-old Yamen Mohammad Mustafa Lahlouh was shot in the stomach by Israeli forces in the Palestinian town of Arraba, southwest of Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank. DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish said, *"Israeli forces prevented medical personnel from reaching Yamen until they were certain he had died after shooting him in the stomach."*

JANUARY 23

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the occupying Israeli army carried out twenty massacres against families in Gaza in the last 24 hours, killing 190 Palestinians and wounding 340, most of whom were elderly, women, and children.

In the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza, the occupying army launched a missile attack on a house in the Al-Hasayna area. Three Palestinians were martyred and several others were wounded in the attack. It was announced that the majority of those martyred were women and children. It was reported that in Khan Yunis alone, more than 40 Palestinians were killed by murderous Israeli missiles and artillery shells, in addition to dozens of wounded left under the rubble and in the streets, most of whom were women and children.

Meanwhile, the occupying army fired dozens of artillery shells at parks where dozens of families had taken refuge on the Harun al-Rashid Coastal Road west

of Al-Mawasi, west of Khan Yunis, killing four Palestinians, including a child, and wounding many others before they were transported to Abu Yousef Najjar Hospital in the nearby city of Rafah.

Media sources said that the murderous Israeli state's war jets fired missiles at the tents of Palestinians fleeing their homes and seeking refuge in the Al-Mawasi area west of Khan Yunis, killing at least 10 Palestinians, including women and children who were burned to death, and wounding dozens of Palestinians.

The Al-Haq Human Rights Organization reported that Israeli missiles and artillery shells completely destroyed the Al-Maghazi refugee camp in central Gaza.

UN Secretary-General António Guterres reiterated his call for an immediate humanitarian ceasefire in Gaza, describing the situation in the region as *"horrific."* Guterres emphasized that the entire population of Gaza was rapidly suffering massive destruction and that the collective punishment of the Palestinian people could not be justified in any way. He also stated that 2.2 million Palestinians in Gaza are struggling to survive without basic necessities such as adequate shelter, heating, water, food, and hygiene in winter conditions. He said that a quarter of the population in the region, or more than half a million people, are facing severe food insecurity and are on the brink of a major catastrophe.

JANUARY 24

The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) said in a statement that Israeli warplanes fired numerous missiles near Al-Amal Hospital and Nasir Hospital in Khan Yunis, where approximately 7,000 Palestinians were sheltering. In central Gaza, the occupying army fired missiles and artillery shells at homes and buildings in the Nuseyrat refugee camp, killing and injuring many Palestinians, including at least four children and several women.

In southern Gaza, initial reports indicate that 9 Palestinians were killed and hundreds were wounded when the UNRWA education center, owned by the UN, was directly hit by the occupying forces. UNRWA Commissioner-General Philippe Lazzarini stated that approximately 30,000 people were sheltering in the area and that the death toll could be higher. It was emphasized that the facility was clearly marked as belonging to the UN and that its coordinates had been shared with Israeli officials. According to WAFA and some media outlets, the death toll exceeded 50.

JANUARY 25



The occupying Israeli army continued its bombardment and attacks on various areas of the Gaza Strip, mainly Han Yunus and Rafah, killing dozens of Palestinians. The occupying army also abducted dozens of people in Han Yunus.

The occupying forces fired a missile at the northwestern part of the city of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip, killing three Palestinians, including two children, and injuring many others. Meanwhile, the genocidal army raided a house in Khan Yunus, abducting all the men and taking the women and children to the PRCS building, where they were held. Additionally, at least four Palestinian children were martyred and many Palestinians were injured when the occupation army fired missiles and bullets at a residential building in the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza.

In the Zawaida area in central Gaza, Israeli occupation forces killed three Palestinians, including a child, in their homes with missiles. The occupying army struck a school in Khan Yunis where dozens of families had taken refuge, killing four Palestinians and wounding at least twenty others, while also killing three Palestinians, including two children, in a house in the northwest of the city.

Israeli occupation forces executed a Palestinian youth in the village of Be'er Al-Basha, southwest of Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank. The occupation army surrounded the home of former political prisoner Wisam Walid Khashan and shot the young man at close range. It was reported that the killer soldiers also raided the house next to Khashan's home and allowed their dogs to attack a 17-year-old boy named Majd Tariq Turkman, tearing his clothes.

The beating and abduction of many Palestinians by Israeli occupation soldiers in occupied Jerusalem sparked protests. Heavy tear gas was used before a child and two young men were abducted in the Sweih, Abu Tayeh, and Ein Al-Louza neighborhoods. Soldiers also raided the Shu'fat refugee camp, closing the entrance barrier and blocking entry and exit to the camp. Tear gas, stun grenades, and sewage were thrown into the streets to force Palestinians to leave the camp, and three children were detained.

JANUARY 26

It was reported that 11 Palestinians, including a journalist and children, were martyred after an apartment building in Deir al-Balah was hit by the occupying forces. It was reported that the murderous Israeli forces blew up an entire residential neighborhood in the Al-Nimsawi area of, Khan Yunis.

Numerous military and police vehicles belonging to the murderous Israeli army invaded the town of Silwan, south of Al-Aqsa Mosque, throwing numerous stun grenades into homes and streets. Soldiers who invaded the town's Sweih, Abu Tayeh, and Ein Al-Louza neighborhoods abducted a Palestinian child and two youths.

Euro-Med Monitor documented the arbitrary execution and martyrdom of two brothers, one of whom was a child, by an Israeli sniper in front of their parents and other family members. Fourteen-year-old Nahed Adel Barbakh was targeted and shot three times by Israeli snipers while walking with a white flag in the El-Amal neighborhood west of Khan Yunis, complying with an occupation army order for her family to leave their home. According to eyewitness accounts, Nahed was preparing to leave her home with her family to go to the El-Mawasi area. As she attempted to cross the street, she fell to the ground after being hit in the leg by a bullet approximately three to four meters



away. The snipers were positioned on the roof of a building about 100 meters away. When Nahed tried to get up, she was shot again, this time in the side. As she tried to get up a third time, she was shot in the head and martyred. Her 20-year-old brother Ramez ran to her side to rescue Nahed, but he was also shot in the head and collapsed on top of her. The family considered it too dangerous to return to retrieve the bodies and was forced to leave the area, leaving the bodies of the two siblings in the street. Euro-Med Monitor emphasized that this incident was an example of arbitrary executions carried out by Israeli occupation forces against civilians carrying white flags, and that such actions constitute war crimes.

The IPC (Integrated Food Security Phase Classification) January 2024 Report stated that 2.2 million people in Gaza are at risk of imminent famine, with approximately 378,000 people in Phase 5 (emergency level), Stage 5 signifies extreme food insecurity, starvation, and the exhaustion of coping capacities, and approximately 939,000 people are in Stage 4 (emergency level).

JANUARY 26

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the occupying army carried out 19 massacres against Palestinian families in the last 24 hours, killing 183 Palestinians, most of them women and children, and wounding 377 others. According to medical sources, missiles belonging to the murderous Israeli state struck a house belonging to the Abu Nassir family in Deir Al-Balah, in the center of Gaza. Six Palestinians were martyred in the attack, and many people, including women and children, were wounded. The Israeli army also bombed another house in the El-Haker area, killing and injuring many Palestinians, including women and children.

Israeli snipers shot and wounded an 11-year-old Palestinian child in the neck at a United Nations facility in Khan Yunis.

The occupying Israeli army announced demolition orders targeting 11 structures in the Abu Nuwar Bedouin area in the West Bank, east of occupied Jerusalem, where approximately 181 Palestinians live, more than half of whom are children. It was stated that regardless of the reason or justification for the murderous Israeli's illegal home demolition policy, it constitutes collective punishment, which is also prohibited internationally.

JANUARY 27

The Ministry of Health in Gaza reported that the murderous Israeli army carried out 18 massacres against families, killing 174 Palestinians, most of them women and children, in the Gaza Strip.

JANUARY 28

According to news agencies, many Palestinians were martyred in the attacks by the murderous Israeli army in Gaza. In a missile attack on a house belonging to the Shihada family in the Shati Refugee Camp in the west of Gaza City, 10 Palestinians, mostly women and children, were martyred and many were injured. Numerous Palestinian women and children were also killed and injured in air strikes on the Tal Al-Hawa neighborhood. In an attack on a house belonging to the Silimi family in the Zeytun neighborhood, 8 Palestinians were killed and many others were injured. At least 23 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and dozens were injured in a missile attack on a multi-story building belonging to the Al-Matwi family west of the Nusseirat Refugee Camp.

Israeli occupation forces abducted four Palestinians, including a woman, an injured child, and a former prisoner, during raids in the cities of Jenin and Kalkilya in the northern West Bank. In the town of Burqin, west of Jenin, soldiers entered a family's home and abducted Faris Muhammad Shalamish, a wounded child who had previously been shot in the chest, stomach, and hand, and had a finger severed.

While the occupation army was occupying the city of Hebron, an occupying soldier attacked a Palestinian child. The child, identified as Amir al-Jaabari, was detained by an Israeli soldier, physically assaulted, and harassed. Meanwhile, the murderous Israeli police abducted an unidentified 17-year-old Palestinian girl near the Old City of occupied Jerusalem.



JANUARY 29

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that Israeli occupation forces carried out 14 massacres against

families in the Gaza Strip, killing 215 Palestinians and wounding 300 others in the last 24 hours.

Israeli soldiers raided the town of Tuqu, southeast of Bethlehem in the occupied West Bank, and shot and killed 16-year-old Palestinian child Rani Yasser Khalaf Sha'er with live ammunition. The town council president, Taiseer Abu Mfarreh, stated that medical personnel tried to help the child but soldiers prevented them from intervening, and the child was martyred due to his injuries.





Israeli forces shot and killed 17-year-old Palestinian youth Abdulrahman Abdulrahim Suleiman Hamed in the central part of the occupied West Bank. According to a report by Defense for Children International Palestine, Abdulrahman was shot in the chest and back while watching the clashes from about 200 meters away in the town of Silwad, northeast of Ramallah.

The occupying Israeli army continued to tighten its siege around the Nasser Medical Complex and Al Amal Hospital. Due to this siege, the healthcare system's capacity to treat the wounded in particular has been crippled, including the depletion of anesthetic drugs. Critical shortages in intensive care services, bone stabilizers, and blood units have been reported.

JANUARY 30

At least 16 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and dozens were wounded when genocidal Israeli missiles struck a house in the Al-Hadaba neighborhood of Deir Al-Balah in central Gaza. The occupying Israeli Air Force also fired numerous missiles at homes and buildings in the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza.

Near Shifa Hospital in Gaza, a Palestinian child, who was trying to find a safe place to shelter from the constant bombardment, was killed when an Israeli soldier

opened fire with live ammunition. In Gaza City, Israeli missiles killed more than 20 Palestinians and wounded dozens more in two homes belonging to the Mdoukh and Al-Amarı families in the Sabra neighborhood in the south of the city. Meanwhile, numerous Palestinians were killed and dozens wounded when the army fired missiles at three homes in the Rimal neighborhood of Gaza City.

Mohammed Shahin, a child from the Tal Al Hawa neighborhood in Gaza who was driven to the Nuseyrat refugee camp, lost his entire family and was himself injured in the attacks.

Hind Rajab was a 6-year-old Palestinian girl trapped in a vehicle that came under fire from the occupying forces, resulting in the martyrdom of six Palestinians inside. Hind Rajab called the emergency hotline from Gaza City, saying she was scared and asking to be rescued. Hind begged for hours for rescue teams to reach her and evacuate her from the area surrounded by Israeli tanks. While the girl was fearfully asking for help, Red Crescent emergency aid workers stayed on the line for over three hours. As the night progressed, a psychological support specialist also joined the call to calm her down. Meanwhile, an ambulance was dispatched to reach her in Gaza City. The Red Crescent stated that the ambulance's route was coordinated with Israeli authorities and that they had received *the "green light to rescue Rajab*." However, contact was lost with both the ambulance crew and Rajab that night. Hours turned into days.

The Red Cross shared videos on social media platforms demanding information about Rajab and the ambulance crew. It took 12 days to receive a response. When the murderous Israeli tanks withdrew from the neighborhood in question in Gaza City, Palestinians went there and discovered the fate of the ambulance crew trying to rescue Rajab and the little girl. According to Maan News Agency, health workers reached Rajab hours later, and he said that while his father and four brothers were martyred, he survived and was left alone with their bodies.



The medical personnel sent to help Hind and her family also fell victim to the violence of the murderous Israeli forces. The ambulance carrying the medical personnel was bombed by the murderous Israeli forces, and two medical personnel, Yusuf al-Zeino and Ahmed al-Med-

houn, who were trying to rescue Hind, were martyred. The ambulance was burned, and the charred remains of the two crew members inside were found. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) stated that despite coordination with the Israeli army to allow the medical personnel to reach the area, Israel deliberately targeted the ambulance. This tragic incident showed how dangerous the situation is for civilians and those trying to help them, including medical personnel.

JANUARY 31

The occupying Israeli army fired artillery shells and missiles at homes and buildings around the Da'wa mosque in the *Nuseyrat* refugee camp in central Gaza and at a house in the Al-Berka area of Deir Al-Balah, killing dozens of Palestinians, including many children, and injuring many others.

The PRCS confirmed that a 72-year-old woman and a 45-day-old baby were martyred due to oxygen shortage at Al-Amal Hospital in Han Yunus, which has been under siege by the army for the past five days.

FEBRUARY 1

On the 117th day of October 7, the occupying army continued to bomb various parts of the devastated Gaza Strip. Dozens of Palestinians, including children and women, were killed and hundreds were injured. Palestinian health workers and rescue teams found the bodies of many Palestinians, including women and children, after the occupying forces fired artillery shells at homes and buildings in the western part of the city.

In the northern part of the city of Rafah, in the southern Gaza Strip, four Palestinians, including a child, were killed and many others were wounded when the occupation army fired a missile at a car.

The Palestinian Red Crescent (PRC) reported that Israeli occupation vehicles attacked the courtyards of Al-Amal Hospital for the third time at dawn, took up positions there, fired heavily at the hospital's surroundings and buildings, and then withdrew. According to the Red Crescent, the occupation forces tightened the siege on the Nasser Medical Complex for two weeks, subjecting 100 health personnel, mostly children and women, and 7,000 displaced persons to constant terror and anxiety.

FEBRUARY 2

On the 118th day of the Israeli occupation's genocide against the Palestinian people in various parts of the devastated Gaza Strip, Israeli missiles and bullets killed dozens of Palestinians and wounded many more, including women and children.

The occupying forces re-arrested a 17-year-old Palestinian boy who had been released under the ceasefire agreement at the end of November. According to Palestinian sources, the boy was taken from his home in the village of Beir Al-Basha, near Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank, and detained.





During a military raid on the village in question, the occupation forces surrounded the boy's house and ordered all family members to come out. As the family evacuated the house, the occupation forces opened fire on the boy's older brother, who remained inside. The boy's father recounted the events, saying, *"About two hours later, when the gunfire stopped, we heard the soldiers laughing and mocking us. That's when we learned that our eldest son had been killed."* The soldiers then arrested his other son. When asked the reason for the arrest, an occupying soldier replied in Arabic, *"Because you are a terrorist."* The child, who was 15 at the time, was held in custody for over a year, spending 30 days in solitary confinement, before being released as part of a ceasefire agreement on November 25, 2023.

Ayed Abu Eqtaish, Director of the Accountability Program at the Defense for Children International (DCIP), emphasized that Israel continues to target and re-prosecute children released during prisoner exchanges, stating, "*Whether in the Gaza Strip or the West Bank, there is no safe place for Palestinian children.*"

The murderous Israeli army tries 500 to 700 Palestinian children annually in military courts, without guarantees of a fair trial. Palestinian children, who are subjected to ill-treatment and torture from the moment of their arrest, suffer systematic violations of their rights despite their civilian status, which should be protected under international law .
Although international norms clearly state that civilians—especially children—cannot be tried in military courts, the murderous Israeli state continues this practice, making it the only country in the world that systematically tries children in military courts.

According to a report published by DCIP covering the years 2016–2022,
75% were subjected to physical violence,

97% were deprived of their parents or lawyers during interrogation, and two-thirds were not informed of their rights.
All of these children were tried under the Israeli military justice system, which violates the principles of independence and impartiality.



According to DCIP documents, the physical and psychological isolation of Palestinian children during interrogation corresponds to the practice of *"solitary confinement,"* which is defined as torture or inhuman treatment under international law. This policy of isolation targeting children in Israel's military detention system is mostly used to extract confessions or gather intelligence. DCIP has found no evidence that this practice can be justified on grounds of discipline, security, or health. Solitary confinement is almost exclusively applied during the detention phase, when children have not yet been charged or brought before a court.

Israeli occupation forces occupied the Ein Al-Sultan Refugee Camp, northwest of Jericho in the Jordan Valley. During the operation, three Palestinians, including a child and an injured youth, were detained, and a civilian vehicle was confiscated. Among those abducted was 17-year-old Murad Mushasha, who was injured in the hand and head prior to his arrest. Local media sources reported that the occupying forces raided a residential building in the camp, physically assaulting two Palestinian women and a girl during the raid. As part of the same operation, the army also detained two young men, Muhammad Omar Abu Dan and Muhammad Al-Sarfandive, and confiscated their vehicle.

In addition, near the village of Susiya, located in the Masafer Yatta area south of Hebron, armed settlers attacked two 15-year-old Palestinian children, causing serious bruising . Local sources reported that the attackers also stole two horses belonging to local residents after the incident.

These incidents once again highlight the increasing attacks by Israeli settlers against Palestinian civilians, especially children, in the occupied territories. Palestinian children are at serious physical and psychological risk from both military operations and settler violence.

FEBRUARY 3

On this date, the 120th day since the October 7 attacks launched by the murderous Israeli state, intense bombardments continued in various parts of Gaza. The city of Rafah, declared a "*safe* zone" and sheltering more than a million Palestinians, was targeted by Israeli airstrikes. An air strike on an apartment in the Hassan Salama Tower in the Al-Geneina neighborhood in eastern Rafah killed one child and wounded two civilians. According to eyewitnesses, Israeli warplanes continued to bomb different areas of the Gaza Strip throughout the day and night. Dozens of Palestinians were killed and hundreds were wounded in these attacks.



The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the Israeli army carried out 13 separate massacres targeting families in Gaza in less than 24 hours, killing 112 people and injuring 148.

Since October 7, 2023, 27,131 Palestinians, mostly women and children, have been killed in the attacks, more than 66,000 have been injured, and more than 8,000 people trapped under the rubble are still missing.

FEBRUARY 4

The Wafa News Agency reported that two girls were killed and dozens injured in an airstrike carried out by genocidal Israel on the Al-Geneina neighborhood in eastern Rafah. In another attack on an apartment building in the same neighborhood, one child was killed and two people were injured.

In the Al-Hakar area of Deir Al-Balah city in central Gaza, seven Palestinians, including children, were martyred in an airstrike on the home of the Abu Safar family. In addition, numerous air and artillery strikes were carried out on the city of Khan Yunis throughout the night.

It was documented once again that Israeli occupation forces systematically use military dogs to attack civilians. On the morning of February 4, during an arrest operation in the Balata Refugee Camp near Nablus, a military dog attacked a

four-year-old child named Ibrahim Hashash. According to the incident documented by the Defense for Children International – Palestine (DCIP), after the dog was released into the house, it knocked Ibrahim out of his mother's arms and attacked him. The dog bit the child's lower body repeatedly, causing serious blood . The attack lasted about three minutes until soldiers entered the apartment and removed the dog. Ibrahim was taken to Rafidia Hospital for treatment.



DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish said of the incident, *"Israeli forces systematically disregard the lives and safety of Palestinian children. In this military regime where impunity has become the norm, children like Ibrahim are increasingly being targeted*." Ibrahim's mother also described the incident*: "The dog was making horrible noises as it bit Ibrahim. My son was screaming and crying as blood gushed from his body. No matter what I* did, I *couldn't get the dog off him*." This incident demonstrates that Israeli forces continue to use excessive and disproportionate force against civilians, including children, during military raids on Palestinian cities and towns.

FEBRUARY 5

The occupying Israeli army intensified its bombardment of different areas of the Gaza Strip. As a result of the attacks, many Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and dozens were injured. Occupying forces also continued their raids in the northern and southern parts of the West Bank. Seven Palestinians, including a child, were detained in operations carried out near Jenin, Nablus, and Hebron. In addition, a young man was seriously wounded by live ammunition fired by Israeli soldiers near the city of Tulkarm.

These incidents once again reveal the systematic violation of the right to life of civilians, especially children, in the occupied territories, both in Gaza and the West Bank.

In the evening, Israeli occupation forces raided the town of Sorra near the city of



Nablus in the northern West Bank. Soldiers used military dogs during house searches. During this time, one of the dogs attacked a child, causing him to be injured.

In the city of Ramallah, located in the center of the West Bank, occupation forces also entered the town of Silwad, east of the city. Soldiers raided numerous homes, destroying and looting property inside. During the operation, a 17-year-old child named Ma'moun Mahmud Hamed was detained. Two other children, 17-year-old Ayham Yasser Hammad and 16-year-old Raed Anwar Hammad, were also arrested in the same area; these two children were released a few hours later.

In eastern Jerusalem, early in the morning, the occupation forces shot and killed a 14-year-old Palestinian boy named Wadea Shadi Sa'd Elayan. According to Palestinian sources, the incident took place near the illegal Israeli settlement of Ma'ale Adumim in the occupied West Bank. According to eyewitnesses, Wadea ran about five meters before falling to the ground after being shot; then a killer soldier fired a second time. After killing Wadea, the occupation forces seized his body and did not return it to his family.

On the same day, Israeli intelligence officers summoned Wadea's father to the Rachel Dome checkpoint and informed him that his son had been killed. However, his father was not allowed to see or identify the body. Wadea's body was held under Israeli military supervision.

DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish said of the incident, *"While Israeli authorities continue to seize the bodies of children and keep them away from their families indefinitely, Palestinian children cannot even find peace in death."*

According to data from Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), 96 Palestinian children have been killed in the occupied West Bank since the Israeli army launched *its "Operation Iron Sword"* on October 7, 2023. **Since the beginning of**

2024, 15 Palestinian children have been killed by Israeli forces and settlers.



Under international law, the use of lethal force is only considered legitimate if there is a direct threat to life or a risk of serious injury. However, field investigations regularly conducted by DCIP and the evidence it has documented show that Israeli forces have used disproportionate force in most cases, amounting to extrajudicial executions. These cases reveal once again that the right to life of Palestinian children is being systematically violated and that the perpetrators often go unpunished.

According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), Israeli occupation forces have withheld the bodies of at least 28 Palestinian children since June 2016. During this period, only three children's bodies were returned to their families; the bodies of the remaining 25 Palestinian children are still being held by Israeli authorities. Israel's practice of seizing and withholding Palestinian bodies constitutes cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment, which is prohibited under international humanitarian law and international human rights law. International humanitarian law requires parties to armed conflict to properly bury the bodies of the deceased. Despite this obligation, the practices of the murderous Israeli regime constitute collective punishment, particularly for the families, and are contrary to fundamental human values.

In September 2019, despite various legal challenges to this policy, the Israeli Supreme Court approved the practice of withholding Palestinian bodies. Subsequently, on November 27, 2019, then-Defense Minister Naftali Bennett ordered that the bodies of all Palestinians accused of attacking Israeli citizens or soldiers not be returned to their families. The legal organization Adalah reported that Israel is the only country in the world that has made the systematic withholding of dead bodies a state policy. This policy causes not only the children who have lost their lives but also their families to suffer long-term psychological trauma.

FEBRUARY 6

Israel's attacks on the Gaza Strip continued on their 123rd day. Numerous Palestinians, mostly women and children, were killed or wounded in air and ground attacks carried out in different parts of the devastated city. Media sources reported that the murderous Israeli army targeted residential areas in the Sabra and Zeitoun neighborhoods of Gaza City. At least ten Palestinians were killed in these attacks, while dozens of others, including women and children, were injured. In addition, Israeli warplanes struck a house in the Tal Al-Hawa neighborhood with a missile. Five Palestinians, mostly women and children, were killed in the attack, and fifteen others were injured.



These events demonstrate that civilians, especially children, continue to be targeted in the Gaza Strip, and that the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, namely the protection of civilians and the rules on proportional use of force, are being systematically violated .

FEBRUARY 7

The murderous Israeli army's attacks targeting civilian residential areas in the Gaza Strip continued on February 7, 2024. Dozens of Palestinians, mostly women and children, were killed and many more were injured in air and ground bombardments carried out throughout the day.

In the city of Rafah, murderous Israeli missiles targeted a house, killing a woman and her child. Then, in missile attacks on two different houses in the western part of the city, 14 Palestinians, including 5 children, were martyred and many civilians were injured. In another attack in the Zohour neighborhood of Rafah, it was reported that 12 Palestinians were killed and many more were injured within a few hours. In northern Gaza, warplanes belonging to the occupying army targeted the home of the Ash-Shanti family east of the Jabalia Refugee Camp. Dr. Taha Al-Shanti, Director General of Special Medicine at the Gaza Ministry of Health, was killed in the attack. At least ten members of the same family were injured, most of them women and children. According to a statement by the Palestinian Ministry of Health, the Israeli army carried out 16 separate massacres across the Gaza Strip in less than

24 hours. In these attacks, 123 Palestinians were killed and 169 were injured. The injured include many children and women.



These figures show that the Israeli army's operations in Gaza are being carried out without regard for civilian targets and that the obligation to protect civilians, one of the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, is being systematically violated.

FEBRUARY 8

The genocidal Israeli air force launched missile strikes on numerous homes in various parts of Gaza, particularly in the Rimal, Sabra, and Zeitoun neighborhoods. As a result of the attacks, numerous Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and injured. In the city of Rafah, located in the southern Gaza Strip, the Israeli army targeted homes belonging to the Fahjan and Al-Mughayyir families in the Tal Al area. At least 14 Palestinians, including five children, were killed in these attacks, and many civilians were injured.

In the center of Gaza, the bodies of 15 Palestinians, including children, were recovered from the rubble of homes bombed in the last 24 hours and transported to Al-Aqsa Hospital . Additionally, in another missile attack on two homes in the center of Rafah, seven Palestinians, including three children, were killed, and many others were injured.

The Israeli forces' constant physical and psychological harassment of Palestinian children not only causes immediate injuries but also leaves deep and lasting trauma. These traumatic experiences cause feelings of constant fear, anxiety, and insecurity to take root in children's lives. Palestinian children, growing up under constant threat of violence, are deprived of their right to play, learn, and develop healthily. This situation is not only a clear violation of international children's rights law; it also means that their rights to healthy growth, education, and a safe life are systematically taken away. The ongoing pressure, violence, and uncertainty in the occupied territories undermine children's psychological balance and cause

lasting damage to their emotional, mental, and social development. These harsh conditions deeply affect not only today's children but also the future Palestinian generation, leading to a generation growing up with war trauma.

FEBRUARY 9

The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that the Israeli occupation army carried out 15 separate massacres in the last 24 hours. In these attacks, 130 Palestinians were martyred and 170 people were injured, the majority of whom were children and women. As the Israeli army's attacks on the devastated Gaza Strip entered their 126th day, rockets and artillery shells intensively targeted civilians throughout the city. Dozens of Palestinians, including many children and women, were killed in the attacks, and dozens more were wounded in coastal areas.





In Gaza City, at least three Palestinians were killed and one was seriously injured when the Israeli army targeted civilians trying to leave Shifa Hospital.

Medical sources reported that the army fired a missile at a residence near Kuwait Hospital in western Rafah, killing five Palestinians, including three children, and injuring many civilians. In another incident on the same day, Palestinian child Lana Shmoukhi said she lost her mother, father, and only brother when the Israeli army fired a missile at her parents' home, while her three sisters were injured. In addition, the army targeted a kindergarten in the Zawaida area in central Gaza, where displaced families were sheltering, killing many Palestinians, including four children and women, and injuring many civilians. These attacks demonstrate that the actions of Is-

raeli forces against civilians are incompatible with the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, particularly the systematic violation of the obligations of non-discrimination, proportionality, and civilian protection.

The murderous Israeli forces shot and killed 16-year-old Palestinian child Moath Ashraf Faleh Bani Shamsa in the northern occupied West Bank. According to Palestinian defense sources, the incident occurred near the village of Beita, southeast of Nablus. Moath was shot in the back by Israeli soldiers while standing in front of his home. Eyewitnesses reported that the child threw several stones at military vehicles traveling on the road near his home. The vehicle then suddenly stopped and quickly reversed. As Moath tried to flee, a soldier opened the rear door of the vehicle and fired from a distance of approximately 50 meters. The bullet struck the child in the upper right side of his back. Moath was taken by ambulance to Rafidia Hospital in Nablus, where he was martyred despite all efforts to save him.



DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish said of the incident, *"Israeli forces systematically shoot Palestinian children in the back as they flee, posing no direct threat to the lives of soldiers. Children like Moath grow up in communities where nowhere is safe and military attacks go unpunished."*

FEBRUARY 10

The Israeli army's attacks on the Gaza Strip continued on their 127th day. Rockets and artillery shells killed dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, and wounded many civilians. Israeli Prime Minister Binyamin Netanyahu approved a comprehensive ground operation targeting the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip. On the same day, Israeli air forces targeted various areas of Rafah. At least 22 Palestinians, most of them children, were killed in three airstrikes carried out in the early hours. One of these strikes targeted the home of the Ghannam family in the Al-Jneina neighborhood, killing six children. At least 10 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed when the home of the Az-Zarabi family in northern Rafah was targeted. In addition, a woman was killed and many civilians, including

children, were wounded in a missile strike on a house in the central Gaza Strip city of Deir Al-Balah.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the Israeli army carried out massacres against Palestinian families in the last 24 hours, killing 117 Palestinians and injuring 152, and that at least 28 displaced Palestinians were killed in Rafah alone. These attacks demonstrate that Israeli forces are targeting civilian residential areas, seriously violating the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, namely proportionality, non-discrimination, and the obligation to protect civilians.

The lifeless body of 6-year-old Palestinian child Hind Rajab was found by Palestinian rescue teams in the Tel El-Hawa area in the southwest of Gaza City.

Hind's body was found in a vehicle that had been fired upon by the Israeli occupation army 12 days earlier, along with the bodies of other members of her family. In the same attack, Hind's uncle, Bashar Hamada, his wife, and their three children—11-year-old Muhammad, 14-year-old Lian, and 13-year-old Raghad—were killed at the scene. The ambulance sent by the PRCS to reach the vehicle was bombed and directly targeted by the occupying forces, despite prior coordination with the murderous Israeli army through the Red Cross. Twelve days later, the bodies of both Hind and the missing medical personnel were recovered.

This tragic incident is a striking example of the disproportionate use of force against civilians and the systematic violation of children's right to life. Furthermore, targeting medical personnel, who have inviolable status under international humanitarian law, clearly constitutes a war crime.

FEBRUARY 11

In the early hours, the Israeli occupation army continued its attacks on Palestinians in different parts of the heavily devastated Gaza Strip. As a result of the attacks, dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many were injured. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the Israeli army had carried out 16 separate massacres against Palestinian families in the last 24 hours. In these attacks, 123 Palestinians were killed and 169 were injured, most of whom were women and children. In addition, in the city of Rafah, eight Palestinians, including women and children, were killed when the army targeted the home of the Ghannam family.



These attacks demonstrate that the murderous Israeli army continues to target areas with dense civilian populations and systematically violates international humanitarian law provisions on the protection of civilians.

On the same day, the murderous Israeli forces shot and killed 17-year-old Palestinian-American child Muhammad Ahmed Muhammad Khdour in the northwest of the occupied West Bank. According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), the incident took place west of the town of Biddu, near Kattana, northwest of Jerusalem. Occupation forces opened fire on a vehicle parked in a wooded area. Muhammad Khdour and a relative were in the vehicle. The bullet struck Muhammad in the head; the vehicle overturned while attempting to reach a safe location. Muhammad was taken by ambulance to the Palestinian Medical Complex in Ramallah, where he died.

DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish *said of the incident, "Decades of impunity have granted Israeli forces almost unlimited authority to use lethal force. As Palestinian children in the West Bank increasingly become targets, Israel's rules of engagement have come to legitimize the use of lethal force even in situations where there is no real threat."*

According to DCIP's current data, 98 Palestinian children have been killed in the West Bank since the genocidal Israeli army launched its "Operation Iron Sword" on October 7, 2023. A significant portion of these children lost their lives as a result of extrajudicial killings, without posing any direct threat. Under international law, the intentional use of lethal force is only considered legitimate when there is an immediate threat to life or risk of serious injury. However, DCIP's ongoing investigations reveal that Israeli forces systematically violate this principle and intentionally use lethal force against Palestinian children.

Four-year-old Musab Abu Asr was admitted to Al-Ahli Arab Hospital on February 3, but was transferred to Kamal Adwan Hospital when the intensive care unit was shut down due to a power outage. His health deteriorated and he lost weight, dying on February 11. Musab's mother said, "*My son Musab was our first child. He was a bright and intelligent child in kindergarten. All his teachers praised him. He was sociable and played with his classmates. He loved riding his bike. He loved strawberries and bananas. He was the joy of my heart."*

FEBRUARY 12

Israeli occupation forces shot and killed 15-year-old Palestinian boy Muhammad Tarik Salim Abu Sneineh in East Jerusalem and confiscated his body the next day. According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), the incident took place near Al-Wad Street in Jerusalem's Old City. Israeli border police officers opened fire on Muhammad. While an Israeli ambulance that arrived at the scene provided medical treatment to an Israeli who was slightly injured, Muhammad lay on the ground bleeding for about 10 minutes without receiving any first aid. Muhammad's body was then taken by an Israeli ambulance to an unknown location and has not yet been returned.

Israeli intelligence units contacted Muhammad's father and summoned him for questioning at the illegal settlement of Ma'ale Adumim. After four hours of questioning, his father was released without receiving any information about his son's condition. The next morning, the family was unsure whether their son was alive or dead. Initially, they received conflicting information that Muhammad was at Hadassah Hospital in Al-Issawiya, East Jerusalem, and that he was to be tried in absentia at the Ofer Military Court. However, later that day, Israeli police officially announced that Muhammad had died.

That same evening, the police called Muhammad's father again and summoned him to the Kalandia Military Checkpoint. There, his father was taken to the Al-Mascobiya interrogation center and told that his son had been killed. Officials showed him photographs of Muhammad with multiple bullet wounds to his forehead and face. The father learned that his son's body had been confiscated and that he would have to initiate legal proceedings through the Israeli Ministry of Defense to have it returned.

According to DCIP data, genocidal Israeli forces have withheld the bodies of at least 31 Palestinian children since June 2016. During this period, only four children's bodies were returned to their families; the bodies of the remaining 27 children are still in the hands of Israeli authorities. The policy of seizing Palestinian bodies violates absolute prohibitions under international humanitarian law and international human rights law. This practice constitutes cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment; it also amounts to collective punishment targeting families.



From the early hours of the morning, the Israeli occupation army launched large-scale attacks on the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip. As a result of missiles and artillery fire, approximately 100 Palestinians were killed and at least 300 were wounded; the majority of the wounded were women and children. In a missile attack on a tent camp housing displaced families in Rafah, many Palestinians, including numerous children, were killed and others were seriously injured. These attacks clearly violate both the obligation to protect civilians and the principles of proportionality and non-discrimination under international humanitarian law.

Illegal Israeli settlers shot two Palestinians, one of them a child, in the village of Asira al-Qibliya, southwest of Nablus in the northern occupied West Bank, and burned a vehicle and a citizen's home. Media sources said Israeli settlers from the illegal "Yitzhar" colony invaded the village and shot a young man and a child with live ammunition. The settlers shot a 20-year-old Palestinian man in the stomach and a 16-year-old child in the hand with live ammunition; both were transferred to the hospital.

FEBRUARY 13

Israeli occupation missiles in Khan Yunis killed two Palestinians, one of them a child, and wounded dozens. Medical sources reported that soldiers fatally shot the Palestinian child near the main gate of Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunus. Sources added that another child, who was taken to the Nasser Medical Center in Khan Yunis, died after the hospital's electric generators stopped working due to the occupation forces' continuous attacks and siege, which led to a fuel shortage.

In Deir Al-Balah, in the center of Gaza, Israeli occupation missiles killed more than fifteen people, including children, in the eastern part of the city and wounded dozens.

FEBRUARY 14

Journalist Mutaz Al-Ghafari was martyred along with his wife and child in an Israeli occupation airstrike on the Al-Sheikh Radwan area of Gaza. On the same day, writer and journalist Ayman Al-Rafati was also martyred in a bombardment targeting the Al-Jalaa area of Gaza City. With these deaths, the number of journalists martyred by the murderous Israeli regime since October 7 has risen to 125. Many press organizations, including the National Union of Journalists in the UK, have called for an end to Israel's deliberate targeting of journalists.

Medical sources reported that nine Palestinians, including children and women, were martyred in two raids carried out by occupation aircraft targeting homes in the Al-Zaytoun neighborhood in southeastern Gaza and Tal Al-Hawa in the southwest.

On the 131st day of the ongoing genocide against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, occupation missiles and bullets killed at least 103 Palestinians. They wounded more than 291 people, including many women and children.

The town of Hizma, located northeast of occupied Jerusalem, was invaded by occupation forces before dawn. During the raid, soldiers targeted the area with heavy use of sound bombs and live ammunition. During this operation, 13-year-old Palestinian child Taim William Rizq was detained by occupation soldiers following a raid on his family's home.

In the northwestern part of the West Bank, occupation forces shot and killed a Palestinian youth in the city of Kalkilia and abducted another youth. They also seriously injured a child in the town of Azzun, east of the city. Media sources reported that occupation soldiers fired live ammunition at a child near the cemetery neighborhood, seriously injuring him by shooting him in the neck.

Little Anwar, one of at least several dozen Palestinian children who died in 2024 in the Gaza Strip due to malnutrition and dehydration, died on February 14 at Kamal Adwan Hospital due to malnutrition.The mother of three-month-old Anwar Al-Khudari, who lived in Al-Shujaiya in eastern Gaza City, told DCIP Palestine, *"There was no formula due to Israel's blockade, and I had no milk in my breasts due to malnutrition and the blocking of aid. My son cried all night from hunger. His fever spiked, and he started having convulsions. He passed away four days later."*

FEBRUARY 15

The Israeli occupation army targeted Nasir Hospital in the city of Khan Yunis, located in the southern coastal region of the Gaza Strip. Simultaneously, it launched missile and artillery attacks on homes and civilian areas in other densely populated areas. Dozens of Palestinians, including many children, were killed in these attacks, and dozens more were wounded. In central Gaza, missiles belonging to the occupation army hit the home of the Noweijeh family west of the Nusseirat Refugee Camp, killing 15 Palestinians, including children, and injuring many others. On the same day, seven Palestinians, including children, were killed when two civilian vehicles were targeted in Gaza.



Occupation forces abducted four Palestinians, including a child and a former prisoner, in the northern and northeastern regions of the West Bank, particularly around Nablus and Jericho. These incidents once again revealed the continued practice of arbitrary arrests and forced detentions of civilians in the occupied West Bank.

FEBRUARY 16

The Israeli occupation army continued its bombardment of the devastated Gaza Strip. The attacks targeted numerous civilian infrastructure, including medical facilities. Dozens of Palestinians were martyred and hundreds were wounded, including many women and children. In the afternoon, ten Palestinians, including four children, were killed when the occupation army fired a missile at a house in the Nusseirat Refugee Camp. The neighborhoods of Sheikh Ajlin, Sabra, and Zeitoun in western Gaza were also targeted with intense missile and artillery fire; numerous civilians were killed and wounded in these areas as well. In addition, at least three Palestinians were killed and many others were seriously injured in a missile attack on a vehicle in Gaza.



The southern city of Khan Yunis and its surroundings were also heavily bombed; it was reported that many civilians, including women and children, were killed in these attacks. The bombing of hospitals, in particular, is defined as a war crime under international humanitarian law.

The Nasser Medical Center in Khan Yunis, in the southern Gaza Strip, became the center of a catastrophic humanitarian crisis following direct attacks by the Israeli occupation army. After the attacks, the hospital became not only a health facility but also a shelter and temporary accommodation. It was reported that 95 healthcare workers, 11 family members, 191 pa-



tients, 165 relatives of patients, and dozens of displaced civilians were inside the facility.

It was reported that civilians sheltering in the hospital were struggling to survive under harsh conditions due to lack of access to clean water, food and milk shortages, fuel shortages, and depletion of medical supplies. It was stated that fuel for the hospital's generators had critically depleted, directly threatening the lives of six patients in the intensive care unit, three premature babies in the incubator center, and twenty babies awaiting surgery. The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that Nasser Hospital has been bombed repeatedly and is still under siege. The ministry also stated that the generators have completely stopped due to fuel shortages, resulting in the deaths of four people.

The deliberate targeting of hospitals, health workers, and the wounded is a clear violation of international humanitarian law and constitutes a war crime under the Geneva Conventions.

The occupying army subjected different areas of the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip to intense bombardment. Dozens of Palestinians were killed by missiles and artillery shells, including many women and children. The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that Israeli forces carried out nine separate massacres in the last 24 hours, killing 87 Palestinians and injuring 104. It was noted that most of the martyrs were women and children.

FEBRUARY 17

The genocidal Israeli air force targeted residential areas in the neighborhoods of Sheikh Radwan, Al-Nasr, Al-Zeitoun, Al-Rimal, and Al-Sabra. At least 10 Palestinians were killed in these attacks, and many more were injured. As a result of the ongoing attacks, the total number of martyrs since October 7, 2023, has reached 28,858, the majority of whom were women and children. On the same day, in the Masafer Yatta area of the city of Hebron in the southern West Bank, armed Israeli settlers attacked Palestinian children in the village of El Mufaqara.

FEBRUARY 18

The Israeli occupation army continued to bomb different areas of the Gaza Strip throughout the night. At least 100 Palestinians, mostly women and children, were killed in the attacks, and dozens were injured. In the Khirbat Al-Adas area north of Rafah, a missile struck a shelter housing displaced families. Seven Palestinians, including three children and one woman, were killed in the attack.



In northern Gaza, five Palestinians, including children, were killed and many more were injured in the murderous Israeli bombing of Beit Hanoun and Beit Lahia. In addition, in central Gaza, occupation missiles and artillery shells hit numerous homes and buildings in Nusseirat, Zawaida, and Deir Al-Balah, killing at least 70 Palestinians, most of them women and children, and injuring dozens more.

Meanwhile, in the southern West Bank, armed paramilitary settlers attacked Palestinian children in the village of Al-Mufaqara in Masafer Yatta, south of Hebron. Media sources reported that armed illegal settlers threw stones at Palestinian shepherds, injuring a child and several animals. It was added that the settlers also attacked another child, causing various bruises.

FEBRUARY 19

The occupation army continued to fire missiles and bullets at various locations in the Gaza coastal area. It killed and wounded dozens of people, including women and children. It expanded its attack on Khan Yunis in the southern part of the coastal area.



The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the Israeli army carried out 13 massacres against Palestinian families in the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, killing 127 people, mostly women, children, and the elderly, and wounding 205 others.

Palestinian medical sources reported that the occupying army fired a missile at a house

in the western part of the Nusseirat refugee camp in central Gaza, killing at least three Palestinians and injuring many others, including women and children.

In northern Gaza, five Palestinians, including children, were killed and many others were injured as a result of the genocidal Israeli bombing of Beit Hanoun and Beit Lahia. In addition, in central Gaza, killer Israeli missiles and artillery shells hit numerous houses and buildings in Nusseirat, Zawaide, and Deir Al-Balah, killing at least seventy Palestinians, most of them women and children, and injuring dozens more.

FEBRUARY 20

On the 137th day of Israeli attacks on the Gaza Strip, the occupation army's missiles and artillery shells killed dozens of Palestinians and wounded many women and children. The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the army carried out nine separate massacres in the last 24 hours, killing 107 Palestinians and injuring 145. Most of the injured were children and women. On the same day, a new settler attack took place in the Masafer Yatta area in the southern West Bank.

Armed and illegal Israeli settlers near the villages of Al-Jawaya and Tuwani attacked a Palestinian shepherd family and their flock of sheep. According to witnesses, the attackers set their dogs on the flock, injured three people, and shot a child with a firearm. Since October 7, 2023, such violent incidents have become increasingly common in the South Hebron Hills.

The fact that most of the attackers wore military uniforms made it difficult to distinguish them from official army personnel, while the failure of Israeli soldiers and police to intervene created the impression that these individuals were effectively being protected. It was revealed that settlers targeted the livelihoods of Palestinians, attacking livestock, destroying cultivated fields, and attempting to intimidate village residents, including children, with physical violence and threats. It was stated that these systematic acts of pressure and intimidation led to the complete evacuation of some villages and displacement.

FEBRUARY 21

On the 138th day of attacks on the Gaza Strip, the Israeli occupation army continued to target civilian areas. Rockets and artillery shells killed dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, and wounded hundreds more.



The Zeitoun neighborhood in the southeast of Gaza City was one of the main targets of the attacks. The Israeli army fired numerous missiles and artillery shells at residential blocks in this area; many people were killed under the rubble of their homes. In addition to the deaths of many civilians, including women and children, ambulances operating in the area were also attacked. According to witnesses, the occupying army bombed the home of journalist Ehab Nasrallah in the Zeitoun neighborhood, killing Nasrallah and his wife and seriously injuring their three children. It was reported that the children were taken to the hospital with severe burns following the attack.

This incident once again demonstrates that the Israeli army targets both civilians and members of the press, violating the provisions of international humanitarian law regarding the protection of civilians and freedom of the press.

The Palestinian Prisoners' Committee and the Palestinian Prisoners' Society (PPS) announced that Israeli occupation forces had abducted at least 32 Palestinians, including children, in recent operations carried out in various parts of the West Bank. Among those arrested were six children: Ayyoub Muhammed Barghouthi (13), Odai Thabet Barghouthi (13), Abdullah Thabet Barghouthi (16), Adel Dia' Barghouthi (13), Abdul-Majid Na'el Barghouthi (13), and Muhammed Cibril Barghouthi (13). These cases reveal that the Israeli forces' practice of mass and arbitrary detention of children has become systematic.

Since October 7, 2023, Israeli occupation forces have forcibly detained more than 7,120 Palestinians. Most of these individuals were forcibly taken from their homes during night raids, while some were caught at sudden checkpoints or roadblocks. The occupation forces resorted to blackmail by taking family members, mothers, fathers, and close relatives of detainees hostage to pressure them to surrender. As a result of this pressure, many Palestinians were forced to surrender against their will to prevent harm to their families. These practices clearly constitute collective punishment, arbitrary deprivation of liberty, and inhumane treatment under international human rights law and the Geneva Conventions.

In the Gaza Strip, following 137 days of attacks, the Israeli army abducted hundreds of Palestinians whose fate remains unknown, despite calls from the Red Cross and international human rights organizations. No information has been found regarding where these individuals are being held, their living conditions, or whether they are alive. The Ad-Dameer Prisoners' Support and Human Rights Association stated that Israel has detained at least 9,000 Palestinians without charging them or conducting any court proceedings, including 70 women, 200 children, and 3,484 individuals held under administrative detention orders.

While administrative detention is only permissible under international law as a temporary measure in cases of urgent security threats, Israel has turned this method into a systematic policy of punishment. This constitutes a serious violation of the prohibition of arbitrary detention and the right to a fair trial.

FEBRUARY 22

On the morning of the 39th day of the genocide carried out by the occupying Israeli forces against the Palestinian people, the occupying army bombed many areas of the devastated Gaza coastal region. Dozens of Palestinians, including children, were killed and wounded. In central Gaza, the occupying army fired a missile at a room in an agricultural field where Palestinian families were seeking shelter, killing four Palestinians, three of them children, in the city of Deir Al-Balah before they could be taken to Al-Aqsa Hospital. The occupation army killed more than fifty Palestinians, including many children and women, in the central Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours.



Israeli occupation forces carried out a large-scale raid on the town of Sincil, north of Ramallah, during the night. Soldiers forcibly entered homes, looted belongings, and then detained three Palestinians. Local sources reported that those detained included 10-year-old Omar Najeh Masalma, 10-year-old Danial Yousef Asfour, and Omar's uncle, Mohammad Rezeq Masalma. It was reported that the children were forcibly taken without any legal justification and without their families' knowledge. This incident demonstrates that Israeli forces continue to carry

out arbitrary arrests, detentions, and home raids targeting children in the occupied territories.

The raid on Sincil also constitutes a violation of international law in terms of the violation of civilians' private lives and the deliberate violation of property rights.

In the town of Azzun, located in the northern West Bank, 15-year-old Fadi Said Kamel Suleiman was shot in the back and killed by Israeli soldiers. According to witness statements and Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) sources, the incident occurred while Fadi was on the roof of the PRCS building. Allegedly, Fadi threw a stone at an armored military vehicle nearby; in response, a killer Israeli soldier standing near the vehicle opened fire from a distance of approximately 150 meters, shooting Fadi in the back.

After the shooting, the occupation soldiers surrounded the PRCS building, preventing medical teams from reaching the wounded child. Fadi suffered severe blood loss for about 30 minutes and did not receive medical assistance during that time. After the soldiers withdrew from the area, PRCS teams transferred Fadi first to Azzun Government Hospital and then to Dervish Nazal Government Hospital in Kalkilya. However, despite all efforts, Fadi was pronounced dead.

This incident provides strong evidence that Israeli forces deliberately used lethal force against children and consciously prevented access to medical assistance. The attack constitutes a grave violation of the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, particularly those concerning the protection of civilians, the prohibition of disproportionate force, and the inviolability of health workers.

DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish stated that Israeli occupation forces routinely target Palestinian children and, in most cases, prevent medical teams from reaching the wounded. Eqtaish said, "*Palestinian children are increasingly being targeted in the West Bank. The Israeli forces' rules of engagement legitimize the use of lethal force even in the absence of any real threat, paving the way for children to be directly targeted.*"

According to data collected by DCIP, 101 Palestinian children have been killed in the occupied West Bank since October 7, 2023, when the Israeli army launched its "Iron Sword" attack on the Gaza Strip.

FEBRUARY 23

Said Raed Said Jaradat, a 16-year-old Palestinian child, was killed in an attack carried out by Israeli occupation forces using an unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) in the Jenin Refugee Camp. According to DCIP documents, the attack took place on the night of February 22 when Said was in an area of the camp densely populated with civilians, and was carried out by a missile fired from an Israeli occupation UAV. DCIP Accountability Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish commented on the incident, stating, *"By conducting airstrikes in densely populated civilian areas such as the Jenin Refugee Camp, Israeli forces are disregarding the lives of Palestinian children. Children like Said are growing up in communities where the Israeli military regularly conducts military operations and nowhere is safe."*

At least five other Palestinian children were injured in the same attack. Such airstrikes in densely populated residential areas are considered disproportionate use of force, which is explicitly prohibited under international humanitarian law.On the same day, Israeli occupation forces forcibly detained 16 Palestinians near Ramallah. Among those detained were two women and two children. In addition to this operation, the occupation army also raided the town of Al-'Isawiya in northeast Jerusalem. According to local sources, during the raid, occupation soldiers physically assaulted and forcibly abducted two children named Emir Majdi Mustafa and Marwan Haitham Mustafa.

These actions against the children are a clear violation of their rights to liberty, security, and protection from ill-treatment, as guaranteed by Article 37 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.

FEBRUARY 24

Israeli occupation forces opened fire on a Palestinian child in eastern Kalkilya. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) reported that ambulance crews transported the child, who was wounded by live ammunition in the leg, to the hospital. The incident once again highlighted the occupation forces' continued use of lethal force against children and the normalization of arbitrary acts of violence.



Occupation forces forcibly detained two Palestinians, one a former prisoner and the

other a journalist, near the city of Tulkarem in the northwest of the West Bank. In addition, eleven Palestinians, including a child, were detained during operations in Jerusalem, Bethlehem, and Hebron. These incidents demonstrate the systematic violation of fundamental human rights, such as freedom of expression, personal security, and the right to liberty, by Israeli forces.

During the night, the Israeli occupation army fired missiles at the home of the Abu Z'eitar family in the Bishara neighborhood of Deir Al-Balah. At least 24 Palestinians, mostly women and children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured. In addition, the occupation forces targeted a house in the Yibna Refugee Camp in the center of Rafah; many Palestinians, including children, were injured in this attack. Numerous people, including women and children, were killed in missile attacks on the town of Zawaida in central Gaza. In addition, six Palestinian children were injured when a shell hit a house in the Al-Boreij Refugee Camp; some of the injured were reported to be in critical condition. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that at least 97 Palestinians were killed and 132 wounded in attacks carried out by the occupying army in the last 24 hours. The vast majority of those killed were women and children.

The Israeli occupation forces have killed at least 29,514 Palestinians and wounded more than 69,616 across the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023. These figures demonstrate that the destruction in the region has reached genocidal proportions. Over 90% of Gaza's population has been forced to flee to the southern areas due to ongoing bombardment. However, clean water, food, and medical supplies are almost completely depleted in these areas. Famine, disease, and lack of shelter have become a deadly threat to civilians, especially children. The occupying army has also subjected areas east of Rafah, the last refuge for hundreds of thousands of civilians fleeing from the north and Gaza City, to intense artillery and air strikes.

Philippe Lazzarini, Commissioner of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), stated that the number of Palestinian children, journalists, health workers, and UN personnel killed in the Gaza Strip over the past four months is higher than in all other war zones around the world. This statement reveals that the conflict in Gaza has turned into an unprecedented humanitarian disaster. Palestinian Ministry of Health Spokesperson Dr. Ashraf Al-Qidra reported that 350,000 patients, 60,000 pregnant women, and 700,000 children in the Gaza Strip are experiencing serious health problems and complications due to lack of medicine, water, and nutrition. Al-Qidra emphasized that these systematic violations and crimes committed by the occupying Israeli forces against patients,

children, women, and the elderly are part of the genocidal policy being pursued against the Palestinian people in the devastated coastal region.

FEBRUARY 26

On the 142nd day of the attacks carried out by the murderous Israeli state on the Gaza Strip, the occupying army continued to bomb residential areas, homes, and public buildings in various parts of the coastal region. In these attacks, dozens of Palestinians, including many women and children, were martyred, while hundreds of civilians were injured. Following intense bombardment of the Sater area in eastern Khan Yunis, Palestinian Civil Defense teams recovered the bodies of eight Palestinians, including children. At the same time, during the partial withdrawal of the occupying forces from the Nasir Medical Center, which had been under siege for days, many people, including patients, health workers, and children inside the hospital, were killed or seriously injured.

During this period, Nasser Hospital was completely deprived of food, water, electricity, oxygen, and basic medical supplies. This situation demonstrates not only the collapse of the healthcare infrastructure in Gaza, but also the deliberate violation of fundamental principles of international humanitarian law, particularly the obligation to protect civilians and healthcare facilities.

In the city of Rafah, in the southernmost part of the Gaza Strip, intense rocket and artillery fire by Israeli occupation forces targeted numerous homes and buildings. Dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in the attacks, while many civilians remain trapped under the rubble. In Khan Yunis, at least 23 Palestinians were killed in areas targeted by sniper fire and airstrikes. Six of them were from the Al-Akha family and two were from the Barbakh family. In addition, many Palestinians, including children, were injured. According to witnesses, the occupying forces prevented ambulances from entering the area during the attacks, eliminating the chance of rescue for many of the wounded.

As of February 26, the events in the Gaza Strip, combined with the collapse of health services, the destruction of infrastructure, and the systematic targeting of civilians, constitute a clear war crime under international law. Despite repeated warnings from UN agencies and international human rights organizations, the Israeli army's continued targeting of civilian targets confirms that the humanitarian crisis in Gaza has reached genocidal proportions.

At dawn, dozens of Israeli occupation soldiers raided the towns of El-Isawiya and Hizma in the northeast of occupied Jerusalem. The soldiers forcibly entered numerous homes in the neighborhoods, conducting detailed searches and abducting six Palestinians, including one child. During the operation, the occupation forces distributed threatening leaflets in the areas where they raided homes in an attempt to intimidate families.

The El-Halil governorate, located in the southern part of the West Bank, also witnessed similar raids. Occupying soldiers forcibly detained eight Palestinians, including a father and son, as well as two children. In the town of Beyt Ummar, north of El-Halil, the occupying army entered numerous homes in the neighborhoods and conducted violent searches. Property was destroyed, and the people were subjected to physical and psychological pressure. During these raids, 20-year-old Awad Mohammad Za'aqeeq, 21-year-old Mustafa Fahmi Za'aqeeq, 15-year-old Yusuf Awad, 17-year-old Abdul-Rahman Nasim Za'aqeeq, and Muhammad Ibrahim were detained. According to witness statements, soldiers ransacked homes, smashed electronic devices, and threatened family members with weapons during the raids. The whereabouts of those abducted remained unknown for a long time. This incident once again reveals that children and civilians are systematically targeted in the occupied West Bank, and that arbitrary detention and intimidation policies continue. Such practices constitute serious violations defined in international human rights law as "arbitrary detention" and "psychological violence against the civilian population."

FEBRUARY 27

Israeli occupation forces raided the El-Celazun Refugee Camp near the city of Ramallah, located in the center of the West Bank, arresting a total of four Palestinians, including two fathers and their sons.

According to local media sources, occupation soldiers surrounded the camp in the early hours of the morning and forcibly entered numerous homes. Conducting violent searches in the homes, the soldiers forcibly detained Raed Nasr Dalaysha and his 16-year-old son Rayan, as well as Ahmed Ibrahim El-Hattab and his 14-year-old son Anas. Those detained were transferred to an unknown military area.

That same night, occupation forces carried out simultaneous raids on many areas around Ramallah, creating fear and panic among civilians. It was reported that during the raids, soldiers destroyed property in some homes and physically assaulted family members.

This incident demonstrates once again the systematic oppression, collective punishment, and arbitrary arrests of civilians in the occupied West Bank. Such practices by Israel constitute violations of arbitrary detention and disproportionate use of force against civilians, which are prohibited under international human rights law and the Fourth Geneva Convention.

FEBRUARY 28

Israeli occupation forces detained eight Palestinians, including one child, during raids in the northeastern, central, and southern regions of the West Bank. These operations, covering the governorates of Jericho, occupied Jerusalem, and Hebron, were recorded as cases specifically targeting children.

In Jericho, 17-year-old Ma'wad Omar Abdullah Al-Haj was detained after being summoned for questioning by Israeli intelligence units. According to local sources, Ma'wad was arrested alongside his father, who had previously been unjustly imprisoned. This incident was seen as an example of the punitive approach of Israeli forces targeting family members collectively.

On the same day, Israeli occupation forces carried out large-scale raids in the northern West Bank district of Jenin. During these raids, three Palestinian children were detained and many young people were injured. During clashes at protests in the town of Ya'bad in Jenin, children named Baraa Amarneh, Hussein Fayed, and Yazan Ibadi were forcibly taken away by Israeli soldiers.



These developments reveal that Israeli occupation forces have systematized arbitrary detention practices against children. While international law stipulates that deprivation of liberty should only be used as a last resort for children, this principle is continuously violated in the occupied Palestinian territories.

Israeli occupation forces held a 17-year-old Palestinian child

in solitary confinement for 31 days. According to information gathered by the Defense for Children International (DCIP), 17-year-old Ahmad was released at the end of November as part of a ceasefire between Israel and Palestinian groups. However, the process he went through before his release exposed Israel's systematic violations of Palestinian children's rights.

Ahmad was detained by Israeli forces on March 21, 2023, and spent his first 31 days in a solitary cell. During this time, he was not provided with any legal support, nor was he informed of his right to remain silent. In his statement to DCIP, Ahmad described the cell conditions as extremely harsh, saying, "*The cell smelled bad. The lights hurt my eyes; it was almost impossible to tell night from day. The air conditioning constantly switched between hot and cold. This created a pressure that could drive a person mad.*"

Ayed Abu Eqtaish, Director of DCIP's Accountability Program, stated that such practices leave deep psychological scars on children, saying, "*One in four Palestinian child detainees is held in solitary confinement for an average of 16 days. This is a clear method of torture against children.*"

Ahmad spent most of his detention in Megiddo Prison in northern Israel. Conditions in prisons deteriorated further after the attacks on Gaza began on October 7, 2023. According to Ahmad's account, on the night of October 21, special pressure units attacked the wards with tear gas, beat the detainees with batons, insulted them, and forcibly strip-searched them. Ahmad, who was later transferred to Damon Prison, was met with spoiled, foul-smelling food there. Most children could not eat the food provided. When he was returned to Megiddo on November 21, he was beaten again by guards, his belongings were confiscated, and he was forced to sleep in wet clothes. Ahmad recounted that during another raid on November 25, he was beaten with batons and left covered in blood.

The next day, when they were taken out into the courtyard, the children were subjected to violence once again. That same day, they were informed that they would be released as part of a prisoner exchange. However, before his release, Ahmad was threatened by an intelligence officer, who said, "*If you do anything, more years will be added to your sentence. Don't leave your village, or you will be arrested again.*"

This incident clearly demonstrates the continuity of Israel's policy of unlawful detention and ill-treatment of children.

In the occupied West Bank, Palestinian children are subject to the same military justice system as adults; their fundamental rights are systematically denied. Since 1967, Israel has operated two separate legal systems in the same geography: Israeli settlers are subject to civil and criminal law, while Palestinians are tried under military law.

Genocidal Israel is the only country in the world that automatically tries children in military courts. Every year, an average of 500 to 700 Palestinian children are prosecuted in these courts without guarantees of a fair trial. The transfer of Palestinian children to prisons within Israeli borders constitutes an unlawful transfer that violates Article 76 of the Fourth Geneva Convention and is considered a war crime under Article 8(2)(b)(viii) of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court.

Although two separate appeals were filed with the Israeli Supreme Court regarding these violations, in both cases the court ruled that Israeli domestic law prevails over international law, effectively legitimizing these serious violations.

FEBRUARY 29

According to information obtained by the Defense for Children International (DCIP), 17-year-old Bashar Nihad Abdulatif Hanani was martyred on the night of February 29 in the town of Beit Furik, located in the northern occupied West Bank, when he was shot with live ammunition during an operation carried out by the occupying forces.

According to eyewitness accounts, Bashar was standing in front of a wall near the Friendship Medical Center. He was shot in the back by soldiers while throwing stones at Israeli soldiers positioned approximately 25–35 meters away. Beşar fell from the wall to the ground with a bullet wound. He was first taken to the Friendship Medical Center and then transferred by ambulance to Rafidia Government Hospital in Nablus. However, he was martyred despite all the doctors' efforts.

In its statement on Beşar's death, DCIP noted that the incident once again demonstrated that the use of lethal force by Israeli forces against Palestinian children was disproportionate. This incident was considered a striking example of the continuation of Israel's systematic and arbitrary policy of lethal force against children in the occupied territories.

According to forensic findings, 17-year-old Bashar Nihad Abdulatif Hanani was shot with a bullet that entered his abdomen and exited through his lower back. After the incident, the paramedics who brought Bashar to the Friendship Medical Center for treatment were interrogated by three Israeli soldiers who entered the center shortly thereafter. Fearing arrest, the medical staff said Bashar had "fallen from a wall." Upon hearing this, one of the soldiers said, *"We shot him,"* and left the scene.

According to documents collected by DCIP, Israeli occupation forces have killed 103 Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank since October 7, 2023. These figures reveal the deadly impact of the occupation on children.

The occupation army fired a missile at a house in the western part of Khan Yunis, killing one Palestinian and wounding three children. Israel's attacks on the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip entered their 146th day as of February 29. The occupation army continued to target densely populated civilian areas and Palestinians waiting for humanitarian aid trucks. Numerous women and children were killed in these attacks, and hundreds were wounded. In addition, Palestinian child Ahmed Hicazi died in a hospital in northern Gaza due to malnutrition and starvation. This death once again highlighted the devastating impact of the blockade and the obstruction of humanitarian aid on children in Gaza. Meanwhile, dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many more were seriously injured in artillery bombardments carried out by the occupying army around the city of Deir Al-Balah in central Gaza.



MARCH 1



Members of a Palestinian family trapped under the rubble of a building destroyed by attacks from the occupying forces in the Zeytun neighborhood of Gaza City were rescued by civil defense teams using simple tools and manual labor. The teams managed to rescue a child named Ahmed Naim and four other members of his family alive from under the rubble as a result of their painstaking work carried out with extremely limited resources. As a result of the efforts, those trapped under the rubble were rescued alive after 9 days. The occupying Israeli state is depriving Palestinians of their right to shelter and violating their right to life.

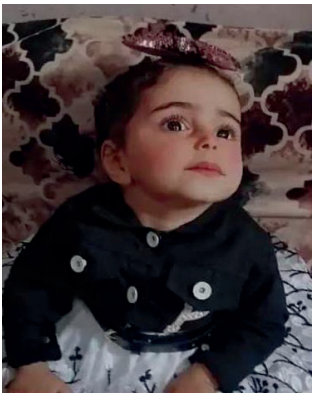
MARCH 2

On the 148th day of the Israeli occupation's genocide against Palestinians in the devastated and destroyed Gaza Strip, the occupation army continued its missile and artillery attacks on various points along the coastal strip. Dozens of Palestinians were martyred in the attacks, and many Palestinians, mostly women and children, were injured. In Jabalia, northern Gaza, the occupying Israeli army fired a missile at a house in the Jabalia refugee camp where more than 70 Palestinians lived. At least twenty Palestinians, including women and children, were martyred, and dozens were injured. Medical personnel and rescue teams began working in

the area to evacuate the dead and wounded, most of whom were trapped under the rubble. In Beit Hanoun, north of Gaza, the occupying army fired artillery at Palestinians gathering grass and plants for food, killing at least three Palestinians and wounding seven others.

Sources at Kemal Advan Hospital in northern Gaza reported that the number of children who have died due to dehydration, malnutrition, and lack of medicine and medical supplies has reached 13, with the latest being a newborn baby named Hiha Ziyada. The occupation forces also raided the villages of Arabe and Siyletu'z-Zahr, near Jenin, and searched homes. It was learned that the occupation forces raided the home of a young man named Walid Fawzi Alkam in the village of Ed-Devha, near Bethlehem, and took him into custody. While the occupation forces raided the city of Nablus, local sources reported that an explosion was heard in the city and that it was understood to have been caused by a handmade explosive used by Palestinian resistance fighters against the occupation forces. Local sources stated that the occupation forces raided the city of Kalkiliya and detained a young man, searched many homes in the village of Azun in the east of the city, and beat a young man. The occupation forces also raided the city of El-Halil and the villages of Beni Naim, Yatta, and Terkumiye.

Seven-day-old Abdulaziz Salem died on March 2 at Kamal Adwan Hospital due to cardiac arrest and oxygen deprivation. He had been born at the same hospital without medical assistance due to insufficient medical staff. Abdulaziz remained in an incubator for a week while his mother was in critical condition due to the effects of jaundice and malnutrition during pregnancy. Abdulaziz's mother told DCIP, *"I had nothing to eat and was sick, so I couldn't breastfeed my son."* His family came from Al-Faluja, west of the Jabalia refugee camp in northern Gaza, and were forcibly displaced at least six times during her pregnancy.



Seven-day-old Joud Al-Barsh from the Jabalia refugee camp also died on March 2 at Kamal Adwan Hospital due to malnutrition because his mother was unable to breastfeed him due to her own malnutrition. She remained in the hospital's nursery for a week due to a shortage of milk and formula. Joud's mother said, *"Joud died of starvation, and I am left with her twin sister, whom God blessed me with after 10 years of marriage."*

The mother of three-year-old Mila Abdulnabi told DCIP, "*I am an intensive care nurse at Kamal Adwan Hospital. My daughter died before my eyes, and I couldn't save her.*" "*That day (the day my daughter died), I went to work, and my colleagues closed the door to prevent me from entering. But when I went inside, I found my daughter dead and covered with a shroud. When Israeli forces occupied the northern region and deprived us of food, my daughter suffered from mineral deficiency and was on a ventilator from February 29 until the day she died. Mila was very smart and very attached to me because she was my only daughter,*" she continued. Mila Abdulnabi died on March 2 at Kamal Adwan Hospital due to malnutrition and potassium and calcium deficiency.

The occupying forces violate the Palestinian people's right to freedom and security through these attacks, raids, and arrests, while also carrying out attacks on their right to life.

MARCH 3

Israeli forces shot and killed a Palestinian child and injured another near the Al-Jalazun refugee camp, north of Ramallah in the occupied West Bank. According to reports, a Palestinian child was critically wounded when Israeli soldiers opened fire while he was near the Apartheid wall.

Israeli occupation aircraft bombed a three-story house east of the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip. News sources reported that 14 Palestinians, including 6 children and women, were martyred and dozens were injured when occupation aircraft bombed a three-story house belonging to the Abu Anza family in the El-Selam neighborhood east of Rafah.

Israeli occupation soldiers abducted at least twelve Palestinians from various areas of the occupied West Bank, including a female student from Nablus and former political prisoners.

MARCH 4

Israeli forces shot and killed a Palestinian child and wounded a young man in the El-Amari refugee camp in the city of Ramallah in the central West Bank, and abducted seven Palestinian citizens.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that a 16-year-old boy named Mustafa Abu Shalbak, who lived in the Kalandiya refugee camp in the north of occupied Jerusalem, had been killed.

Israeli forces blew up the family home of a Palestinian youth who was martyred in the city of Nablus in the northern West Bank, wounding at least 15 Palestinians. The murderous Israeli state is depriving Palestinians of their rights to freedom and security and is openly attacking their right to shelter.



Occupation forces entered the town of Burin, south of Nablus, opened fire with live ammunition, and killed a 10-year-old Palestinian child. Media sources stated that the child was shot in the head with live ammunition and killed while he was with his father. Ahmed Cibril, Director of the Palestinian Red Crescent Ambulance and Emergency Center in Nablus, reported that the child was seriously injured, according to initial findings.

Shortly thereafter, medical sources announced that a 10-year-old boy named Amr Muhammed Najjar had been martyred by live ammunition fired at his head by Israeli forces. Eyewitnesses stated that when a citizen attempted to approach the seriously injured child, soldiers shot the child in the chest with live ammunition, and that the child's condition was still unknown at the time of writing. It was also reported that another citizen, who was wounded in the head as a result of the occupying soldiers' attack on the child, tried to help the child, but the child's condition was still unknown. The martyred child was a fifth-grade student at Burin Mixed Elementary School in the Nablus governorate.

MARCH 5

Genocidal Israeli soldiers entered the village of Kafr Dan, west of the city of Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank, demolished a Palestinian's house, and injured two young men. Media sources said that after deploying snipers on the roofs of surrounding houses and buildings, the soldiers surrounded the home of political prisoners Abdullah and his brother Yahya Hamed Masad.

It was reported that the occupation soldiers demolished the interior walls of the 110-square-meter home belonging to Abdullah Yahya Mesad and filled the interior with sand and rubble. It was also reported that soldiers bulldozed the surrounding land, uprooting numerous olive and almond trees. It was stated that the



occupation army intended to demolish the entire three-story, 330-square-meter building where 13 family members lived, but following objections, it was decided to demolish the interior walls of the first floor and fill the building with sand and rubble.

Israeli forces killed a Palestinian child near the town of Huwwara, south of Nablus in the northern occupied West Bank. The General Authority for Civil Affairs informed the Palestinian Ministry of Health that the child, 16-year-old Muhammad Hisham Shehadeh, was killed by a bullet wound. The Palestinian Satellite Channel reported that the occupation army seized the body of the martyred child.

MARCH 6



A report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the occupation forces carried out 9 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing at least 86 Palestinians and wounding 113 others including children and women.

MARCH 7

On the 153rd day of the genocidal Israeli army's war against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, the occupying forces continued to bomb densely populated areas, killing or injuring dozens of Palestinians, including women and children.

As a result of the occupying army targeting homes in the El-Hasayna area west of the Nuseyrat refugee camp and in the city of Deir al-Balah in central Gaza, 35 Palestinians, including children and women, were killed. In Rafah, at the southernmost tip of the Gaza Strip, the occupying army fired a missile at a house in the El-Jene neighborhood, injuring many people.

In addition, the occupying army opened fire with Israeli tank artillery on dozens of Palestinians waiting for aid trucks at the Kuwait Junction in northern Gaza City, killing at least three Palestinians and injuring more than fifteen others. The attack came a few days after the army killed and wounded dozens of Palestinians at the

same junction who were waiting for aid trucks and trying to do their best to provide food for their hungry families. The same attack came shortly after Israeli soldiers bombed a small truck carrying humanitarian aid in Deir al-Balah, in central Gaza, killing eight Palestinians and wounding many others.

Al Jazeera reported that while genocidal Israeli attacks were driving the Gaza Strip into deeper famine, all aid efforts were being continuously and unjustifiably blocked, and that more than 20 Palestinians, including children, had lost their lives due to malnutrition and thirst.

Israeli occupation forces abducted 13 Palestinians from the city of Tubas and the town of Tammoun south of Tubas, one Palestinian in Jenin, two brothers in the Tulkarm district, two relatives in Hebron, and 10 Palestinians, including four women from Ramallah.

Israeli forces abducted nine more Palestinian youths, including brothers and a former prisoner, in the Nablus and Bethlehem governorates in the north and south of the West Bank.

In the northeast of the occupied West Bank, five Palestinian youths were attacked by Israeli forces during an assault carried out by occupation forces on the city of Tubas and the town of Tammoun. The murderous Israeli state violates the rights of Palestinian youths to freedom and security and their bodily integrity by depriving them of their liberty.

A Palestinian youth was martyred as a result of fire opened by occupation soldiers in the village of Burin, south of Nablus in the northern West Bank. Medical sources at Rafidia Government Hospital in Nablus announced that 19-year-old Mohammad Mahmoud Raja Eid was martyred as a result of a bullet wound he received two days ago.

A report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the occupation forces carried out 9 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing at least 83 Palestinians and wounding 142 others.

MARCH 8

Amid rising malnutrition rates in Gaza, two children and an elderly man died of starvation within just 24 hours. Euro-Med recorded three deaths due to starvation.

Three-year-old Ahmed Wael Ahl and a 15-year-old child, whose name is not yet known, died of starvation and dehydration at the Al-Shifa Medical Complex. Meanwhile, a 72-year-old man died of malnutrition and dehydration at Kamal Adwan Hospital in northern Gaza.

Killer Israeli missiles killed 12 Palestinians and wounded dozens more. In addition, numerous people were trapped under the rubble of two houses in the town of El-Karara, northeast of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip. The occupying army killed and wounded many Palestinians in Bani Suheila, east of Khan Yunis. It also fired phosphorus shells at the city and bombed the home of the Wadi family in western Han Yunus. It was reported that the number of martyrs is likely to increase as Israel continues to prevent urgently needed medicine and food aid from reaching the Gaza Strip.



In central Gaza, at least eight Palestinians, including children, were killed and many others wounded when the occupying army launched missile strikes on homes in the Zawaida area. In addition, a Palestinian mother and her two children were killed when the army fired a missile at a house in the El-Karara area in the north of the city.

A report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the occupying forces carried out eight massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing a total of 78 Palestinians and injuring 104 others, including children.

In the Gaza Strip, where the occupation army has been continuing its attacks for more than five months and causing starvation by blocking humanitarian aid, the number of people who have died from malnutrition and thirst has reached 23. Dr. Ashraf Al-Qudra, spokesperson for the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza, reported that three children died of malnutrition and dehydration at Al-Shifa Hospital in Gaza.

MARCH 9

Israeli forces shot a Palestinian child at the Kalandiya military checkpoint north of occupied Jerusalem, mistreated worshippers near Al-Aqsa Mosque, and abducted two youths. Occupation forces shot a Palestinian child near the Kalandiya military checkpoint north of occupied Jerusalem. Media sources stated that soldiers shot a 15-year-old boy in the leg with live ammunition.

At least two Palestinians were killed and dozens of Palestinians, most of them children, were wounded as a result of rocket and artillery fire on the Al-Karan area west of Deir al-Balah in central Gaza. Eight Palestinians were killed and many others, including children, were wounded when the army bombed the Al-Fahuri area in Han Yunus.

Medical sources in northern Gaza confirmed that three children, including a 25-year-old young woman and a newborn baby, died at Shifa Medical Center and Kemal Advan Hospital due to dehydration and malnutrition; the officially known number of Palestinians who died under similar conditions is at least 25. Murderous Israel has killed at least 30,960 Palestinians and injured more than 72,524 people, approximately 72% of whom are women and children, since October 7, 2023, in addition to thousands of missing Palestinians largely buried under rubble in various parts of the Gaza Strip.

Occupation forces carried out raids in various areas of the West Bank, during which clashes broke out between occupation soldiers and Palestinians. Occupation forces raided the eastern part of Nablus and detained Abdullah En-Nablusi, the brother of the martyr Ibrahim En-Nablusi. It was reported that during the raid on En-Nablusi's home in the Kurum Aşur area, occupation forces searched the house and damaged property. The occupation forces arrested two young men, Adnan Abu Shusha and Hamza Mahmoud Muslim, at the Askar al-Qadim camp in the eastern part of Nablus city.

The occupation forces arrested a young man named Muhammad Annaye in Kalkiliya while he was on his way to his job at the Kalkiliya Municipality, and also arrested a young man named Iham Shureim by raiding his home.





It was noted that the hunger crisis and water problem are growing due to the Zionist occupation regime's policy of leaving the people of Gaza hungry and thirsty, and that although the daily amount of water per person was 90 liters before the occupiers attacked the area, today this amount has dropped to 2 liters. In a statement, Gaza Municipality Spokesperson Hüsni Mehna warned that if nothing is done about the humanitarian crisis in northern Gaza and no action is taken to end the occupiers' blockade, deaths due to hunger and thirst could increase.

MARCH 10

Israeli forces abducted four Palestinians, detained two children, and raided the Nur Shams refugee camp in the occupied West Bank.

Israeli forces raided a house in the town of Kabatiye, south of the city of Jenin in the northern West Bank, and detained a seven-year-old child named Abdullah Iyas Sabana. The murderous Israel is violating the rights of Palestinians to freedom and security.

MARCH 11

Palestinian medical sources confirmed that three children died of starvation and malnutrition in the devastated Gaza Strip, bringing the number of Palestinians who have died of malnutrition to 28.

Sources stated that three children died of malnutrition at Kemal Advan Hospital in Beit Lahiya, northern Gaza, bringing the number of children who died at the hospital for the same reasons to 21. It was reported that 11 children, including newborns, were in the hospital's Intensive Care Unit, where even basic services could not be provided. It was stated that, in addition to the hospital, basic medical and humanitarian supplies have run out in all health centers de-



stroyed and devastated, especially in northern Gaza. The murderous Israeli regime is violating the Palestinians' right to life by preventing them from meeting their most basic needs.

MARCH 12

Israeli forces subjected six Palestinian youths to ill-treatment and abducted them in the Al-Isawiya neighborhood in the northeast of occupied Jerusalem. The occupation forces tied the hands of the six youths and tied them together, dragging them in a humiliating manner.

A report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the occupation forces carried out 8 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing at least 72 people and injuring 129, including children.

Zionist Israeli forces infiltrated the Shu'fat refugee camp north of occupied Jerusalem and shot and killed a Palestinian child in the camp. Israeli forces raided the Shu'fat refugee camp north of occupied Jerusalem, and Palestinian youths in the area protested the raid. The Palestinian Red Crescent reported that a child was seriously injured as a result of live fire opened by Israeli forces. While it was stated that ambulance crews took the child to a hospital in Jerusalem, media sources reported that the child was martyred as a result of a serious gunshot wound. The martyred child was identified as 13-year-old Rami Hamdan El-Halhuli from the Shu'fat refugee camp.

MARCH 13

Israeli occupation soldiers wounded a Palestinian man and his three-month-old newborn son in the village of Burin, south of Nablus in the northern occupied West Bank, burned their car, and damaged it. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) reported that soldiers attacked the man, whose child was in the vehicle they stopped at the entrance to Burin. The PRCS said the soldiers harmed the father and child, after which paramedics took them to a hospital in Nablus. The attacks came after a group of illegal Israeli paramilitaries stormed the village, burned a vehicle belonging to local resident Adel Eid, and damaged two vehicles belonging to Hamdan Walid Eid and Firas Hakam Mansour.



Soldiers also raided and looted numerous homes, abducted four Palestinian youths, and assaulted and interrogated many people, examining their identities. The murderous Israeli forces are blatantly violating people's property rights, freedom, and security rights.

Israeli forces shot five Palestinians near the village of El-Jib, northwest of occupied Jerusalem, killing two, including a child. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that 23-year-old Zaid Ward Shukri Khalifa and 16-year-old Abdullah Ma'moun Hasan Assaf were killed by Israeli forces.

UNRWA Commissioner-General Philippe Lazzarini stated that the number of Palestinian children killed by murderous Israel in Gaza in just four months exceeds the total number of children killed in wars around the world in the last four years. Lazzarini stated that since October 7, 2023, the number of Palestinian children martyred by murderous Israeli missiles, artillery shells, and bullets in the Gaza Strip exceeds the number of children killed worldwide, describing what is happening in Gaza as *"a war on children's childhood and future*."

MARCH 14

Murderous Israeli soldiers martyred a Palestinian child near the *"tunnels"* military barricade west of the city of Beit Jala, in the Bethlehem governorate of the occupied West Bank, south of Jerusalem. The martyred Palestinian child was identified as 17-year-old Mustafa Taleb Ahmed Taleb from the town of El-Velaca, northwest of Bethlehem. The murderous soldiers who shot and seriously wounded the child prevented medical intervention under the pretext of securing the area, leaving the child to bleed to death. Israeli soldiers killed 13-year-old Rami Hamdan Halhuli from the Shu'fat refugee camp, 23-year-old Zeyd Haleifa and 16-year-old Abdullah Assaf from the vicinity of the town of Cib, and Rabia Nurasi and Mahmud Mahdi from Jenin in the north of the West Bank.-Cib village northwest of Jerusalem, 23-year-old Zeyd Haleifa and 16-year-old Abdullah Assaf, as well as Rabia Nurasi and Mahmud Ebu El-Hayca from Jenin in the northern West Bank.

Genocidal Israel has martyred a total of 433 Palestinians in the occupied West Bank since October 7, 2023, including 116 children, five elderly people, and one journalist. It has wounded at least 4,700 Palestinians and abducted more than 7,619 people.

MARCH 17

On the 162nd day of the murderous Israeli occupation of Gaza and the 6th day of Ramadan, the Gaza Ministry of Health confirmed 7 new massacres against defenseless Palestinian civilians in the last 24 hours, reporting that more than 60 Palestinians were martyred and at least 100 were wounded. One of the massacres carried out by the occupying forces took place in Deir al-Balah, in the center of Gaza, where bombs targeted a house. Seven Palestinians were martyred and many more were injured. In addition, a night air strike was carried out on the Nuseirat refugee camp, where many civilians were sheltering, martyring at least 36 members of a family who had gathered before dawn for the Ramadan breakfast.

Israeli occupation forces abducted at least 25 Palestinians from the West Bank, including a Gazan woman, a child, an injured Palestinian, and former prisoners. Furthermore, the occupation forces continued to search and damage the homes of civilians, in addition to widespread harassment and attacks, severe beatings, and threats against detainees and their families. The murderous Israeli army is depriving people of their rights to freedom and security.

MARCH 20

Occupation forces raided various areas of the West Bank and detained numerous individuals. During the raids, clashes broke out between occupation soldiers and Palestinians in many areas.

Occupation forces raided the city of Nablus from different directions and surrounded a house in the Et-Teavun area, demanding those inside surrender. Occupation forces raided the home of a young man named Ubade Arkuk on Fatayir Street in Nablus and took him into custody. Occupation soldiers searched the Palestinian youth's home, damaged his belongings, and confiscated Arkuk's vehicle. It was reported that during the raid carried out by the occupation forces in Nablus, Eymen Seleme and his brother Islam were also detained.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupation army had carried out 9 massacres in the last 24 hours, killing 93 people and injuring 142. The Palestinian Ministry of Health stated that a total



of 31,819 Palestinians have been martyred and 73,934 wounded in attacks carried out by the occupation army since October 7.

MARCH 21

According to documents collected by DCIP, since January 2024, the occupying forces have seriously injured at least 11 Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank, causing permanent disabilities. It was stated that the occupying forces, taking advantage of the impunity of the occupation, deliberately target Palestinian civilians, including children, at close range, aiming at the upper parts of the body with the intent to kill or cause permanent disability.

Murderous Israeli soldiers abducted at least 19 Palestinians, including a doctor and two children, in the Ramallah, Jerusalem, Bethlehem, and Hebron governorates in the central and southern parts of the occupied West Bank.

The UN Committee on the Rights of the Child warned that thousands of children in the Gaza Strip, particularly in northern Gaza, would face imminent starvation if a ceasefire was not immediately secured. The Committee reiterated its call for an immediate ceasefire to prevent further suffering. The Committee's statement said children in Gaza are on the brink of starvation, with access to food severely restricted due to Israel's suffocating blockade and the prevention of essential supplies. At least 27 children have died in northern Gaza due to malnutrition and dehydration.

The Committee also warned that one in three children under the age of two in the northern Gaza Strip is suffering from acute malnutrition, a significant increase compared to the beginning of this year. Experts stated that they anticipate a famine could occur at any time between now and May 2024, potentially worsening the already dire humanitarian crisis.

MARCH 22

On the 167th day of Israel's genocide against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, the occupying army bombed dozens of homes and buildings in various parts of the devastated coastal area, killing dozens of Palestinians and wounding hundreds.

The Israeli army intensified its bombing of various areas of the Shati refugee camp west of Gaza City, as well as various areas of central Gaza, including Nusseirat and Al-Maghazi, and various areas of northern and southern Gaza. The Israeli army

also wired and detonated many homes and buildings around the Shifa Medical Center in Gaza City.

MARCH 23

Killer Israeli soldiers shot and killed four Palestinians, one of them a child, near Nablus in the north of the West Bank and Tulkarem in the northwest.

Israeli forces shot a Palestinian child in the Tulkarem governorate in the north-western part of the West Bank. Media sources reported that the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) stated that ambulance crews transported a child shot with live ammunition in the town of Anabta to the hospital for medical treatment. Palestinian TV reported that the child was 17 years old.

MARCH 24

The Palestinian Ministry of Health said in a statement that the Israeli army carried out seven massacres against entire families in the Gaza Strip, killing 72 people, most of them children and women, and wounding 114 others.

MARCH 25

Israeli forces shot two Palestinian children in Tulkarem and Nablus in the north-western and northern parts of the occupied West Bank, while attacking a young man in El Halil in the south.

Murderous Israeli military forces attacked Palestinians participating in a protest against Israeli attacks in the town of Beyt Furik, located in the southeast of Nablus, in the north of the West Bank. At the entrance to the town, occupation soldiers fired live ammunition and tear gas canisters, causing a 14-year-old child to be shot in the leg.

MARCH 26

A warplane belonging to the occupation army targeted a tent sheltering a refugee family in the El-Mevasi area west of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip , killing 12 Palestinians, including children. According to a statement by the Palestinian Ministry



of Health, the occupation forces' warplane targeted the shelter tent used by the El-Medhun family, who had fled the occupation forces and taken refuge in the southern part of the Gaza Strip, located in the El-Mevasi area, 30 km south of Gaza City.

MARCH 27

Murderous Israeli forces shot two Palestinian youths and abducted six people, including a child, in the Bethlehem governorate in the southern part of the occupied West Bank.

Israeli forces occupied numerous Palestinian homes in the town of Al-Khader, southwest of Bethlehem. The occupying army also raided the town of Beit Fajjar, southwest of Bethlehem, forcibly entering Palestinian homes and conducting searches.

A report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health stated that the occupation forces carried out a total of 8 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing at least 76 Palestinians and injuring 102 others in these massacres and other attacks.

It was stated that the total number of martyrs, wounded, and missing in the genocidal attacks carried out by the occupying forces for 173 days has exceeded 115,000. It was stated that approximately 2 million people are trying to survive in shelters that have turned into concentration camps due to the occupying forces demolishing a large number of homes.

The Government Information Office in Gaza stated that 700,000 people in the region have suffered from stomach ailments, with 8,000 of them contracting infectious diseases caused by the Hepatitis C virus. The statement pointed out that stomach illnesses have increased so much because people are crowded together in shelters, hygiene conditions are poor, water is contaminated, and it is difficult to find healthy food. In a statement made by the Gaza Municipality, it was warned that dangerous diseases could increase due to the proliferation of harmful worms and insects in the piles of garbage. The statement mentioned that fuel depletion in Gaza had caused vehicles to stop working and that the occupation forces' attacks had continued, making it impossible to collect garbage and leading to the formation of large piles of waste.

MARCH 28

Occupying forces abducted eight Palestinians, including a woman and a child, in the governorates of Salfit, Ramallah, and Occupied Jerusalem in the central West Bank. The murderous Israeli state is clearly violating the Palestinian people's rights to freedom and security by depriving them of their liberty.

MARCH 29

The murderous Israeli army continued to bomb various areas of the devastated Gaza Strip, martyring and wounding dozens of Palestinians, including many women and children. In Jabalia, north of Gaza, the army fired a missile at a mosque, martyring a woman and wounding many Palestinians.

Medical sources stated that twelve Palestinians were killed and many others, including women and children, were injured when the army fired a missile at the Moammar family's home south of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip.

Kamal Adwan Hospital in northern Gaza announced that a 6-year-old child had died due to severe malnutrition and lack of medical supplies. Kamal Adwan Hospital also stated that there were numerous children suffering from injuries and malnutrition, including a six-month-old newborn suffering from severe malnutrition and dehydration. The murderous Israeli state is violating the Palestinian people's rights, primarily the right to life and the right to bodily integrity.

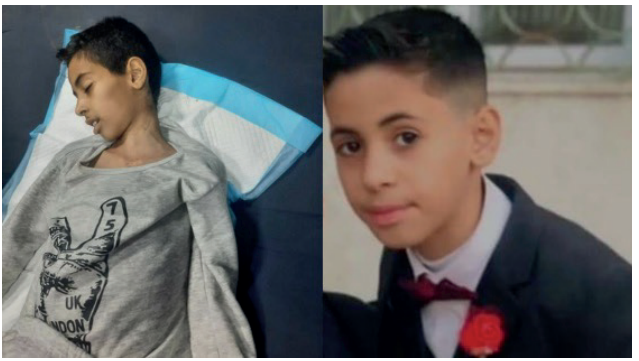
MARCH 30

Murderous Israeli soldiers wounded a Palestinian child and caused dozens of residents to suffer the effects of tear gas in the town of Beit Ummar, north of Hebron in the southern part of the occupied West Bank. Media sources said the soldiers occupied the town, particularly the Tahta neighborhood, and attacked a 13-year-old child as he was walking home. Palestinian medics said the child had wounds to his collarbone and other parts of his body before they took him to a local clinic. The occupation, during which soldiers raided and looted many homes and remained in some homes for several hours, sparked protests. The army then fired numerous rubber-coated steel bullets and tear gas canisters, causing many Palestinians to be exposed to the effects of tear gas inhalation. The murderous Israeli state is blatantly violating the Palestinian people's right to bodily integrity.

Israeli soldiers occupied the town of Kabatia, south of Jenin in the northern part of the occupied West Bank, killing a Palestinian child and wounding two youths with live fire, one seriously. News sources said that undercover Israeli soldiers infiltrated the town before numerous military vehicles invaded it from various directions. It was added that the army raided and looted many homes and placed snipers on rooftops, particularly in the Zakarna neighborhood and near the El-Hisba area, which led to protests.

Fawwaz Hammad, director of Ar-Razi Hospital in Jenin, said soldiers shot and killed 13-year-old Mo'tasem Nabil Abu Aabed with live fire . Hammad added that soldiers also shot two young men with live fire, one of whom suffered life-threatening injuries. The murderous army stopped Palestinian ambulances as they rushed to the city after shooting Palestinians and prevented them from entering the town.

Karam was trapped with his family for a week in Al-Shifa Hospital, where food shortages were experienced due to the blockade imposed by the occupying Israeli forces. During the blockade, he was evacuated from Al-Shifa Hospital and transferred to Al-Ahli Arab Hospital. Karam's condition deteriorated at Al-Ahli Arab Hospital due to a lack of food, medical treatment, and antibiotics. His health significantly deteriorated, leading to severe weight loss. He was later transferred to Kamal Adwan Hospital. Karam died due to malnutrition and high salt levels in his blood.



APRIL 1

It was reported that six Palestinians, including three children, were martyred and many others were injured in an attack carried out by genocidal Israel on a group of people in the As Salam area south of Rafah. The Zionist state of Israel is violating the Palestinian people's right to life.

On the 178th day of the Israeli occupation's attack on the Gaza Strip, the occupying soldiers finally withdrew from al-Shifa Hospital, the largest hospital in Gaza. According to eyewitness accounts, with the withdrawal of the Israeli occupation, the occupying forces burned down all the buildings of al-Shifa Hospital, rendering it completely out of service.



Medical sources said the army completely demolished the floors of the special surgical building and burned the rest of the building. Occupying soldiers also burned the main reception and emergency building, destroying dozens of rooms and all medical equipment, and burned the kidney dialysis center and the maternity ward. As a result of these attacks on the health infrastructure, the right to health, which is an inalienable part of the right to life, has been violated for many innocent civilians, especially babies and children, and their ability to treat their wounds and heal has been taken away.



A statement issued by the Prisoners and Former Prisoners Affairs Commission, the Palestinian Prisoners' Club, and the Addameer Prisoner Support and Human Rights Association reported that the total number of arrests in the West Bank since October 7 has reached at least 7,895. It was noted that 258 of these were women, 500 were children, and 64 were journalists.

A robust supply chain for both preventive nutrition products (high-energy biscuits, lipid-based nutritional supplements, and micronutrient supplements) and ready-to-use therapeutic food (RUTF) is needed, especially for approximately 346,000 children under five who are at the highest risk of malnutrition.Among the children at risk, approximately 135,000 children under the age of two are particularly vulnerable to severe acute malnutrition (SAM).

It was stated that urgent humanitarian access is needed to address the accelerating increase in acute malnutrition. In northern Gaza, an estimated 50,400 children under five are acutely malnourished, and 31% of children under two are severely wasted. According to Gaza Ministry of Health data, 28 children have died from malnutrition and dehydration as of April 1.

Across Gaza, particularly in the northern areas, limited humanitarian access continues to exacerbate the catastrophic level of food insecurity already facing the population and to impede the urgent delivery of life-saving food supplies. This, combined with deteriorating health and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) services, is leading to an increasing number of acutely malnourished children. Constant displacement is undermining the effective provision of nutrition services.

The extreme fear and stress caused by Israel's long-standing attacks, combined with malnutrition and complex living conditions, are preventing mothers from breastfeeding their newborn babies.

Oxfam's report noted that Palestinians in northern Gaza have been surviving on an average of 245 calories per day since January. The Nutrition Cluster stated that more than 50,000 children under the age of five are estimated to be suffering from acute malnutrition.

Israel's systematic deprivation of the innocent population, especially children, of their right to nutrition, and its use of hunger as a weapon, violates children's right to life.

APRIL 2

Two women and one child were among six Palestinians killed when the Zionist Israeli army struck a residential building west of the An Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in Deir al-Balah, in the center of Gaza.

News sources stated that the occupation army fired a missile at a vehicle in Deir al-Balah, killing the entire aid team affiliated with the World Central Kitchen. The Gaza Government Media Office stated that the attack on the easily identifiable humanitarian aid vehicle and the killing of international humanitarian aid workers is further proof of the brutality of the occupying Israeli forces and their crimes against humanity. With this attack, the occupying Israeli forces have prevented many innocent civilians, especially children, from accessing food and violated their right to nutrition.

In Rafah, at the southernmost tip of the Gaza Strip, the army launched a missile attack on an area in the east of the city; five Palestinians were martyred and dozens were injured in the attack. It was reported that among the martyred Palestinians were two children who lived in a house bombed by the occupying army in the western part of Rafah. The genocidal Israeli state is violating the right to life of Palestinian children.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health stated that the occupying Israeli army carried out six massacres against families in the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, killing at least 63 Palestinians and injuring more than 94 people, most of them children and women.



Since October 7, 2023, the occupying Israeli forces have killed at least 32,845 Palestinians and injured more than 75,392 people, mostly children, women, and the elderly, in addition to thousands of missing Palestinians who are largely buried under rubble in the Gaza Strip.

Thirteen-year-old Palestinian youth Nabil Abu Abed was martyred when he was shot during an attack by the Israeli occupation army on the town of Kabatiye, south of Jenin. Two other people were wounded in the attack. Israeli occupation forces prevented ambulances from reaching the town to transport the wounded to hospital. The incident involved the violation of the right to life of a child, among others, and the violation of the physical integrity and bodily autonomy of many people.

In Deir al-Balah, in the center of Gaza, the occupying army fired a missile at the Al-Bashir Mosque in the city center; many Palestinians, including children, were killed in the attack, and surrounding homes were damaged. The Zionist Israeli state violated the right to life of many civilians, especially children.

At least two Palestinians were martyred and many people, including children, were injured when the occupying army fired a missile at a house where they had taken refuge in the eastern part of the city.

APRIL 3

The murderous Israeli state's attacks resulted in the bombing of a house west of Rafah, killing four Palestinians, including two babies, and injuring many others. The bombing of a house east of Rafah killed two Palestinians, including a woman and a child. The occupation state's attacks violate the right to life of babies and children.

At least six Palestinians, including two women and a child, were killed and many others were injured when the occupying army fired missiles at an apartment building in the Etihad Housing Tower, west of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in central Gaza.

At least 15 Palestinians were killed and dozens injured, most of them women and children, as a result of the occupying Israeli army's missile attack on homes in the El-Maghazi refugee camp in central Gaza. Palestinian Civil Defense teams reportedly found the bodies of numerous Palestinian children killed and rescued several children from the rubble of a house bombed by the occupying army in northeast Rafah. The attacks carried out by the genocidal Israeli state violated the right to

life of many children, and the inviolability of their bodies and physical integrity was violated in many cases.





According to documents compiled by the International Organization for the Defense of Children Palestine, Israeli occupation forces and settlers have killed 114 Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank, including East Jerusalem, since October 7.

The ongoing Israeli attacks on Palestinian children are unprecedented and affect the entire system of children's rights, particularly fundamental rights such as the right to life, survival, and development. Since October 7, more than 13,800 children have been killed in the Gaza Strip, and Palestinian children who have managed to survive in Gaza have been deprived of their rights to health, water, food, medicine, and a clean environment.

The occupying Israeli army has systematically prevented humanitarian aid from entering Gaza. This has led to catastrophic food shortages for half of Gaza's population and a near famine that has claimed the lives of 34 people, including 31 children, to date.

The occupying Israeli army also deprived children in Gaza of their right to remain with their families and continue receiving care. UNICEF reported that at least 17,000 children in the Gaza Strip are estimated to be unaccompanied, orphaned, or separated.

The occupying Israeli forces also deprived Palestinian children in Gaza of their right to education. According to the Ministry of Education, at least 111 schools in Gaza have been severely damaged, more than 40 schools have been completely destroyed, and approximately 620,000 students have been unable to attend school since October. At least 133 schools in the Gaza Strip are being used as shelters, and most students are experiencing psychological trauma.



According to Bala Krishnan Rajagopal, the UN Special Rapporteur on the Right to Adequate Housing, Israeli occupation forces have destroyed 70 percent of homes in the Gaza Strip, depriving children in Gaza of their right to safe shelter and forcing more than 85 percent of the population to migrate south . This situation has led to an increasingly dire humanitarian crisis, including shortages of food, water, and medicine.

Various prisoner organizations report that Israeli occupation forces have arrested more than 7,895 Palestinians from the West Bank since October 7, at least 500 of whom are children. and stated that the occupying Israeli forces have committed the crime of enforced disappearance against Palestinian detainees from Gaza, including women and children, and have refused to provide clear information about them.

The mother of two-month-old Nahed Haboush from the Jabalia refugee camp said, *"My son was taken to the hospital twice. The first time, he was taken to the hospital due to severe crying and dehydration, and his condition improved with IV fluids and treatment."* Nahed's health deteriorated and he became dehydrated. He was admitted to the intensive care unit and remained on a ventilator for three days until he died on April 3. His mother said, *"Nahed died of starvation because he couldn't be breastfed due to the Israeli blockade, which meant there was no food for me or my baby."*

Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank are subjected to arrest, trial, and imprisonment under the Israeli military court system, which deprives them of their basic rights.

APRIL 4

The occupying Israeli army fired a missile at a residential building in the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza. At least five Palestinians, including three children, were killed in the attack, and dozens were injured.

In the city of Rafah, at the southernmost tip of the Gaza Strip, the army killed at least eight Palestinians, including two women and three children, and wounded dozens more in three airstrikes on the city.

Media sources reported that the occupying army fired a missile at the home of Ashraf Abu Derraz in the Tel Es-Sultan neighborhood west of Rafah, killing one woman and three children and injuring many others. The attacks carried out by the murderous Israel violated the right to life of many children and violated the physical integrity and bodily integrity of many children.

Following the withdrawal of the occupying Israeli army from the Shifa Medical Center in Gaza City, the Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor *stated, "The occupying Israeli army has carried out a large-scale, shockingly horrific military operation at Shifa Hospital in Gaza over the past two weeks. It targeted and attacked Palestinians indiscriminately, regardless of their civilian status, professional position, gender, age, or health condition. While the exact death toll is not yet known, initial reports indicate that more than 1,500 Palestinians were killed, wounded, or went missing as a result of the Al-Shifa massacre. Women and children account* for *half of the casualties."*

Israel's inhumane attacks violate the right to life of many children and, with the destruction of hospitals, prevent civilians, especially innocent children, from accessing healthcare.

The massacre at Shifa Hospital claimed the lives of at least 22 patients who were killed in their hospital beds while the occupying Israeli forces deliberately blocked their access to food, medical care, and supplies during their siege of the Medical Complex.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying army carried out five massacres against families in less than twenty-four hours, killing 59 Palestinians and injuring 83, most of them women and children.

Save the Children stated that approximately 26,000 children, slightly more than two percent of Gaza's child population, were killed or injured in the six-month war that destroyed the health system and eliminated access to education.



According to OCHA and the Gaza Ministry of Health, more than 13,800 children were killed in Gaza and 113 in the West Bank, while more than 12,009 children were injured in Gaza and at least 725 in the West Bank. UNICEF reported that at least 1,000 children had one or both legs amputated and that approximately 30 of 36 hospitals were bombed, leaving only 10 partially operational.

The occupying Israeli forces also struck ambulances, medical aid convoys, and access routes, crippling Gaza's health system and making it difficult for 1.1 million children in Gaza to access health services when they need them most.

Save the Children warned that emotional distress caused by bombs, loss, and hunger is increasingly overwhelming children. Mental health and child protection experts warn that as protective factors such as homes, schools, and family life disappear, children are at high risk of suffering lasting psychosocial effects. Some parents speaking to Save the Children said their children now have limited dreams, while others struggle to see a future for themselves, focusing only on survival.

Ahmed, a 37-year-old father, was displaced from Gaza City to Rafah. *"We fled south on March 25. On our way to Rafah, we saw small, torn bodies near the Beidar area. Our children are seeing things no child should ever see,"* he said.

As a result of the inhumane attacks by the occupying Israeli state, children's physical, mental, emotional, and social development is being seriously impeded, and their right to life is being violated.

APRIL 5

April 5, declared *"Palestinian Children's Day"* by former Palestinian President Yasser Arafat in 1995, is still not a day of celebration for Palestinian children born in the occupied territories. Children living with their families in poor neighborhoods in the city of Khan Yunis in Gaza are growing up in makeshift structures with limited resources.

UNICEF reported that 8 out of every 10 schools in Gaza are damaged or destroyed . While the United Nations stated that 625,000 students have no access to education, the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) reported that 1,000 children in Gaza have lost one or both legs. Meanwhile, the United Nations stated that it is estimated that more than 50,000 children in Gaza are suffering from severe malnutrition.

The World Food Programme recorded that 30 percent of children under the age of two in northern Gaza are severely malnourished. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) reported that 31 children have died of hunger and thirst. The Palestinian prisoners' rights group Addameer stated that more than 200 Palestinian children are being held in Israeli prisons.



The occupying Israeli army fired numerous artillery shells at homes and buildings in many areas, particularly in the southwestern part of Khan Yunis, killing or injuring dozens of Palestinians, including women and children. The murderous Israeli state is violating the Palestinian people's right to life.

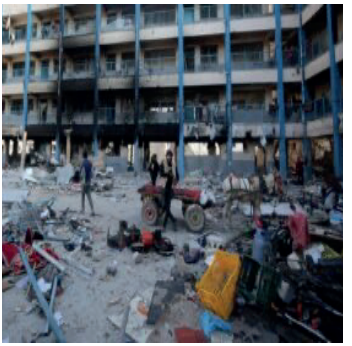
Audrey McMahon, a child psychiatrist with the international medical aid organization Doctors Without Borders (Medecins Sans Frontieres or MSF), said, *"You need to be in a safe space to learn. Right now, most children in Gaza have brains that are functioning under trauma."* McMahon also said that malnutrition in young children could lead to lifelong cognitive impairments, while adolescents could develop feelings of anger due to the injustice they experience.

Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor's new report *titled "Killing Starving Palestinians and Targeting Aid Trucks: A Deliberate Israeli Policy to Increase Starvation in the Gaza Strip*," reveals that 563 Palestinians were killed and 1,523 were injured as a result of the occupying Israeli forces targeting people awaiting aid, distribution centers, and workers organizing, protecting, and distributing aid.

According to the report, the occupying Israeli forces also use hunger, aid restrictions, and the killing of starving individuals, particularly in northern Gaza Strip, as part of the crime of forcible displacement against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip. As a result, famine has spread across northern Gaza, where nearly all food sources in the markets have been depleted, and there has been an increase in deaths among children and infants in particular due to starvation, malnutrition, dehydration, and related diseases.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying Israeli army carried out massacres targeting at least six families in the Gaza Strip in less than 24 hours, killing 62 people, mostly women and children, and injuring 91 others.

The occupying Israeli forces have killed at least 33,091 Palestinians and injured more than 75,668. Thousands of the injured are in critical condition, the majority of whom are women and children. It is also known that thousands of Palestinians remain trapped under the rubble of bombed homes and buildings, and that hundreds of Palestinians have been killed in the streets and alleys of various areas along the coastal strip, where medical personnel are unable to reach them due to the extensive destruction and ongoing bombardment by the occupying Israeli forces.



The Euro-Med Human Rights Monitor reported that "*Thousands of Gazan children have lost one or more limbs as a result of indiscriminate bombardments carried out by the occupying Israeli forces over the past six months, leaving them with permanent disabilities and lifelong trauma. Since the occupying Israeli forces began their genocide.*"

It noted that the occupying Israeli forces have killed 15,370 children and that 25,000 children have been separated from their families or are now unaccompanied due to constant attacks.

Euro-Med stated that, according to UNICEF, approximately 10 children lose their legs every day, adding that every child in Gaza now needs health and psychological support. The genocidal Israeli state's attacks have caused many children to suffer physical, mental, and psychological wounds and traumas that are very difficult to heal; it violates the Palestinians' right to life, bodily integrity, the right to safe shelter with their families, and bodily integrity.

APRIL 6

Israeli occupation forces continued to target various areas of the Gaza Strip, particularly Khan Yunis and Gaza City, with missiles and artillery fire; dozens of Palestinians were killed or wounded. News sources reported that the occupying army killed and wounded dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, in the western part of the city.

The Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics reported that the occupying Israeli army kills four children every hour in the Gaza Strip.

It was stated that the occupying Israeli army has killed at least 33,137 Palestinians in the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023, 14,350 of whom were children, and that at least 7,000 missing Palestinians, mostly buried under the rubble, were reported, approximately 70% of whom were women and children.

It was noted that a draft decree on the agenda of the murderous Israeli government's cabinet meeting approved a budget of $154 million to expand prisons where Palestinians are unlawfully detained. The draft stated that plans were in place to make room for the imprisonment of 1,036 more Palestinians, including in Ktzi'ot and Ofer prisons.

Occupying Israel holds more than 9,000 Palestinian prisoners in inhumane conditions and systematically tortures many of them. Of these, 200 are children, 51 are women, and more than 3,500 are administrative detainees held without charge or trial. Administrative detention is designed to be used only in "exceptional" circumstances, but murderous Israel uses it extensively. The occupying Israeli regime violates the right to liberty and security of many innocent people, especially children, with these unlawful detentions.

APRIL 7

On the 184th day of the genocidal Israeli army's ongoing attacks on the devastated Gaza Strip, missile and artillery strikes continued on various areas along the coastal strip, particularly Gaza City and Khan Yunis, killing or injuring dozens of Palestinians.

Medical sources stated that the occupying army shelled a house in the Shuja'iyya neighborhood in eastern Gaza City, killing at least four Palestinians and injuring more than ten others, including three children ( ) and two women. The genocidal Israeli state is violating the Palestinian people's bodily integrity and physical integrity.

The Ministry of Health reported that the occupying Israeli army carried out four massacres targeting families in the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, killing 38 people, mostly children and women, and injuring 71 others.



APRIL 8

Israeli occupation forces shot and killed 17-year-old Asma Imad Saad Daraghmeh near the Tayasir checkpoint east of Tubas in the northern occupied West Bank. Israeli occupation forces did not allow a Palestinian Red Crescent Society ambulance to reach the scene, causing Asma to bleed to death without medical assistance. Israeli occupation forces confiscated Asma's body.

Ayed Abu Eqtaish, director of the accountability program at DCIP, said, *"Asma grew up in an extremely militarized environment where Israeli occupation soldiers and settlers perpetrated violence against Palestinians side by side. While Israeli occupation authorities continue to seize children's bodies and detain them indefinitely from their families, Palestinian children cannot even rest in death."*

According to documents collected by DCIP, Israeli occupation forces and settlers killed 34 Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank in 2024.

In the El-Maghazi refugee camp, the occupying army fired shells at homes and buildings near the UNRWA clinic and wounded many Palestinians in the city of Zahra. Medical sources said that at least five Palestinians, including children, were killed and many others wounded when the army bombed homes in the El-Maghazi refugee camp.

In Khan Yunus, health workers reached the bodies of 10 Palestinians, six of them children, in the bombed Taybeh Towers in the northwest of the city.



APRIL 9

On the 186th day of the genocide launched by the occupying Israeli forces against the Palestinian people in the Gaza Strip, the occupying forces killed hundreds of

Palestinians, including women and children, with missiles and artillery fire in various areas of the Gaza coastal strip.

It was reported that five Palestinians, including children, were killed and many others were injured when a house east of the town of Jabaliya in northern Gaza was hit. In addition, the occupying army killed many Palestinians, including women and children, in Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip.

UNICEF spokesperson Tess Duncan said that health facilities in Gaza are struggling to treat sick, wounded, and malnourished children while still facing a serious shortage of equipment. Speaking to Al Jazeera from outside Kuwait Hospital in the Rafah area of Gaza, Duncan said, "*I have visited four hospitals in the last five days, and* I can tell *you* that *every medical director has told me about the impact of the lack of resources and personnel.*" Meanwhile, Duncan said, "*They are working at four times their capacity. Children are dying from infections. Children are dying from malnutrition. There is not enough staff or resources to go around. That is why we need to get this aid there urgently, and that is why we need a ceasefire.*"

As a result of the attacks carried out by the genocidal Israeli state on the healthcare system, many wounded people, especially injured children, are unable to receive treatment, and the Zionist Israeli state is completely blocking the Palestinian people's access to healthcare.

APRIL 10

On the 187th day of the genocide perpetrated by the occupying Israeli forces against Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, the occupying forces killed and wounded dozens of Palestinians with their missiles.

News sources reported that on the first day of Ramadan, an Israeli drone fired a missile at a vehicle carrying Haniyeh's family in the Shati refugee camp in Gaza City, killing Ismail Haniyeh's three sons and two of his grandchildren.

In northern Gaza, the occupying army martyred and wounded dozens of Palestinians who were breaking their fast in front of the Jabaliya Girls' School. Many Palestinians, including women and children, were martyred and wounded in the incident.

It was reported that six Palestinians, including three adults and three children, were martyred and one child was wounded when a vehicle was hit in the Beach camp in Gaza by the murderous Israeli army.

APRIL 11

Israeli occupation missiles and artillery fire killed dozens of Palestinians, including many women and children. In Jabalia, the occupying army fired a missile at the home of the Jabalia Police Chief, killing and injuring many Palestinians, including children.

APRIL 12

The occupying army, which fired numerous missiles and artillery shells at densely populated areas in the Gaza Strip, struck schools and facilities where families were seeking shelter. It also launched a large-scale invasion of areas near the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza in order to control the border corridor it had expanded between the northern and southern parts of the Gaza Strip.

At least one child was killed and many Palestinians were wounded when occupying soldiers opened fire on families in the northern part of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in central Gaza.

In the village of Beitin, northeast of the occupied West Bank city of Ramallah, a 14-year-old Palestinian child was reportedly shot and wounded by an Israeli settler.

As a result of the inhumane attacks by the occupying Israeli forces, the right to life of many children is being violated, and the physical integrity and bodily autonomy of many others is being violated.



APRIL 13

A 17-year-old Palestinian child was martyred as a result of Israeli settlers firing at Palestinians in the occupied West Bank. Omar Ahmad Abdulghani Hamed, 17,



was shot in the head on April 13 in the Palestinian village of Beitin, northeast of Ramallah in the occupied West Bank. At least 30 armed Israeli settlers from the nearby Beit El settlement entered the village of Beitin, accompanied by Israeli occupation soldiers, and attacked the home of a Palestinian family. Palestinian residents confronted the group of Israeli settlers, who indiscriminately fired live ammunition at Palestinians. A bullet struck Omar in the forehead. He was transferred to the Palestinian Medical Complex in Ramallah, where he was martyred.

Ayed Abu Eqtaish, director of the accountability program at DCIP, said, *"Palestinian children live in an extremely militarized context where Israeli settlers, illegally placed on occupied land, are armed by the Israeli government as a matter of official policy. Occupying Israeli soldiers, police, and private security personnel not only protect the occupying Israeli settler population, but also assist, abet, and carry out the unlawful killing of Palestinians, including children."*

Since October 7, 2023, when the occupying Israeli army launched a full-scale military attack on the Gaza Strip, 116 Palestinian children have been killed in the occupied West Bank.

The Israeli Air Force fired numerous missiles targeting various points in the Nuseirat refugee camp, injuring many Palestinians, including children and women sheltering in an UNRWA school.

Since October 7, 2023, the occupying Israeli forces have killed at least 33,364 Palestinians in various parts of the Gaza Strip and injured more than 76,214, the majority of whom are women and children. Among the Palestinians killed in various areas of the coastal strip are at least 9,220 women and 14,000 children.

APRIL 14

The Gaza Government Media Office issued a statement regarding the Israeli occupation's 190-day bombardment of Gaza. The statement said that the Israeli occupation army has carried out 2,973 massacres in the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023.

It has been reported that 72 percent of those subjected to Israeli attacks in Gaza are women and children. Seventeen thousand children in Gaza are living without a mother or father, and the right of Palestinian children to live safely with their families is being violated by the genocidal state of Israel. It was noted that in Gaza, where Israeli occupation forces have caused starvation, humanitarian aid has been blocked, leading to a humanitarian crisis and the tragic deaths of 30 children due to malnutrition and dehydration.

APRIL 15

During a military attack carried out by the occupying Israeli forces, 17-year-old Yazan Mohammad Fawzi Shtayeh was shot in the chest and martyred in the Rafidia neighborhood of Nablus, in the northern occupied West Bank.

Ayed Abu Eqtaish, director of the accountability program at DCIP, said, *"Decades of impunity have emboldened Israeli occupation soldiers to shoot and kill Palestinian children with impunity."*

Motasim Salah, Director of the Gaza Emergency Operations Center, said that 15 bodies have been recovered so far from a mass grave discovered at Al-Shifa Hospital in Gaza City. The hospital was recently raided and besieged by Israeli occupation soldiers who withdrew from the area earlier this month. Salah said, *"Work has resumed to search for and locate mass graves and the bodies buried in them within the Al-Shifa Medical Complex."* Despite the lack of forensic experts and adequate equipment, search teams resorted to using shovels and their hands to remove the bodies of people who were being treated at the hospital and believed to be sick. Salah added, "*Some of these bodies are decomposed, others are body parts. Many were women and children*."



Between October 7, 2023, and April 15, 2024, 435 Palestinians, including 112 children, were killed by Israeli Occupation Forces (IOF), eleven Palestinians, including three children, were killed by settler-terrorists, five Palestinians were killed by settler-terrorists or IOF, and one Palestinian, was killed by a settler-terrorist guard in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem.

APRIL 16

The United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights announced that approximately 1.7 million Palestinians have been forcibly displaced and 33,000 people, mostly children and women, have been killed as a result of the ongoing Israeli attacks on the Gaza Strip.

The Israeli occupation army continued to bomb various areas of the Gaza Strip, where hunger and destruction reign, martyring and injuring dozens of Palestinians, including many women and children. Occupying soldiers also ordered all women and children out of two schools in Beit Hanoun where families had taken refuge, firing mortar shells at them as they fled.

In central Gaza, the occupying army relentlessly continued its missile and artillery strikes on the Nuseyrat refugee camp. Dozens of people, mostly women and children, were killed in the incessant attacks, which also caused widespread destruction.

Additionally, the occupying forces launched a missile attack on the el-Meğazi refugee camp in the center of the Gaza Strip, killing at least 11 Palestinians and injuring dozens, most of them women and children.

In Rafah, at the southernmost tip of Gaza, the occupying army fired a missile at a house in the city center; 7 Palestinians, including 4 children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured.



As reports spread that some displaced persons had successfully crossed the Israeli occupation army barrier on Al-Rashid Road on the coastal strip south of Gaza City on Sunday and reached the north, thousands of displaced persons hurriedly gathered their belongings and rushed to return to their homes. The coastal road in the west of the Gaza Strip was filled with trucks, buses, vehicles of various sizes,

and animal-drawn carts carrying tens of thousands of citizens who wanted to return to their homes in the north of the Strip.

A Palestinian woman speaking to a WAFA reporter said she was waiting for a vehicle to take her to the Wadi Gaza area on the coastal road to reach her home in the Sheikh Radwan area of Gaza. She added that when she heard news that some citizens had returned, she immediately gathered her belongings and decided to return without hesitation, even if the news was not confirmed. *"I miss our home, our beds, and our kitchen. We are weary and exhausted from being displaced,"* she said.

Among the crowd of passengers in the back of the truck, Mohammed Al-Katari was one of the most eager to return to his home in the Jabalia camp north of the strip. He said he was returning alone to explore the route and, if possible, bury his son. "*I want to bury my son; he was killed in an airstrike five months ago and is still under the rubble. I want to smell the earth that embraces him,"* Al-Katari added to our correspondent.

Israa Abu Al-Saeed did not hide her joy at returning home with her three children, who were squeezed into the back of a truck. She said she was determined to return even if her house was destroyed. *"My husband has been there alone for six months, and I will return to him and our home,"* said her daughter Namaa, a first-grade student, who said she missed her father and her school.

All schools in Gaza have been closed for six months for 625,000 students. 87.7% of all school buildings in Gaza are damaged or destroyed. The occupying Israeli state is violating the right to education of Palestinian children by destroying the educational infrastructure in an inhumane environment of attack.

APRIL 17

The occupying Israeli army continued to bomb and shell settlements along the coast, killing and injuring dozens of Palestinians, including women and children. The right to life and physical integrity of many children was violated by the genocidal state of Israel.

More than nine Palestinians were killed and dozens injured, including many women and children, when the occupying Israeli army launched a missile attack on a mosque in the city of Jabalia in northern Gaza.

Palestinian rescue teams found the bodies of seven Palestinians, four of them children, under the rubble of a house where the Abu El-Hanud family lived in the Yibne refugee camp in the center of Rafah city.



At least ten Palestinians, including two women and five children, were killed and others wounded when a house sheltering refugees in the As Salam neighborhood east of Rafah was hit. In addition, the occupying army fired a missile at a house in the center of Rafah. Dozens of Palestinians, including many women and children, were killed or injured in the attack. Many people were trapped under the rubble, and efforts to find them continued.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying Israeli forces carried out six massacres targeting entire families in less than 24 hours, killing at least 56 Palestinians and injuring 89 others.

APRIL 18

In Rafah, at the southernmost tip of Gaza, health workers recovered the bodies of eight Palestinians, five of them children and two women, from the Ayyad family after the occupying army bombed the Selam neighborhood in the south of the city. In addition to the martyred mother and father, the children's names were given as Bashir Ayyad (15), Yahia (13), Jenna (8), Zein (6), and Zaki (3). The family had been displaced 10 times since October 7, 2023.



The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying Israeli army carried out seven massacres against families in the last 24 hours, killing 71 people, mostly women and children, and wounding 106 others.

APRIL 19

In an attack carried out by Israeli occupation aircraft on the Tel Es-Sultan neighborhood of the southern Gaza Strip city of Rafah on Friday evening, 9 Palestinians were martyred, including 6 children, 5 of whom were under the age of 5.

Israeli occupation forces raided the camp east of Tulkarm from various directions. The occupation forces carried out extensive raids and large-scale destruction on homes and infrastructure in the camp for three days. In addition to all this, ambulances were not allowed to enter the camp to evacuate those killed and wounded in the camp. The lifeless body of 13-year-old Qays Fathi Nasrallah from the Tulkarm refugee camp arrived at Tulkarm Government Hospital after being shot in the chest during the raid on the camp by the occupation forces. Fifteen-year-old Jihad Niyaz Naser Zendeeq was also among those shot in various parts of his body.

The attack by the occupying forces violated the right to life of many children, as well as the bodily integrity and physical integrity of many others. By preventing ambulances from reaching the wounded, the genocidal Israeli state violated the right of civilians, especially children, to access healthcare.

UN independent human rights experts have sounded the alarm over the systematic destruction of the Palestinian education system in the Gaza Strip at a time when Israel's military attacks continue unabated. The experts stated, *"The persistent, indiscriminate attacks on Gaza's educational infrastructure have a devastating and long-term impact on people's fundamental rights to learn and express themselves freely, robbing another generation of Palestinians of their future."* Meanwhile, it was noted that women and girls face multiple risks, including increased gender-based violence, when there is no safe place for them to go to school. In addition to all this, it was stated that "*These attacks are not isolated incidents. They present a pattern of systematic violence aimed at dismantling the foundations of Palestinian society*."



Based on data from the Palestinian Ministry of Health, UNICEF warned that one child is killed or injured every ten minutes in Gaza, emphasizing the urgent need to increase medical evacuations for children. Israel's inhumane attacks violate the Palestinian people's right to life and also violate their right to health, and consequently their right to life, by preventing those injured in the attacks from accessing healthcare.

APRIL 20

A Palestinian father, a toddler, and a pregnant mother were martyred in an Israeli airstrike targeting a house in the Shaboura camp in the center of Rafah city in the southern Gaza Strip. The mother was nine months pregnant, and although she was martyred along with her husband and older child in the bombing, doctors managed to save the baby's life.

The occupation forces' airstrikes targeted the Joudeh family's home in the Shaboura camp in the center of Rafah city. In addition to the martyred family, many people, most of them children, were injured as a result of the occupation aircraft bombing their homes in the Shaboura camp in Rafah city.

It was reported that the number of martyrs increased after occupation aircraft targeted the Radwan family's home in the Tel Al-Sultan neighborhood of Rafah, in the southern Gaza Strip. Nine family members were martyred, including six children and women.

It was reported that at least 16 Palestinians, including 13 children and 3 women, were martyred when a house was hit in the At Tanour area east of Rafah.

Tess Ingram, UNICEF Communications Specialist, returning from her visit to Gaza, said during her two-week visit, *"Children are bearing the brunt of this war. Thousands of wounded in Gaza are struggling to get the medical care they need. Wounded children are often writhing in pain. In an environment where at least 70 children are injured every day, the number of medical evacuations needs to increase so that children can access the care they urgently need. And with a child being killed or injured every ten minutes, above all, we need a ceasefire. This* is *the only way to stop children from being killed and maimed. Their shattered bodies and shattered lives* are *proof* of *the brutality imposed upon them."*

APRIL 21

In the western part of the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza, numerous Palestinians were killed and dozens wounded when the occupying army fired a missile at a house. Medical sources reported that most of the Palestinians killed and wounded in the house and surrounding homes were women and children.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health confirmed that the Israeli occupation army killed 24 Palestinians, including 16 children and 6 women, in airstrikes targeting two houses in the city of Rafah, at the southernmost tip of Gaza.

Al Jazeera's Hani Mahmoud reported horrific scenes and traces of destruction inside the complex after the Israeli occupation army withdrew from Nasser Hospital on April 7. He noted that the most shocking thing was the discovery of the largest mass grave to date in the city of Khan Yunis.

The occupying Israeli forces are violating the right to life of many children and civilians in particular with their inhumane attacks and are acting contrary to human dignity and memory by not even allowing them to be buried properly after their deaths.

The attack began late on April 18 when Israeli occupation forces surrounded the Nur Shams refugee camp east of Tulkarim with armored vehicles and soldiers. Israeli occupation forces kept the camp under siege for more than 50 hours, firing on residents, arresting many people, and demolishing homes.

Palestinians, including martyrs and wounded, were trapped inside the camp without access to medical care due to the Israeli occupation forces blocking ambulances. The ministry reported that despite numerous casualties and calls for help, its personnel had been unable to enter the camp for two days. After the withdrawal of the occupation soldiers, medical teams and journalists finally reached the affected areas in the camp. Medical personnel recovered a total of 14 bodies, including that of a 15-year-old child.

Dr. Ashraf al-Qidra, spokesperson for the Gaza Ministry of Health, stated that at least 11,000 Palestinians were trapped under the rubble in the Gaza Strip, adding that the occupying Israeli army was killing an average of 172 Palestinians, 70 of them children, every day in various areas along the coast.

APRIL 22

Israeli occupation forces carried out a military attack on the Nur Shams refugee camp, killing 15-year-old Jihad Nyaz Naser Zandiq, 17-year-old Ali Mohammad Ali Abdullah, and 14-year-old Qais Fathi Ibrahim Nasrullah. According to documents collected by DCIP, Israeli occupation forces shot Jihad and Qais with live ammunition, while shrapnel from a bullet fired by the Israeli occupation forces killed Ali. Israeli occupation forces deliberately prevented Palestinian ambulances from reaching wounded Palestinians throughout the military operation.

Medical sources stated that dozens of people were injured and more than 26 Palestinians were martyred in less than 24 hours in the bomb attack on Rafah. It was reported that most of the martyred Palestinians, 20 of whom were women and children, were from the Abdul-Al family living in their homes behind the police station in Tal Al-Sultan, near the Egyptian border, and that the occupying army bombed homes in other areas as well.

The occupying Israeli army continued its bombing and artillery fire across the Gaza Strip, including Rafah, which was declared a safe zone but was constantly subjected to bombing and violations. The baby girl of the Palestinian woman killed in the Israeli attack was born. Dr. Mohammed Salama said that the baby, who weighed 1.4 kilograms and was delivered by emergency caesarean section, was in stable condition and improving. He added that the baby's mother was 30 weeks pregnant and that the baby would remain in the hospital for three to four weeks. In addition to all this, he said, "*After that, we will see if she leaves and where this child will go, to the family, to the aunt, uncle, or grandparents. That is the biggest tragedy. Even if this child survives, he was born an orphan.*"

Sobhi Radwan, former mayor of Rafah, said after the bombardment carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on his home while everyone was asleep, killing nine family members, including his son, his son's wife, and children, and injuring dozens of people, *"Both Israel and the United Israel are the essence of evil in the world. They claim to care about democracy and human rights, yet they kill women and children."*





At least one child was killed and many Palestinians were injured when the occupying army fired missiles at family homes in the Abu Arif Street area of Deir al-Balah.

Medical workers reported an increase in the number of children with injuries and limb loss, often requiring skin grafts and multiple surgeries. Hospital pediatric nurse Becky Platt *said, "We treated a 10-year-old boy who had shrapnel in his thigh and a shattered femur. He had lost a lot of muscle and tissue, so he needed a skin graft, and he also had an external fixator on his leg. He underwent multiple surgeries, but he was so distressed by the appearance of his leg that he couldn't even look at it. He was silently crying in a heartbreaking way. But this* is *a standard story. The children are psychologically devastated by everything that has happened to them*."

Doctors in Gaza said that a large portion of their surgeries are performed on children, and that food shortages mean patients are often not strong enough to heal properly or fight infections.

Dr. Simon Struthers, a pediatrician at the field hospital in Rafah, said, *"We are seeing acute respiratory infections, cases of malnutrition, scabies, and hepatitis A. In the last two weeks, I have seen more jaundice than I have seen in my entire career. We are treating many children with acute gastroenteritis, a type that is spread through feces. Hand washing would reduce this, but now everyone has been displaced, living in tents, and unfortunately, overcrowding and lack of sanitation or clean water increase the risks*."

The attacks by the occupying Israeli forces on the health system violate the inviolability of the body and the integrity of the person, infringing on the right of innocent children and civilians to health. Meanwhile, genocidal Israel, by blocking the delivery of aid and spreading famine, is again violating the right to nutrition of many children and, with the intensification of the famine, ultimately their right to life.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying Israeli army carried out six massacres against Palestinian families, martyring dozens of people, includ-

ing 54 people whose bodies were pulled from the rubble, and injuring more than 104 people, most of them women and children.

APRIL 23

It was reported that three Palestinians, including a child and two men, were martyred and many others were injured when a house was hit in the As Salam neighborhood east of Rafah.

Salama Maarouf, head of the Government Media Office, said, "*The fate of approximately 2,000 Palestinians who were inside the Nasir Medical Complex when the Israeli occupation army raided it is still unknown. It is not known whether they were arrested or killed, or whether their bodies were hidden.*"

The EuroMed Human Rights Monitoring Organization reported that the total number of Palestinians killed between October 7, 2023, and April 23, 2024, was 42,510, of whom 15,780 were children, 10,091 were women, and 137 were journalists.



The number of those injured in the attacks by the occupiers reached 79,240, 70% of whom were children and women. Of these, 11,000 are in critical condition and need to be sent to hospitals abroad to save their lives. 1,200 people suffered permanent disabilities or required the amputation of at least one hand or foot for treatment.

APRIL 24

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying army carried out three massacres against families in the Gaza Strip in less than 24 hours, killing 32 Palestinians and injuring 59, most of them women and children.

In Gaza, a Palestinian woman named Amna Hmeid and her 12-year-old child Mehdi were martyred and six people were injured as a result of the occupying army firing missiles at their homes in the western part of the city.



APRIL 25

16-year-old Khalid Raed Suleiman Aruk was martyred after being shot by an Israeli sniper in the Batn Al-Hawa neighborhood of Ramallah, in the center of the occupied West Bank. It was claimed that Khalid was involved in clashes with Israeli occupation forces alongside other young Palestinians who threw stones and Molotov cocktails at a heavily armored Israeli military vehicle. An Israeli occupation sniper positioned in one of the buildings opposite the building where Khalid was located shot Khalid in the chest from a distance of 40 to 50 meters (131 to 164 feet). Khalid was taken by a Palestinian ambulance to the Palestinian Medical Complex in Ramallah, where he was pronounced dead upon arrival.

The occupying army fired artillery shells at several neighborhoods in Gaza, including Zeytun, Tel El Hava, Sheikh Eylin, and Rimal, wounding at least ten Palestinians, three of whom were children.

At least five Palestinians were killed and many others, including two children, were injured when the occupying army fired a missile at the home of Palestinian journalist Muhammad Bassam Al-Jamal. In an attack near the Indonesian Hospital in Beit Lahiya, three Palestinian children were killed and two others were injured. .



In the West Bank, Israeli occupation soldiers and paramilitary settlers killed 16-year-old Khalid Raid Suleiman Uruk and 20-year-old Maymune Abdul-Hamid Harahsha.

Al Jazeera reported that officials in Gaza stated that *"torture and execution marks were found in mass graves containing 392 bodies, including women, children, and the elderly, located in two hospitals in the Gaza Strip."* Al Jazeera also stated that torture marks were clearly visible on the bodies found in the mass graves dug by the army.

Since October 7, 2023, the occupying Israeli forces have killed 14,778 children, 9,752 women, 497 health personnel and health workers, 67 Civil Defense members, 152 UNRWA employees and staff, 140 journalists, and 246 educators, and wounded more than 77,293 people, the majority of whom were women and children.



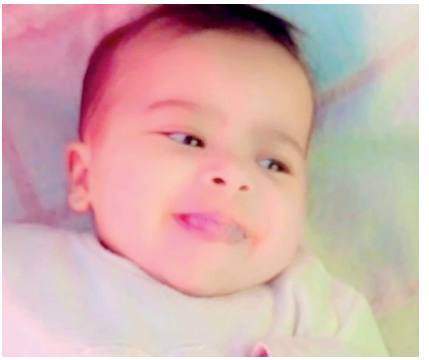
APRIL 26

Numerous Palestinians were injured when occupation forces bombed agricultural fields in the El-Severha area west of the El-Nuseyrat refugee camp in the center of the Gaza Strip.

A woman, her husband, and their two newborn babies were reported killed in an attack on an apartment building near the El Rimal clinic in Gaza City.



The WAFA news agency published interviews with displaced Palestinians. Rateb Saleh, a displaced resident of the Jabaliya refugee



camp in the northern Gaza Strip, said, *"We settled in Rafah seven months ago, and the war is still going on. There is killing, destruction, pain, displacement, and intimidation. The situation is very tragic; there is no water, no electricity, no food, destruction and death everywhere. There is no safe area in the Gaza Strip; the Israeli occupation is destroying mosques and homes and killing women, children, and the elderly. The population is dying, and the world is watching. We want the war to stop."* He emphasized the need for international pressure to limit Israel's ongoing war.

The plight of citizens living in refugee camps in the southern Gaza Strip is worsening with intense heat waves, especially after warnings of epidemics and diseases spreading among children and women. Rising temperatures are exacerbating the sanitation crisis and affecting more than 1.7 million internally displaced persons who lack adequate shelter and basic necessities for survival. In Gaza, a 5-month-old baby named Melek Said El-Yaziji also died in a tent due to extreme heat and malnutrition.

APRIL 27

Israeli warplanes bombed the home of Hani Diab Aşur in the town of El-Nasr, north of Rafah, directly and without prior warning. As a result of the bombing, 10 Palestinians were killed, including three women and three children; his wife Taghrid, his eight sons and daughters, and a relative's child were also injured.

At least eight Palestinians, including women and children, were martyred and dozens were injured when the army launched missile strikes on two houses in the Nuseyrat refugee camp in central Gaza.

Medical sources said that the occupying army fired a missile at a house in the Sultan neighborhood of Nuseyrat, killing four Palestinians, including a newborn girl, seriously injuring all of them, and wounding many Palestinians, most of them women and children. In addition to all this, it was reported that the occupying army also fired a missile at another house in the refugee camp, killing four Palestinians and injuring at least thirty people, most of them women and children.

It was reported that six Palestinians, including four children and one woman, were martyred and others were injured when a house was hit in the As Suudi neighborhood west of Rafah.

It was reported that at least 10 Palestinians, including at least two children and one woman, were killed when a house was hit in the An Nasser area in the northeast of Rafah.

UNRWA said, *"Living conditions in Gaza continue to deteriorate rapidly. Rising temperatures and water shortages in Rafah, where 1.2 million people are sheltering, are increasing the risk of disease. Humanitarian workers need more support and unhindered access to alleviate suffering and save lives."*

The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reported that a baby girl died in Rafah amid growing concerns over rising temperatures and poor hygiene conditions. The attacks by the occupying Israeli forces and their obstruction of access to food, clean water, and healthcare violate the right to life of babies and children.

APRIL 28

Israeli warplanes bombed the home of Mar'rouf Ali al-Hatib in the El-Jineen neighborhood of Rafah without prior warning. The bombing resulted in the martyrdom of three children.

Occupation soldiers fired a missile at the Tartouri family's home in the western part of Gaza City, killing five Palestinians, including women and children, and wounding dozens. Meanwhile, Israeli warplanes bombed a house rented by the Al-Hajj Yusuf family in the Saudi neighborhood in western Rafah. The attack killed six residents, including four children and one woman.

In Rafah, at the southernmost tip of Gaza, the occupying army fired a missile at the Hatib family's home in the El Junaina neighborhood in the east of the city. Four Palestinians were killed in the attack, including one child and two women, and dozens were wounded, most of them children and women.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported that the occupying army carried out four massacres against Palestinian families in the Gaza Strip, killing 32 people, mostly women and children, and injuring 69 others.

APRIL 29

The Government Media Office (GMO) reported that a 14-year-old child was seriously injured and had limbs amputated after opening a booby-trapped food box he found while searching for belongings in his home, which had been bombed by Israeli forces in Khan Yunis. The GMO stated that many people have been injured recently as a result of booby-trapped canned food exploding and called on the public to exercise extreme caution.

The occupying forces, by attacking and preventing civilians from accessing food, and then inhumanely setting traps in food boxes, have caused innocent children to suffer injuries that cannot be properly healed.

It was reported that ten Palestinians, including three children and three women, were killed and others were injured in an attack that hit a house in the Al-Jawazat area of eastern Rafah.

Gaza is struggling with unsanitary conditions due to the war and blockade imposed by the occupying state of Israel, and residents are forced to drink unhealthy water.





The occupying Israeli state is denying the Palestinian people their right to access clean water.

It was reported that two Palestinian women and two girls were martyred and some others were injured when a house was hit in the Tall As Sultan neighborhood in western Rafah.

In an attack carried out by the occupying forces on a house near the Al-Ihsan Mosque in the Al-Nuseyrat Refugee Camp, three Palestinians, including a child and a woman, were martyred and many others were injured.

Israeli warplanes directly bombed a house belonging to the Abu Taha

family in the Salam neighborhood of Rafah. This attack resulted in the martyrdom of 10 residents, including three children and three women, and the injury of others with various wounds. In addition to all this, Israeli occupation warplanes directly bombed a house belonging to the Al-Havaca family in the Al-Shabura refugee camp in Rafah. The bombing killed nine Palestinians, including four women and two children, one of whom was a newborn baby less than five days old.

Israeli military attacks continue in various parts of the Gaza Strip, with ongoing air and artillery bombardments targeting homes and gathering places of displaced persons. According to the Gaza Ministry of Health, the toll of the military assault, which lasted from October 7, 2023, to Monday morning, April 29, 2024, reached 34,488 Palestinians killed and 77,643 wounded. Among the dead are 14,873 children and approximately 10,000 women, with thousands of bodies believed to be buried under rubble or missing.

APRIL 30

Israeli occupation forces detained a record number of Palestinian children without charge. According to information shared by the Israeli Prison Service, Israeli occupation forces were holding 61 Palestinian children in administrative detention as of March 31. This is a record number since DCIP began tracking children in administrative detention in 2008. At least half of these children were detained after October 7, 2023, following the escalation of military operations by Israeli occupation forces in the occupied West Bank.

The occupying forces' unlawful arrests violate the children's right to liberty and security of person. Occupying Israel holds the distinction of being the only country in the world where 500 to 700 children are systematically tried in military courts each year, deprived of their fundamental right to a fair trial.

MAY 1, 2024

UNICEF Executive Director Catherine Russell warned that a ground operation in Rafah on May 1 would bring "disaster upon disaster," emphasizing the "unimaginable toll" the war has taken on children, who make up 47% of Gaza's population. According to UNICEF, approximately 600,000 children have already sought refuge in Rafah, and almost all of them are "either injured, sick, malnourished, traumatized, or disabled."

UNICEF spokesperson James Elder, recounting his three visits to the European Hospital Intensive Care Unit in Rafah, noted that he saw multiple children sharing the same bed. Elder stated, "*Each was brought in after a bomb destroyed their home, and despite the doctors' best efforts, they all died*."

Becky Platt, a pediatric nurse in Al Mawasi, also drew attention to the physical pain and psychological distress experienced by injured children at the Emergency Health Unit established by Save the Children. Platt emphasized that the recovery process was extremely long and difficult due to the lack of effective painkillers, rehabilitation services, and devices such as wheelchairs or prosthetics.

MAY 2

The daily report published on Thursday, May 2, by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the occupying forces carried out three massacres in the last 24 hours during their ongoing attacks in the region, killing 28 people and injuring 51.

According to the Ministry's statement, the total number of martyrs since the attacks began on October 7, 2023, has reached 34,596, while the number of wounded has reached 77,816. However, it was stated that these figures do not include those still under the rubble or those killed by the occupying forces and whose bodies were thrown onto the roads and have not yet been collected. The statement



noted that due to the attacks and obstructions by the occupying forces, medical teams and civil defense personnel are facing great difficulties in reaching those trapped under the rubble and the bodies scattered on the roads. It was stated that if all those trapped under the rubble and the bodies on the roads are reached, the number of martyrs is expected to exceed 45,000.

It was stated that the total number of those killed, injured, and missing in the attacks carried out by the occupying forces for 209 days has exceeded 125,000, 73% of whom are women and children. It was also reported that approximately 2 million people were forced to live in shelters, which had turned into concentration camps, due to the occupation forces destroying a large number of homes.

It was also stated that the occupation regime's policy of starvation has prevented humanitarian aid from reaching the region, causing a serious famine. It was stated that humanitarian aid has been completely blocked from reaching the northern part of the region, where 700,000 people live, due to the military corridor opened by the occupying forces, causing a large-scale famine in the region. Humanitarian aid can only reach the Rafah region, where 1.5 million people have been forced to take refuge, and the Khan Yunis region, where approximately 300,000 people live, through the Rafah border crossing. However, due to threats from the occupation regime and the negligence of the Egyptian administration, only a very limited amount of food supplies can enter these areas, leading to a serious famine crisis in the region.

MAY 3

In a daily report published on Friday, May 3, by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza, it was reported that the occupying forces carried out three massacres in the last 24 hours during their ongoing attacks in the region, killing 26 people and injuring 51.





Ritaj Mohamed Riad Joha was only eight years old when Israel's murderous attacks began. Surrounded by the love of his family and friends, he spent his days filled with happiness and dreams of a bright future.

However, an Israeli airstrike turned his home into rubble and trapped Ritaj under the debris for two days. When rescue teams finally reached him, he had lost not only his legs, but also his family, friends, and childhood.

Doctors performed multiple surgeries to save his leg, but ultimately had to amputate it. Ritaj now lives with his aunt in a crowded shelter, and his only wish is for these attacks to end.

Displaced and struggling to recover, Ritaj longs for things most people take for granted in daily life: food, education, safety, and the simple joy of walking and playing like other children. In this incident, a child's right to bodily integrity and physical safety has been clearly violated.

MAY 5

Israeli warplanes directly targeted ten homes and agricultural fields in different areas of Rafah from the evening of May 5 to the early hours of May 6, 2024. As a result of these attacks, a total of 28 Palestinians were killed, including 11 children and 8 women, many people were injured, and many people trapped under the rubble have not yet been reached. This situation violates children's right to life, physical integrity, bodily integrity, and the clear provisions of international humanitarian law.



The population of the Rafah governorate has increased nearly sixfold in the last sev-

en months, from 275,000 to over 1.5 million. Some areas of Rafah (the neighborhoods of Ash-Shabura, Tel El-Sultan, and El-Zuhur), which currently host about three-quarters of Gaza's population, have been repeatedly bombed by the occupying Israeli forces, despite being considered the last "safe areas" in Gaza.

MAY 6

The daily report published on Monday, May 6, by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupying forces carried out 5 massacres in the last 24 hours in their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing 52 people and injuring 90 others.

On May 6, 2024, the murderous Israeli army issued new evacuation orders targeting displaced persons living in the El-Shawka Municipality, El-Selam, El-Cinena, Tabet Ziraa, and El-Bayouk neighborhoods, as well as in blocks 10, 16, 28, and 270. These orders instructed the individuals concerned to "evacuate immediately" and move to the so-called "expanded humanitarian zone" in El-Mevasi. This directive follows statements by Israeli authorities that the humanitarian zone in El-Mevasi will be expanded to include neighborhoods stretching from Khan Yunis to the Shuhada al-Aqsa Hospital in Deir al-Balah. However, it is clear that no area in Gaza is safe in reality.

It is estimated that more than 250,000 people live in the areas affected by this evacuation order. This number constitutes a significant portion of Rafah's more than one million residents and displaced population. Tens of thousands of families were forced out of their homes and left to live in temporary tents.

Immediately prior to the new evacuation order, there was an alarming increase in Israeli attacks on Rafah. Israeli warplanes directly targeted 10 residential buildings, seven of which still had civilians inside at the time of the attack. Agricultural lands in various parts of Rafah were also targeted. As a result of these attacks, a total of 28 Palestinians were killed, including 11 children and 8 women, and many civilians were injured.

The previous week, Israeli forces used three Palestinian children as human shields in the northern part of the occupied West Bank. According to documents compiled by Defense for Children International, 11-year-old Karam, 12-year-old Mohammad, and 14-year-old Ibrahim were forced by Israeli soldiers to walk in front of them in separate incidents during an Israeli army raid on the Tulkarem refugee camp on May 6.

In all three incidents, armed Israeli soldiers forced the children to walk in front of them while searching homes and neighborhoods within the camp; in two incidents, shots were fired at the children's shoulders. This violates children's right to life, physical integrity, bodily integrity, and clear provisions of international humanitarian law.

The Palestinian Center for Human Rights (PCHR), along with the human rights organizations El Mezan and El Hak, argued that the Israeli army's ground operation in East Rafah is clear evidence of the international community's failure to stop the ongoing genocide in Gaza, as required by its legal obligations, and to compel Israel to comply with the provisional measures ordered by the International Court of Justice. It was emphasized that despite clear legal obligations, Israel's actions constitute a blatant disregard for international law and human rights, and that there is an urgent need for decisive and global intervention to prevent further massacres.

MAY 7

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza reported in its daily report published on Tuesday, May 7, that the occupying forces carried out six massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing 54 people and wounding 96 others.

Less than 15 hours after issuing an evacuation order on May 6, and without giving families a chance to leave the area, the occupying Israeli forces decided to launch a ground operation in East Rafah. Early on the morning of May 7, they advanced with their tanks and raided the Palestinian side of the Rafah border crossing, taking control. The Israeli flag was raised inside the border crossing. This alarming development is yet another proof of Israel's intention to eliminate the Palestinian presence in Gaza, subject the Palestinian people to genocide, and gain control over their lands.

These developments took place amid intense air strikes and artillery bombardments by Israeli forces targeting homes, streets, agricultural lands, and farms.

From early hours on Tuesday, May 7, Israeli occupation attacks killed at least 23 Palestinians, including six women and six children, caused numerous injuries, and left several people trapped under the rubble of two homes.

The Rafah Border Crossing was closed to the entry and exit of goods into Gaza, including both people and urgently needed life-saving humanitarian aid. This clo-

sure directly puts the lives of hundreds of wounded and medically ill people at risk and effectively condemns them to death due to lack of access to medical care. Furthermore, this closure is exacerbating the humanitarian crisis and preventing the delivery of basic aid to those in urgent need by hindering the movement of the few delegations allowed into Gaza, including medical and humanitarian missions.

As a direct result of the ground operation and evacuation orders, the Ministry of Health was forced to evacuate Abu Yusuf al-Najar Hospital. Currently, only Kuwait Hospital and three field hospitals established during the ongoing genocide remain operational, further straining the local health infrastructure.

Israel systematically violates international legal norms and United Nations resolutions. The permanent immunity granted to Israel allows further atrocities to continue, as seen at the start of the Rafah ground operation.

Concrete and decisive steps are urgently needed to stop the occupation of Rafah or to end Israel's genocidal military operation against Palestinians in Gaza in order to prevent further atrocities. Palestinian human rights organizations call on the international community to act immediately and decisively, using all available means, including economic sanctions, arms embargoes, and other countermeasures, until the occupying power Israel complies with its obligations under international law.

MAY 8

The daily report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza on Wednesday, May 8, stated that the occupying forces carried out 7 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing 55 people and injuring 200 others.

The Government Information Office in Gaza announced that a new mass grave had been found on the grounds of Shifa Hospital, Palestine's largest medical complex in Gaza, and that medical teams had so far recovered 49 bodies from it, most of which were decomposed ( ). The search for bodies continues, and it is likely that dozens more bodies will be recovered.

The statement highlighted that the occupying forces had besieged Al-Shifa Hospital for days during their genocidal attacks on the Gaza Strip and carried out a major massacre during this siege, killing 400 people, including doctors and medical personnel, in a horrific and completely arbitrary manner.

The statement said that dozens more people known to have taken refuge in Shifa Hospital are missing, and it is highly likely that they were buried in the mass graves that were opened.

With the new mass grave discovered on the grounds of Shifa Hospital, the number of mass graves found within the hospital grounds during that period has risen to seven. One of these graves is located at Kemal Advan Hospital, three at Shifa Hospital, and three at Nasser Medical Center. The number of bodies exhumed from these graves so far has reached 520.

The Gaza Government Media Office confirmed that they found headless bodies. This is truly horrific and clearly reflects what happened in the camp during the Israeli raid.

The Gaza Government Information Office called on all international organizations to stand up against this savagery perpetrated by the Zionist occupiers. It was emphasized that the Zionist occupation regime, with the support of the US, is still giving its soldiers the green light to carry out such horrific massacres against humanity.

On Wednesday, May 8, 2024, at around 8:27 p.m., terrorist Israeli airstrikes targeted the Eid family's home in Tal Al-Sultan, west of Rafah City. This attack resulted in the martyrdom of eight family members, including a woman and four children, as well as displaced persons and neighbors.

On May 8, four Palestinians, including a child, were martyred in four murderous Israeli airstrikes targeting the village of Al-Shoka and the Khalid Qeshta building in the center of Rafah. In addition, a Palestinian died from wounds sustained in an attack on the Al-Tannour neighborhood three days earlier.

Furthermore, six Palestinian workers were wounded by Israeli occupation forces' gunfire near Al-Tannour Square on Salah Al-Din Road. This occurred while they were traveling in a truck belonging to the Shuhaiber family to the Karem Abu Salem Crossing in southeast Rafah. Although this crossing is designed for transporting humanitarian aid, they were attacked.

Destruction took place in three towns in the West Bank. According to the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs, Israel has demolished 404 Palestinian structures and displaced 737 people so far in 2024. With these actions, Israel is

acting in violation of its obligation under international humanitarian law to protect civilians.

MAY 9

On Thursday, May 9, 2024, at approximately 3:29 p.m., the Israeli air force targeted the home of Jamal Lafi on Awni Dheir Street in the Kherbet Al-Adas neighborhood of Rafah without any prior warning. As a result of the attack, Jamal Lafi's three sons and one daughter were killed, and five people were injured.

On the same day, three Palestinians, including two children, were killed and many others were injured in an Israeli attack on the Abu Temima Mosque in the El-Barazil neighborhood south of Rafah. In addition, a Palestinian was killed in an airstrike targeting a motorcycle near Salah Al-Din Road in eastern Rafah.

The murderous Israeli army issued evacuation orders covering a large part of Rafah, demanding that the eastern part of the city be completely evacuated and moved westward. However, civilians who headed for areas declared as supposedly safer zones reported that these areas were also targeted by air strikes, resulting in civilian casualties.

Furthermore, the Israeli army ordered civilians living in the eastern Gaza Strip to evacuate to the El-Mavasi area on the Mediterranean coast. This area, approximately 12 kilometers long and 1 kilometer wide, stretches from Deir al-Balah in the center of the Gaza Strip along the Han Yunus coastal strip to Rafah. Before the war, this sandy area was used for agriculture and horticulture, and was home to approximately 9,000 people who mainly made their living from fishing and farming. Today, more than 400,000 displaced people live in the area.

It was determined that the same areas were heavily bombed at the same time as the evacuation orders were issued. Images from the area show collapsed buildings, dead children trapped under rubble, and civilians lost among piles of debris. A tragic photo circulating on social media shows two children trapped between the two floors of a bombed house in Rafah; one of the children appears to be trying to cover



his head as if to protect his sibling. However, the collapsed ceiling has fallen on their bodies, leaving only the image of a hand trying to help his sibling.

Among the "evacuation warning" methods used by the Israeli army are continuous and random artillery fire on areas ordered to evacuate and "reconnaissance aircraft" firing missiles at moving targets.

UNRWA Gaza Spokesperson Enas Hamdan stated, "*The Rafah Border Crossing is the main entry point for food, medicine, and fuel supplies. The continued closure of the border crossing will disrupt the humanitarian aid efforts of UNRWA teams working in the Gaza Strip, which help alleviate the harsh living conditions of the majority of the population of Rafah city*."



MAY 10

On Friday, May 10, 2024, at 07:18 a.m., an artillery strike on Al-Ruz Street in the Tal Zuhur neighborhood of Rafah killed one Palestinian and wounded his son.

On the same day, Israeli airstrikes targeted two houses in the El-Nusayrat Refugee Camp. One person was killed and 10 were injured when a house belonging to the Abu Mallouh family was hit. The strike on the home belonging to the Nebhan family killed one woman and injured four others. That same evening, a square where the El-Nimer and El-Eshkar families lived in the El-Nusayrat Refugee Camp was targeted, killing 10 Palestinians and injuring 40 others.

Artillery fire during a ground operation in the town of Abasan El-Kabira, east of Khan Yunis, killed eight members of the Qdeih family. Later that same day, a house in Qizan el-Neccar, south of Khan Yunus, was targeted in an airstrike.



On May 10, 2024, the Republic of South Africa applied to the International Criminal Court (ICC), requesting additional provisional measures and the modification of measures previously ordered by the Court. This application was made following the launch of the Rafah ground operation on May 6, 2024, and Israel's subsequent renewed attacks on northern Gaza. The application emphasized that the intensity and brutality of these attacks were clear evidence of ongoing genocide.

As a result of the forced evacuations carried out by Israeli forces, approximately one million people in the Gaza Strip—half of them children—are living in official or unofficial shelters. Since October 7, 2023, many schools in Gaza have been converted into shelters by the Government Emergency Committee following the withdrawal of UNRWA from the area. It was reported that there are more than 50 shelters in Gaza City alone and that these centers are experiencing a serious shortage of basic necessities such as food, water, and sanitation.

These schools, used as shelters for civilians, have been repeatedly targeted directly by Israeli attacks, despite being protected under international humanitarian law. The deliberate targeting of school shelters in Gaza constitutes a grave violation of international humanitarian law under the Fourth Geneva Convention of 1949. The Convention prohibits attacks on civilian targets, including schools used to provide shelter to civilians. Such actions also violate the principle of distinction, which requires parties to a conflict to distinguish between civilian and military targets.

The Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court also defines the intentional targeting of civilians or civilian objects as a war crime that is prosecutable and punishable under international law.

MAY 11

The murderous Israeli army issued new evacuation orders on Saturday morning, May 11, 2024, targeting the El-Edari, El-Cinena, and Kherbet El-Adas neighbor-

hoods in blocks 6, 9, 17, 25, 27, and 31, as well as the Rafah and Esh-Shabura refugee camps. Residents of the area were instructed to go to the so-called "humanitarian zone" in El-Mavasi.

On the same day, the terrorist Israeli army once again ordered the evacuation of the Jabaliya Camp in northern Gaza, then occupied Jabaliya. Dozens of Palestinians were martyred in the murderous Israeli airstrikes. At 3:40 p.m. on May 11, 2024, murderous Israeli airstrikes targeted a tin house belonging to the Haşhaş family in the Haşhaş neighborhood northwest of the city of Rafah; nine people were martyred in the attack, including five women, three children, and two babies. Others were injured.

On the same day, at around 5:27 p.m., Israeli airstrikes targeted a civilian vehicle in the El-Selam neighborhood south of Rafah; three passengers in the vehicle, including two from the same family, were martyred.

On Saturday, May 11, at around 6:30 p.m., an Israeli airstrike targeted a group of civilians in the El-Selam neighborhood south of Rafah, killing four Palestinians, including two brothers.

Again on the same day, at around 1:40 a.m., murderous Israeli airstrikes hit the home of the Al-Hatib family in Al-Zawaida; nine Palestinians were killed, including five children and three women.

Between May 10 and 11, 2024, terrorist Israeli airstrikes targeted at least seven homes in the Al-Sabra and Al-Zaytoun neighborhoods, as well as in Jabaliya and Beit Lahiya, killing and injuring many people. Among those killed were journalist Baha Okasha, his wife, and his son.

MAY 12

The Palestinian Red Crescent reported that four Palestinians were killed and 10 wounded in a town in central Gaza. All of the wounded were children, one of whom was a baby.

Four people, including an infant, were killed and 10 were injured when Israeli occupation forces fired artillery at a house in the El-Zevaida area in the center of the Gaza Strip.

Israeli forces struck many locations in Gaza, displacing hundreds of thousands of refugees who had fled the fighting. Dozens of people were killed in attacks carried out by Israeli tanks entering Jabaliya, as well as in the northern towns of Beyt Lahiya , and in the southern town of Rafah.

Al Jazeera correspondent Tariq Abu Azum, reporting from Deir al-Balah in central Gaza, said Israeli tanks had begun to "push deeper" into the Jabaliya refugee camp.

Jabaliya, the largest of Gaza's eight refugee camps, is home to more than 100,000 people. The majority of this camp consists of the descendants of Palestinians who were expelled from towns and villages in the territories where Israel was established during the 1948 Arab-Israeli war.

Regarding this refugee camp, Abu Azum stated, "*In this densely populated area, we are hearing from eyewitnesses on the ground that military tanks have surrounded evacuation centers and residential buildings*."

Mahmoud Basal from the Palestinian Civil Defense Unit in Gaza said that medical services or humanitarian aid could not be provided to displaced persons in the northern Gaza Strip.

Imad Abu Zayda, an emergency room doctor in Jabaliya, told Al Jazeera that most of the wounded arriving at the hospital were women and children, that the situation was dire , that they were working with minimal resources, that there was no light due to fuel shortages, that there was no medical support because Israel had expanded its operations in the area, and that there was not even oxygen to give to patients.

MAY 13

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced in its daily report published on Monday, May 13, that the occupying forces carried out 7 massacres in the last 24 hours as part of their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing 57 people and injuring 82 others.

At around 3:00 p.m., Israeli airstrikes targeted the home of Haşim Abdullah Haşim Ghazal, who is hearing impaired, on Yafa Street in Gaza City. The attack was carried out without prior warning on the two-story house. The attack killed Haşim Ghazal and his wife Samira Ghabayen and wounded six family members, all of whom were deaf. Haşim Ghazal was one of the leading advocates for deaf people

in Gaza and worked for the Atfaluna Association for Deaf Children.

Approximately 800,000 people have been displaced in the last two weeks. These people were forced to flee Rafah to seek refuge in Khan Yunis and Deir al-Balah. These areas have become overcrowded with hundreds of thousands of displaced people lacking basic living conditions.

The Government Information Office in Gaza released a general report on the toll of the genocide and massacres perpetrated by the Zionist occupation regime against Gaza for 220 days. The report included summary information and figures on the loss of life and material damage caused by Zionist atrocities.

Figures provided in the report as of May 2024:

> -Time elapsed since the start of the genocide: **220 days**
> -Number of massacres carried out by the occupying army: **3,123**
> -Total number of martyrs and casualties: **45,091**
> -Number of missing persons (approximately): **10,000** (It is estimated that the majority of the missing are under the rubble.)
> -Number of martyrs recorded by hospitals (those whose bodies were brought in or who were brought in wounded and died in hospitals): **35,091**
> -Number of child martyrs: **15,103**
> -Number of deaths due to starvation: **31**
> -Number of women killed: **9,961**
> -Number of martyrs from medical teams: **492**
> -Number of martyrs from civil defense teams: **69**
> -Number of journalists killed: **143**
> -Number of mass graves found in hospital compounds: **7**
> -Number of bodies exhumed from mass graves in hospital compounds: **520**
> -Number of injured: **78,827**
> -Percentage of children and women among the martyrs and wounded: **72%**
> -Number of children who lost both parents or one parent: **17,000**
> -Number of wounded requiring treatment abroad: **11,000**
> -Number of cancer patients at risk of death due to interrupted treatment: **10,000**
> -Number of people who contracted stomach diseases due to mass deportations: **1,095,000**
> -Number of people exposed to the hepatitis virus due to mass deportations: **20,000**

-Number of pregnant women deprived of medical care: **350,000**
-Number of people taken captive from the Gaza region during the attack: **5,000**
-Number of medical personnel taken captive: **310**
-Number of journalists whose names have been identified among those taken captive: **20**
-Number of people subjected to deportation: **2 million**
-Number of official buildings destroyed: **186**
-Number of completely destroyed school and university buildings: **103**
-Number of partially destroyed school and university buildings: **311**
-Number of mosques completely destroyed: **247**
-Number of mosques partially destroyed: **326**
-Number of churches destroyed: **3**
-Number of single-family homes completely destroyed: **86,000**
-Number of partially destroyed individual homes: **294,000**
-Amount of explosives dropped on the Gaza Strip: **75,000 tons**
-Number of hospitals rendered inoperable due to attacks by the occupying forces: **33**
-Number of health centers rendered inoperable due to attacks by occupying forces: **55**
-Number of health institutions targeted by the occupying forces: **160**
-Number of ambulances targeted by occupying forces: **126**
-Number of historical and cultural artifacts destroyed: **206**
-Estimated amount of material damage: **33 billion dollars**.



MAY 14

The daily report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupation forces carried out 8 massacres in the last 24 hours

in their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region, killing 82 people and injuring 234 others.

At around 11 p.m., Israeli occupation forces targeted a five-story house in the Al-Sheikh Radwan neighborhood of Gaza City without warning. Approximately 50 people were inside the house at the time of the attack. As a result of the bombardment, the top three floors of the building were completely destroyed, while the lower floors suffered partial damage. In the attack, a couple from the Abu Zaher family and their three children were martyred; one of the women was six months pregnant and her fetus was found outside her womb. In addition, 18 family members, mostly women and children, were injured.

MAY 15

At approximately 1:00 a.m., Israeli airstrikes targeted a house belonging to the Abu Al-Hüsna family in Jabaliya, northern Gaza. The two-story house was completely destroyed, and four civilians were killed in the attack. Among the victims were 80-year-old Izzeddin Muhammad Abu Al-Hüsna, his 45-year-old son Memduh, a lawyer and university professor, his 17-year-old grandson Hamdi, and his 12-year-old grandson Yusuf. Other family members were trapped under the rubble.

At around 4:00 a.m., terrorist Israeli airstrikes bombed the Jahjouh family's apartment in a five-story building in the El-Sheikh Radwan neighborhood of Gaza City without prior warning. The attack killed six people, including two women and two children. Among the victims was journalist Mahmud Jahjouh, a photographer for the Palestine Post website.

At around 5:00 a.m., Israeli warplanes fired several missiles at the Al-Sabra Clinic in the Al-Sabra neighborhood in southern Gaza City. Dozens of displaced persons were inside the clinic, some of whom were performing morning prayers. The attack destroyed the four-story building that housed the clinic. Twenty-five civilians were killed and dozens were injured in this attack. The airstrike took place one day after Israeli forces occupied the area and demolished the clinic's outer wall.

At around 3:30 p.m. that same day, murderous Israeli airstrikes targeted an internet distribution point consisting of a temporary shack and four tents used to sell internet service on Al-Cela Street in Gaza City. Approximately 200 civilians were trying to communicate with relatives displaced in southern Gaza and outside the

Strip. Twenty-five Palestinians were killed in the attack and 50 were injured.

Around 5:00 PM, Israeli airstrikes bombed the home of journalist Hayel El-Neccar in Jabaliya. El-Neccar and five members of his family were killed, and the house was completely destroyed. That same week, on the evening of Saturday, May 11, 2024, in another attack on the Jabaliya camp, journalist Baha Okaşa, his wife, and his son Hamza were killed, while other family members were lost under the rubble.

Zionist terrorist organizations, with the support of global imperialism, formed an alliance and declared an illegitimate state called "Israel" on May 14, 1948. This development also ignited the fuse of a war and marked the beginning of the process that Palestinians call the "Nakba," or "Great Catastrophe." For this reason, May 15 is commemorated annually by Palestinians as the anniversary of the Nakba.

On this date, Palestinians remind the world that the Zionists are occupiers of Palestinian land; they emphasize that they will never give up their rights, that they will not accept the occupation as a fait accompli, and that they will not approve of it.

During the Nakba of 1948, approximately 800,000 Palestinians, constituting about 80% of the population, were forcibly expelled from their homes and lands, 531 villages were completely destroyed, and more than 15,000 Palestinians were massacred by Zionist militias and the occupying Israeli army. After the Nakba, only about 150,000 Palestinians remained in Palestine, a quarter of whom were displaced within the country.

Today, Palestinians still face forced displacement, dispossession, refugeehood, and exile policies. Their right to return to their ancestral homes and lands is denied; institutionalized racial domination, discrimination, military occupation, annexation, population transfer, and settler colonialism continue.

The catastrophe unfolding in Gaza today, the genocide that has been ongoing for more than seven months, the massacres and destruction carried out during this genocide, once again reveal to all humanity that the essence of Zionist savagery is a "catastrophe."

It is not only the Palestinians who must fight against such a catastrophe. This catastrophe poses a threat to all of humanity. The struggle against it must be a common struggle for humanity.

MAY 16

The Palestinian Red Crescent Society announced that 15,000 children have been killed since the Zionist occupation regime launched its genocidal attacks on the Gaza Strip on October 7, 2023.

According to the statement, 17,000 children lost their mother and father or one of their parents during the attacks and were left orphaned.

The total number of martyrs and missing persons in the Gaza Strip in the attacks, which have been going on for more than seven months, has exceeded 45,000. Of these, 35,000 are from hospital records, and approximately 10,000 are missing persons. However, it is estimated that the vast majority of the missing are trapped under the rubble of destroyed buildings.

The daily report published by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupying forces had killed 39 people and wounded 64 others in the last 24 hours in their ongoing genocidal attacks in the region.





Early this morning, Israeli occupation forces killed a 17-year-old Palestinian boy named Nour Nizar Adib Shehabi in East Jerusalem and then seized his body.

Nour Nizar Adib Shehabi, 17, was martyred by Israeli paramilitary border police near the Herod Gate on Salahaddin Street in East Jerusalem at around 3:05 a.m. According to documents compiled by the International Association for the Defense of Children, the occupying Israeli forces claimed that Nour attempted to carry out a knife attack before he was shot and killed. After shooting Nour, Israeli officials took his body and transported it to an unknown location in an Israeli ambulance.

According to documents collected by DCIP, Israeli forces raided the home of Nour's family in the Al-Sawana neighborhood of East Jerusalem, killed him, and then arrested his parents.



According to data reported by DCIP, Israeli occupation forces killed 39 Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank in 2024.

Since October 7, when the Israeli army launched its full-scale military assault on the Gaza Strip, 122 Palestinian children have been martyred in the occupied West Bank, according to documents collected by DCIP.

At least 36 Palestinian children's bodies have been withheld since June 2016. While the bodies of five children were returned to their families, the bodies of 31 Palestinian children are still being withheld by the murderous Israeli authorities.

The Israeli authorities' practice of seizing and withholding Palestinian bodies violates international human rights law and international humanitarian law, which absolutely prohibits cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment and requires parties to armed conflict to bury the dead with dignity. For the families, this practice amounts to collective punishment in violation of international humanitarian law.

The murderous Israeli airstrikes targeted the Jahjouh family's apartment in a five-story building in the Al-Sheikh Ridan neighborhood of Gaza City at around 4:00 a.m. without prior warning. Six people were killed in the attack, including two women and two children. Among the victims was journalist Mahmoud Jahjouh, who worked as a photographer for the Palestine Post website.

MAY 17

The directors-general of Palestinian human rights organizations Al Mezan Center for Human Rights, Al-Haq, and the Palestinian Center for Human Rights submitted a petition to ICC Prosecutor Karim AA Khan, demanding *"intervention to prevent*

the genocide massacre in Rafah and the issuance of arrest warrants for all members of the Israeli war cabinet." The petition *stated, "Israel's ground offensive on Rafah makes your urgent intervention and decisive action to prevent further atrocities and international crimes indisputably necessary. Israel's actions, exemplified by its deliberate refusal to comply with the resolutions of the United Nations Security Council, the UN General Assembly, and the UN Human Rights Council, as well as the provisional measures ordered by the International Court of Justice, are clear evidence of* its *blatant* disregard for *international law and human rights principles. The unanimous decision by Israel's War Cabinet to continue the Rafah ground operation demands a definitive response. Arrest warrants must be issued immediately for all its members, particularly those with decision-making authority—Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu, Defense Minister Yoav Gallant, and Minister and former Chief of Staff Benny Gantz.*

Arrest warrants should also be issued for the commanders and soldiers of the Israeli military units participating in the Rafah ground operation. *These include, in particular, those belonging to the 162nd Brigade, specifically the 401st Armored Brigade, which seized operational control of the Palestinian side of the Rafah border crossing, and the 215th Artillery Brigade. This action* is necessary to hold accountable those who ordered and carried out acts constituting *international crimes under the Rome Statute, including crimes against humanity such as extermination and forcible transfer, as well as the crime of genocide*."

MAY 18

As a result of airstrikes carried out by Israeli warplanes, 40 Palestinians, including 10 women and 10 children, were killed, and more than 100 wounded were taken to Kamal Adwan Hospital in Beit Lahiya.

At around 11:00 a.m., Israeli warplanes targeted a group of people in front of Abu Khalil School, a UNRWA school in the center of the Jabaliya refugee camp that houses displaced persons. Dozens of people were killed and wounded in this attack.

Around 2:00 p.m., Israeli warplanes bombed an apartment block belonging to the Silavi family behind the Abu Hussein School in the Jabaliya refugee camp, south of Kamal Adwan Hospital. Dozens of people were killed and wounded in the attack.

Dozens of people were killed and wounded when terrorist Israeli tanks opened fire

on civilians trying to get drinking water in the El-Faluce area west of the Jabalia refugee camp.

MAY 19

At dawn, murderous Israeli warplanes bombed a residential block in the El-Nuseirat refugee camp in the Central Gaza Strip. They killed 20 Palestinians and wounded others.

Israeli warplanes also bombed a school providing shelter to displaced persons in the El-Daraj neighborhood of Gaza City. This attack resulted in the martyrdom and injury of several people.

MAY 20

At around 10:00 a.m., Israeli occupation forces launched a ground operation in the El-Sheikh Zayed Towers area, east of Beyt Lahiya in northern Gaza. They surrounded nearby shelters, including the Kuwait and Aleppo Schools. Under heavy fire from unmanned aerial vehicles, they forced displaced persons to leave the area. Initial reports from eyewitnesses indicate casualties and injuries among displaced persons at the doors of the shelters.

At noon, Israeli air forces attacked a residential area in Beit Lahiya, including homes belonging to the Al-Kahlut, Abu Dayer, and Al-Taramsi families. This attack destroyed many homes and caused numerous deaths and injuries; some people remain trapped under the rubble.

At around 6:00 p.m., Israeli air strikes targeted a group of residents fleeing the area due to intense air and artillery fire on El-Nuzha Street in Jabaliya. Thirteen people were killed and 11 were seriously injured in the attack.

On the same day, Israeli airstrikes targeted a house belonging to the El-Hatib family behind the Beyt Lahiya cemetery, killing and injuring many people.

Israeli occupation forces continue their ground offensive in northern Gaza, which began on the evening of Saturday, May 11, targeting a large part of Jabaliya and its camp, as well as some areas of Beit Lahiya and Beit Hanoun. Thousands of civilians, including children and women, are struggling to survive in difficult conditions in homes and shelters under Israel's relentless aerial and artillery bombardment and suffocating siege. All hospitals operating in the area have been rendered inoperable.

Israeli forces expanded their ground attacks westward along the Palestine-Egypt border, accompanied by intense air and artillery bombardment, advancing as far as Yibna Camp and the El-Abd Cabr area south and central to Rafah. Due to ongoing attacks in eastern Rafah, access to the UNRWA distribution center and World Food Program warehouse in Rafah has become impossible. According to a UNRWA statement, food distribution in Rafah has been suspended due to supply shortages and security concerns.

Israeli warplanes targeted a temporary shelter housing displaced persons in the town of El-Zevaida in the Central Region, killing 10 Palestinians and injuring many others.

Following these developments, the Prosecutor of the International Criminal Court (ICC), Karim Khan, applied for arrest warrants for Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu and Defense Minister Yoav Gallant.

MAY 21

Israeli occupation airstrikes targeted a two-story house belonging to the Abu Tayr family in the town of Abasan al-Kabira, east of Khan Yunis, at around 5:00 a.m. on Tuesday, May 21, 2024. The house was destroyed in the attack; three brothers, Ryan, Muhammad, and Bedir Ramadan Abu Tayr, aged 17, 12, and 11, were killed.

Israeli forces advanced on the area surrounding Kamal Adwan Hospital, located between Beit Lahiya and the Jabaliya refugee camp, one of the last two active hospitals in northern Gaza. Following intense air and artillery bombardment, Israeli forces surrounded the hospital and targeted everyone moving inside with drones. Medical sources reported that many patients, wounded people, and health personnel had left the hospital, while those remaining inside had lost contact with the outside world, effectively rendering the hospital inoperable. Killer Israeli tanks and vehicles approached from the east side of the hospital the previous day, and Israeli snipers positioned on the roofs of nearby houses fired intensively at the hospital gates and anyone moving nearby.

That same morning, Israeli forces surrounded Al-Awda Health Hospital on Tal ez-Zatar Street in Jabalia Refugee Camp, firing intensely with quadcopters and tank-mounted machine guns at anyone moving inside the hospital. Dozens of healthcare workers and patients were inside the hospital. With communication with the outside world cut off, the last functioning hospital in northern Gaza was effectively rendered inoperable.

Around noon, at approximately 2:00 p.m., Israeli warplanes bombed an apartment block belonging to the Silavi family, located behind the Abu Hussein School in the Jabalia Refugee Camp, south of Kamal Adwan Hospital. Dozens of people were killed and wounded in the attack.

At the same time, dozens of civilians were killed and wounded as murderous Israeli tanks fired numerous artillery shells at locations where civilians were trying to obtain drinking water in the Al-Faluce area west of the Jabalia Refugee Camp.

Due to the intense bombardment by Zionist Israel, which destroyed dozens of homes and buildings, it is reported that there are numerous bodies in the streets of Jabalia and the refugee camp.

MAY 22

Early in the morning, Israeli forces targeted a house belonging to the Abu Zeyde family in the en-Nece area west of the Jabalia refugee camp; eight Palestinians, including two women and four children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured.

Two Palestinian children were also killed in an Israeli military operation in Jenin. According to documents compiled by the International Organization for the Defense of Children, Mahmoud was shot and killed by Israeli forces on a road near the Jenin refugee camp in the northern occupied West Bank at around 8:00 a.m. on May 21. He was targeted by an Israeli sniper with several bullets to the head, chest, and leg. Mahmoud was taken to Jenin Government Hospital in a Palestinian ambulance; he was pronounced dead upon arrival. Mahmud was attacked while riding his electric bicycle home from school; his friend Karam, who was wounded in the shoulder, was also taken to the hospital from the scene in the same ambulance.

According to information provided by DCIP, Usama was shot by an Israeli sniper while riding a motorcycle in the Hallet El-Suha neighborhood near Jenin Government Hospital at around 08:15 that same day; he was seriously wounded by two bullets that hit his head and hand. Usama was transferred to Jenin Government Hospital by a Palestinian ambulance and died upon arrival at the hospital.

Ayed Abu Aktaish, Director of DCIP's Accountability Program, stated that Israeli forces routinely conduct large-scale military operations against Palestinian communities in the occupied West Bank, repeatedly targeting young people in Jenin in

particular. Ebu Ektaiş said that Mahmoud and Usama should have been at school that day and that their families were mourning. He also called for an end to the use of weapons provided by the US to the Israeli army to kill Palestinian children, whether in Gaza or Jenin.

MAY 23

According to documents collected by the International Organization for the Defense of Children, 16-year-old Wasim Ahed Mahmud Ceradat was martyred by an Israeli sniper on Hayfa Street in the western part of the city of Jenin, in the northern occupied West Bank, at around 8:00 p.m. on May 22. It was alleged that Wasim was carrying homemade explosives and was waiting for Israeli military vehicles to pass. An Israeli sniper targeted Wasim with a single bullet, shooting him in the head. The child was taken to Ibn Sina Hospital by a Palestinian ambulance, but was pronounced dead upon arrival.

According to information compiled by DCIP, 16-year-old Mahmud Fares Mahmud El-Kurini was shot and killed by Israeli forces at around 8:30 p.m. that same day on a ring road near Jenin Government Hospital. Mahmud was with a group of youths who threw homemade explosives at an Israeli military vehicle. While some of the youths being pursued by Israeli forces managed to escape, Mahmud and another child took refuge in the garden of an abandoned house.

Several soldiers approached the garden and opened fire on the two children. An Israeli soldier targeted Mahmud with several bullets to his head, chest, stomach, and leg. The other child was wounded in his lower extremities. Israeli forces prevented ambulances from reaching the area while the children lay wounded on the ground. Approximately 15 minutes later, a Palestinian ambulance arrived at the scene, and the children were taken to Jenin Government Hospital. Mahmoud died upon arrival at the hospital, while the other child was treated.

DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Aktaish said in a statement, *"Israeli forces carried out a major military raid on Jenin this week, killing four Palestinian children and wounding many others. Israeli forces routinely use lethal force intentionally in situations that are not justified under international law. No effort is being made to ensure that soldiers act in accordance with international standards or to conduct impartial investigations. Instead, all Palestinians, including children,* are being *targeted*."

A large Israeli military force entered Jenin at 08:00 on the morning of May 21 and remained in the city until 12:00 on the morning of May 23. During this 40-hour intervention, Israeli forces deployed throughout the city and the Jenin refugee camp, using Palestinian homes as military bases and placing snipers on the roofs of buildings.

Due to the operation, many students were evacuated from their schools and could not reach their homes. Some were forced to take refuge in hospitals and teachers' homes, and many families fled outside the camp.

As a result of the raid, 12 Palestinians were killed, including four children. In addition, 30 Palestinians were injured, including two children and three with serious injuries.

MAY 24

The International Court of Justice announced a new provisional measure in the case brought by the Republic of South Africa against Israel regarding the implementation of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide in the Gaza Strip.

With this new ruling, the Court ordered Israel to immediately cease, among other things, its military attacks and all actions in the Rafah Governorate that could lead to the physical destruction, in whole or in part, of the Palestinian population in Gaza. It also decided that the Rafah Border Crossing must remain open to ensure the unimpeded provision of urgently needed essential services and humanitarian aid on a large scale.

On May 10, 2024, the Republic of South Africa submitted an urgent request to the Court for additional provisional measures to be specified and for the provisional measures previously envisaged by the Court to be modified. This request came after Israeli forces launched a ground operation in Rafah late on May 6, 2024, and shortly after Israel launched a new attack on northern Gaza.

The world's states must now take decisive and clear action to ensure that the occupying power Israel complies with the three provisional measures ordered by the Court. They must go beyond diplomatic rhetoric and take concrete measures in accordance with international law. This includes the immediate imposition of an arms embargo and sanctions. It is an indisputable fact that Israel's blatant and

complete disregard for international law and human rights principles can no longer be left unchecked.

According to a statement made by the Ministry of Health in Gaza on Friday, May 24, the number of martyrs recorded so far in the eight-month-long genocide war waged by the occupation regime in Gaza has reached 35,857. In addition to these, there are thousands of people who are still missing, a significant portion of whom are believed to be under the rubble.

According to the Ministry of Health's statement, the total number of wounded has reached 80,293 so far. Women and children make up more than 70% of those killed and wounded, while civilians account for 95%.

The ministry's statement noted that the occupation regime carried out six new massacres in the last 24 hours, with a total of 57 martyrs and 93 injured in the attacks during this period.

MAY 26

At around 8:47 p.m. on Sunday, May 26, 2024, Israeli warplanes fired several missiles at an area designated for displaced persons ( ) near the UNRWA warehouses northwest of Rafah ( ). The occupying Israeli forces deceptively designated this area as a "safe zone." They ordered displaced persons and local residents to evacuate there, but then targeted the area with multiple missiles. The missiles struck numerous tents made of fabric or tin, burning them along with nearby vehicles. In the attack, 23 Palestinians were killed, including five women and nine children; one of them remains unidentified and their bodies were burned beyond recognition. Meanwhile, dozens of people suffered various injuries and burns.

Palestinians who were killed or injured due to the suspension of medical services at Abu Yusuf al-Neccar Hospital, the primary health facility in Rafah, located within Israel's evacuation zone, were taken to Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis and two field hospitals and two health centers in Rafah.

Sameer Ahmed Abu El-Sabah, 67, who lives in the El-Bureyc refugee camp, said: "*On January 4, 2024, I moved with my family of four and my son's family of eight to the vicinity of the UNRWA warehouses in Rafah. Around 8:47 p.m. on Sunday, May 26, 2024, I was waiting for the call to evening prayer in our tin-roofed tent. I didn't hear an explosion, but instead heard something fall near the tent. I tried to open the tent door, but couldn't, and suddenly saw the fire rapidly engulfing our*

tent. I escaped through the tent window and saw my Gazan neighbor, 43-year-old Mahmoud Nafiz Hammad, lying outside his tent, and his son asking me for help. Mahmoud's face was completely burned and covered with shrapnel. He later succumbed to his injuries. I also saw about five children and a woman, some of them charred and torn to pieces. Later, firefighters arrived and extinguished the fire. Ambulances and private civilian vehicles transported the wounded and dead to hospitals. Among them were members of the El-Attar family, displaced from Beit Lahia, and my neighbors from the displaced tent.

Muhammad Majid Khaleel Al-'Attar, a 25-year-old resident of Beit Lahia in northern Gaza, *said* in his statement, *"At the beginning of the war on Gaza in 2023, I was forcibly taken with my family and relatives to the vicinity of the UNRWA warehouse northwest of Rafah. On Sunday, May 26, 2024, between evening and night prayers, I heard two explosions caused by an airstrike carried out by Israeli occupation forces' warplanes near the camp where displaced people were living. The bombing engulfed tents 300 meters away from where I was in flames. I ran there with my father, and when we arrived, we saw several tents, including those of my relatives, engulfed in flames. We couldn't get close to them due to the intense fire. After the Civil Defense teams arrived and extinguished the fire, several of my relatives were taken to the hospital, martyred, and injured. Among those whose identities were difficult to determine were Hamada Muhammed Süheyl El-Attar (35), his wife Samar Süheyl El-Attar (38), his brother Hindawi Muhammed Süheyl El-Attar (29), Mayada Hisham El-Attar (18), Manal Ghannam El-Attar (43), and a decapitated body whose identity could not be determined*."

This attack on displaced persons is not an isolated incident, but a symbol of Israel's systematic policy. In just 24 hours, on May 26, murderous Israeli warplanes carried out 10 air and artillery strikes on shelters in the Gaza Strip, resulting in the martyrdom and injury of dozens of Palestinians.

At around 10:24 p.m., Israeli warplanes, without prior warning, targeted a house belonging to the Dahleez family on Imam Ali Street in northwestern Rafah. They killed five people, including three family members, and wounded others.

About ten minutes later, Israeli warplanes targeted a house belonging to the Za'anounah family in the Tal al-Sultan neighborhood in western Rafah without prior warning. As a result , Muhammad Za'anounah, his seven-month pregnant wife Yasmin Za'anounah-Meqdad, and others were injured.

In May, 210 Palestinians, including 65 children and 36 women, were killed in Rafah.

MAY 27

Israeli forces shot and killed a 17-year-old Palestinian boy in the northeast of Hebron.

According to documents compiled by the International Organization for the Defense of Children, 17-year-old Majd Shaher Ismail El-Aramin was shot by terrorist Israeli forces at around 7:40 p.m. on the evening of May 26 near the town of Sair, northeast of the city of Hebron in the occupied West Bank. It was alleged that Majd was attempting to stab an Israeli soldier at the Beyt Aynun junction when he was shot by Israeli forces. Majd was wounded by a bullet that struck him in the back of the head. Majd's body remained on the ground for half an hour, and Israeli forces seized his body after killing him.

While Israeli authorities continue to seize the bodies of children and keep them away from their families indefinitely, Palestinian children cannot even find peace in death.

At around 9:00 p.m., Israeli intelligence officers summoned Majd's father to an Israeli interrogation center known as the Gush Etzion Center near Hebron. Israeli forces informed the father that his son had been killed and allowed him to identify the body by showing him a photograph of Majd lying on the ground. His father was released from Israeli military custody, but Majd's body has still not been returned.

According to documents collected by DCIP, Israeli forces have withheld the bodies of at least 37 Palestinian children since June 2016. While the bodies of five of these children were returned to their families, the bodies of 32 Palestinian children remain in the hands of Israeli authorities.

The Israeli authorities' practice of seizing and withholding Palestinian bodies is a clear violation of international human rights law and international humanitarian law, which strictly prohibits cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment and requires parties to armed conflict to bury the dead with dignity. This practice amounts to collective punishment for families, violating international humanitarian law.

Following various legal challenges to this policy, the Israeli Supreme Court approved the practice of seizing human remains in September 2019. Subsequently, on November 27, 2019, then-Israeli Defense Minister Naftali Bennett ordered the seizure of the bodies of all Palestinians alleged to have attacked Israeli citizens or soldiers and that they not be returned to their families.

According to Adalah, Israel is the only country in the world that implements a policy of seizing human remains. Approximately 50 hours after the International Court of Justice's decision to halt military attacks on Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip, Israeli occupation forces carried out a massacre in an area where innocent civilians were located in a tent camp in the west of the city, which had been declared a "humanitarian zone."

The occupation forces fired more than seven massive missiles and bombs, each containing approximately one ton of explosives, at the refugee camp known as the Container Homes Center, affiliated with UNRWA, in the northwest of Rafah. This attack caused the tents and barracks to catch fire. Forty people were killed, and dozens of civilians were seriously injured.

Footage taken after the massacre showed heartbreaking scenes of burned bodies of women and children in the camp, which housed more than 100,000 people. The targeted camp is located in the Tel Sultan area west of Rafah. Local sources reported that the majority of the martyrs and wounded were children and women. Eyewitnesses stated that the bombardment destroyed and burned down numerous tents in the Rafah Refugee Camp, adding that the camp was not located in the area Israel wanted evacuated. Thousands of people are still struggling to survive in the camp.

The Government Information Office in Gaza announced that 190 people were killed or wounded in Israeli bombardments over the past 24 hours.

These attacks, targeting even shelters, are a clear indication that the occupying forces are continuing their genocide against the Palestinian people.



The Ministry of Health in Gaza announced on Monday, May 27, that the total number of martyrs killed in the attacks carried out by the occupation regime in 24 hours was 66, while the number of wounded was 383. The Ministry of Health said that 45 people were killed in the massacre carried out by the occupying forces in Rafah, 23 of whom were women, children, and elderly, and 249 were injured.

MAY 28

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in attacks carried out by the occupation regime in the last 24 hours reached 46, while the number of wounded reached 110.



The number of martyrs recorded so far in the genocide war waged by the occupation regime in Gaza for nearly eight months has reached 36,096. In addition, there are thousands of people who are still missing, a significant portion of whom are believed to be under the rubble.

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health, the total number of wounded has reached 81,136. Women and children make up more than 70% of those killed and wounded. The proportion of civilians has reached 95%.

The Ministry stated that it is estimated that there are still a large number of bodies under the rubble, but that there are great difficulties in recovering these people due to the ongoing attacks by the occupying forces. It also stated that the occupying forces are preventing first aid and civil defense teams from reaching those trapped under the rubble.

MAY 29

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in attacks carried out by the occupation regime in the last 24 hours has reached 75, while the number of wounded has reached 284.

At least 66 people, including children, were killed in the latest attacks. These attacks took place less than a week after the ICC ordered Israel to "immediately cease" its military offensive in Rafah. It is clear that these orders are being categorically ignored.

During this period, 174 Palestinians were killed. Due to the high death toll, it has become nearly impossible to account for each individual loss of life separately. These figures were compiled from OCHA, the Palestinian Ministry of Health, Haaretz, Shireen.ps, and other reliable sources.

There are verified reports of families trapped in their homes in the center of Rafah, caught in the line of artillery fire. Four Israeli quadcopters are chasing civilians, preventing them from evacuating to safer areas. According to a Relief Web report, *"The Israeli army has begun to use electronically controlled quadcopters, previously limited to intelligence purposes, more intensively to kill and injure Palestinians."*

Israel's sniper attacks, killings, and executions target unarmed civilians in shelters, hospitals, streets, and residential areas. These civilians pose no threat or danger to anyone as they are not involved in any hostilities.

The situation is worsening by the hour due to military operations expanding from northeast to northwest Rafah, where attacks on tent camps have been carried out in recent days. At the same time, almost all health and public facilities are currently out of service.

United Nations experts described the airstrikes carried out by Zionist Israel on Sunday night on a camp housing displaced civilians in the Tal al-Sultan area of Rafah as *"scandalous."* The experts stated that at least 46 people, including 23 women, children, and elderly people, were killed, and called for decisive international action to stop the bloodshed in Gaza.

UN experts said, *"Heartbreaking images of destruction, displacement, and death have emerged, including babies torn apart and people burned alive in Rafah."* The

statement said, "*Reports from the ground indicate that the attacks are indiscriminate and disproportionate ; people are trapped inside burning plastic tents, leading to horrific loss of life*."

The experts reiterated that "*These barbaric attacks are a clear violation of international law. They are also an attack on human dignity and our collective humanity*." They added, "*The reckless targeting of known locations sheltering displaced Palestinians, including women, children, persons with disabilities, and the elderly, is a grave violation of the laws of war and is a painful reminder of the urgent need for international action and accountability*."

The experts stated, "*The decisions issued by the International Court of Justice on May 24, 2024, against Israel are binding. Israel must comply with these rulings due to the crimes it has committed against the Palestinian people for decades and the brutal attacks against the people of Gaza over the past eight months,*" demanding that the attacks on the Rafah refugee camps be investigated by an independent international inquiry.



Experts also stated, "*Those responsible for this brutality must be held accountable, and the flow of weapons to Israel must be stopped immediately. It is clear that these weapons are being used to brutally kill and maim Palestinian civilians*." The international community was called upon to pressure Israel to comply with international law and to immediately impose sanctions and preventive measures. They emphasized the need to ensure the uninterrupted delivery of humanitarian aid to Gaza, lift the blockade, and remove all restrictions on delivering vital aid to civilians living in the besieged area.

Finally, experts expressed their deep disappointment at the failure of the international community to come together and stop Israel's brutal attacks that endanger Palestinians and Israeli hostages.

MAY 30

At least 53 Palestinians were killed and 357 wounded in the last 24 hours in the area affected by the genocide. This includes southern Rafah, which Israeli forces continue to bomb and occupy.

The occupying Israeli army destroyed UN shelters in Jabalia. According to the Euro-Med Human Rights Observatory, the Israeli army carried out widespread infrastructure destruction in Jabalia during its three-week siege of northern Gaza. In its report, the organization stated, *"Israel's military operation in Jabalia has resulted in premeditated killings, arbitrary arrests, targeting of civilians, and extensive destruction."*

Referring to the UN agency for Palestinian refugees, the statement said, *"The attacks have destroyed all residential areas and affected hundreds of homes and buildings in the camp. These include shelters, UNRWA-affiliated health and food centers, and water wells financed by UNRWA."*

Following Israel's withdrawal, a field survey of conditions in the Jabalia camp revealed that not a single residential building had been spared from bombing, demolition, or burning.

JUNE 1

At approximately 11:40 a.m., Israeli occupation forces targeted a four-story residential building in the southern An Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in Deir al-Balah. As a result of the attack, a total of six Palestinians were killed, including at least two boys and three women. At least 20 people, including children and women, were injured in the incident. Many families were left homeless as a result of the bombardment, and children suffered serious psychological trauma in addition to physical injuries. This attack constitutes a clear violation of international humanitarian law in terms of directly targeting civilian living areas.

JUNE 2

At 1:30 a.m., Israeli occupation forces targeted a house in the Ed-Derec neighborhood of Gaza City. As a result of the attack, three Palestinians, including a man, a woman, and a baby, were killed. Targeting homes and similar areas where civilians live demonstrates that harm is being done to civilians who should be protected in wars, thereby violating the principle of civilian protection, one of the fundamental principles of international law.

On the same day, at around 12:00 p.m., an airstrike on a house in the Es-Sabra neighborhood in the center of Gaza City killed eight Palestinians, including five children and one woman. Targeting civilian residences in a densely populated neighborhood constitutes a clear violation of children's right to life and physical safety.



Later that day, at 11:30 p.m., six Palestinians, including three children, were killed when a house in the El Bureyc Refugee Camp in Deir

al-Balah was hit. This attack, along with all the actions carried out throughout the day, clearly demonstrates the violation of children's rights to life, physical integrity, and shelter.

JUNE 3

At around 2:50 a.m., two residential buildings located west of Khan Yunis, east of the Islamic University, were targeted by Israeli occupation forces. In this attack, ten Palestinians were martyred, including four women and three children.

On the same day in the West Bank, Israeli forces raided a wedding hall in the city of Nablus. During this raid, the bride's 22-year-old brother, who was trying to escape, was shot and killed by the occupying Israeli forces. His body was confiscated by soldiers.

JUNE 4

Palestinians displaced by Israeli occupation forces north of Deir al-Balah were targeted. An airstrike on a vehicle near areas where Palestinians were sheltering killed eight people, including children. On the same day, five Palestinians were killed in another attack on a house in the city.



On the same date, UN High Commissioner for Human Rights Volker Türk condemned the almost daily extrajudicial killings in the occupied West Bank. In his statement, he noted that 164 Palestinians had lost their lives in airstrikes carried out by drones or aircraft, or in military operations involving ground-to-ground missiles targeting densely populated areas such as refugee camps.

JUNE 5

In the eighth month of Israel's war on Gaza, the collapse of the health system in the Gaza Strip is deepening. As a result of ongoing heavy bombardment, many hospitals have been physically damaged; those that remain standing are unable to provide even basic health services due to inadequate equipment, lack of supplies, and staff shortages.



This collapse of the healthcare infrastructure is affecting vulnerable children the most. Infants, young children, and those with chronic illnesses in particular are unable to access basic healthcare services, effectively depriving them of their right to health. Hunger, thirst, and deteriorating hygiene conditions are paving the way for rapidly spreading diseases among children, revealing that both their right to survival and their right to development are being severely violated. Access to vaccines, medicines, and emergency care services, which are vital for children, is no longer possible, paving the way for an increase in child mortality.

JUNE 6

On June 6, 2024, Israeli occupation forces fired two missiles at the El-Sardi Complex in Gaza. Although this complex had not been used as a school since the beginning of the war, according to a statement by UNRWA, approximately 6,000 people were using the building as a shelter. As a result of the attack, at least 33 Palestinians were killed, including 9 children, 3 women, and 21 men. UNRWA reported that at least 35 people were killed. Targeting a building housing civilians and killing many children constitutes a serious violation of the right to life.



On the same day, during a military operation in and around the Jenin Refugee Camp in the West Bank, Israeli forces shot and killed three Palestinians, including a 17-year-old boy, and wounded 20 others. During the operation, an Israeli military helicopter struck parts of the camp, causing damage to at least two homes. In addition, footage showed an Israeli army armored vehicle chasing and shooting from behind two Palestinians riding a motorcycle, one of whom was a child. This incident clearly constitutes a violation of the right to life.

JUNE 7

At around 11:30 a.m. on June 7, 2024, Israeli occupation forces targeted a house in Khan Yunis. As a result of the attack, at least eight Palestinians, including four children and one woman, were killed, and several civilians were injured. The targeting of a civilian residential area, particularly threatening the right to life of children and women, constitutes a clear violation of both the right to life and the right to physical integrity and bodily integrity.

At around 11:15 p.m. on the same day, at least five Palestinians, including two children and one woman, were killed and fourteen civilians were injured when a house in the Ar Radwan neighborhood in the southern part of Gaza City was hit. The attack took place at night, and civilians caught unprepared by the attack suffered heavy losses.

The United Nations Human Rights Office stated in a statement issued the same day that the Israeli army's failure to observe the principles of "distinction, proportionality, and precaution" in such attacks constitutes a direct violation of international humanitarian law. This assessment shows that targeting civilians and civilian areas is not only inhumane but also a crime under the law.

JUNE 8

On June 8, 2024, Israeli occupation forces carried out intense ground and air attacks on the En Nuseyrat Refugee Camp. According to a statement by the Ministry of Health (MoH) in Gaza, these attacks resulted in the deaths of 274 Palestinians and injured 698 others. The Gaza Government Media Office (GMO) announced that among the dead were 64 children, 57 women, and 37 elderly people; among the injured were 153 children, 161 women, and 54 elderly people. It was also announced that 89 occupied residential and settlement buildings were targeted without any prior warning. This attack clearly demonstrates that no distinction was made between military and civilian targets; it shows that deliberate attacks were carried out on areas densely populated by civilians. The right to life has been severely violated in terms of the children, women, and elderly who lost their lives in the attack. Hundreds of injured civilians have been deprived of their right to bodily integrity and physical integrity.



Meanwhile, following the attacks, most of the wounded were transferred to Al-Aqsa Hospital, which was forced to admit patients far beyond its capacity. It was reported that dozens of wounded were lying on the floor there, and that health services were disrupted due to a lack of medicine, medical supplies, and fuel. This situation reveals that civilians' access to health care is being systematically denied.

The United Nations has included Israel in its "blacklist" of countries that violate the rights of children in armed conflicts. This development is based on documented findings regarding the thousands of Palestinian children who have lost their lives in the Israeli army's ongoing attacks on the Gaza Strip. It is noteworthy that the decision was made public immediately after the June 8 attack that killed 64 children in the En Nuseyrat Refugee Camp. This situation once again highlights the systematic violation of children's rights to life, protection, and security.

JUNE 9

According to a statement by the Gaza Ministry of Health, 283 Palestinians, including children, were killed and 814 were injured in the last 24 hours in Israeli attacks on the Gaza Strip. It was reported that the vast majority of these heavy losses were caused by the extensive military operation carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the En Nuseyrat Refugee Camp. The same statement indicated that nearly all of the attacks, which killed 274 people and injured 698, took place during this operation.

It was alleged that four Israeli prisoners were released during the operation. However, the cost of this operation resulted in the loss of hundreds of civilian lives, including many children, women, and elderly people. This situation demonstrates a serious violation of fundamental human rights, primarily the right to life and the right to bodily integrity. Furthermore, with the healthcare system in Gaza on the verge of collapse, the treatment of the wounded is largely disrupted, revealing that civilians' right to access healthcare is being systematically denied.

In a statement issued by the Gaza Ministry of Health on the same day, it was reported that the number of Palestinians killed in Israel's ongoing air and ground attacks on Gaza had reached at least 37,084. It was also noted that there were concerns that thousands of people were still trapped under the rubble. This figure highlights the scale of the conflict and its devastating impact on civilians.

JUNE 10

Attacks on civilians took place during raids and operations carried out by the occupying forces. During a raid on the El-Far'a Refugee Camp, a 17-year-old Palestinian child was shot and killed by Israeli occupation forces. Five Palestinians were wounded. On the same day, in a separate operation in the Dhinnaba neighborhood of Tulkarem, a Palestinian man was shot and killed by Israeli occupation soldiers. A 9-year-old child was wounded.

According to local sources, a Palestinian Red Crescent ambulance arrived at the scene during the incident. However, Israeli occupation forces initially prevented medical teams from reaching and evacuating the injured child. This clearly violates both the right of medical personnel to perform their duties and **the right of** injured civilians **to urgent medical intervention and protection.** The targeting of children in particular and attempts to obstruct ambulances demonstrate that violations on the ground disregard fundamental humanitarian norms aimed at protecting civilians.

JUNE 11

Israeli occupation forces carried out targeted raids on the city of Rafah. Heavy airstrikes were carried out on southern and central Gaza. Thirty-five targets were hit in the last 24 hours. Information obtained from the field indicates that these attacks caused widespread civilian casualties. In the Daraj neighborhood of Gaza City, eight Palestinians were killed when an apartment building belonging to the Ashour family was targeted; most of the dead were reported to be children. This incident demonstrates that a civilian structure was directly targeted and that the right to **shelter**, as well as **the right to life**, primarily **that of children**, was severely violated.

Civilian casualties were also reported in the West Bank on the same day. During an operation carried out by Israeli forces in the village of Kafr Dan, northwest of Jenin, six Palestinians, including a 17-year-old child, were shot and killed. Although no details of the attack have been shared, the targeting of unarmed civilians raises questions about the use of disproportionate force and arbitrary killing under international law.



These developments reveal that attacks against civilians have become systematic in both Gaza and the West Bank, with the fundamental rights of children being particularly violated. In this context, **the right to life, the right to security, and the right of children to protection** are among the main rights being violated.

JUNE 12

On June 12, 2024, it was reported that a child was killed as a result of an airstrike carried out by Israeli forces on a house in the city of Rafah. At around 11:55 p.m., four Palestinians, including one man, one woman, and two children, were killed and at least six others were injured when a house in the Al-Hassayne area of Deir al-Balah was targeted. The fact that the attack took place in a residential area and affected civilians, including children, constitutes a serious violation of the rights to life, shelter, bodily integrity, and the protection of children.

On the same day, an 8-year-old girl in the Gaza Strip died of starvation due to lack of adequate food. The systematic denial of access to food, clean water, and basic health services constitutes a direct violation of children's right to life and health.

On the same day, the international aid organization Humanity and Inclusion (HI) reported that the Israeli army had demolished their aid warehouse in Rafah with bulldozers. According to the organization's statement, the location and function of the warehouse, which contained approximately 200 pallets of humanitarian aid supplies, had been previously reported to the Israeli authorities. This incident demonstrates the deliberate obstruction of access to humanitarian aid supplies necessary for the survival of civilians, particularly children, and constitutes a serious violation of the right to access humanitarian aid as recognized under the Geneva Conventions and international human rights instruments.

JUNE 13

On June 13, 2024, Israeli forces carried out an attack lasting approximately ten hours on the Jenin Refugee Camp in the West Bank and some areas of the city of Jenin. Four residential structures were damaged by military bulldozers used during the operation. Eleven families, comprising 48 people, including 17 children, were displaced. At the same time, power outages occurred in the area as a result of the destruction of some roads. These developments reveal the violation of the rights of civilians, especially children, to shelter and security.



On the same day, as Muslims around the world prepared to celebrate Eid al-Adha three days later, it was reported that displaced families living in the Gaza Strip, especially children, lacked even the most basic means to celebrate the holiday. Umm Thaer Nasir, a displaced Palestinian living in Beit Lahiya in northern Gaza, expressed their deprivation, saying*, "We have nothing to prepare for the holiday*." She explained that while her children wanted new clothes for the holiday, their father had been unemployed for eight months, forcing them to move from tent to tent, barely able to feed themselves. With the prices of basic necessities and toys skyrocketing, children are deprived of even the simplest holiday joys.

Similarly, Fadi Naseer, another civilian fleeing the war, noted that before the war, homes and streets were decorated for the holiday*;* "*Today we don't even have a home, we have nothing to decorate. The spirit of the holiday is gone*," he said, summarizing the current destruction. This picture shows that children's psychosocial developmental and emotional rights, such as the right to rest, leisure, play, and participate in cultural life, **as stipulated in Article 31 of the CRC,** are being severely violated, not just physically.

JUNE 14

According to multi-sectoral assessment reports conducted by the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) between June 7 and 14, conditions in temporary settlements housing displaced Palestinians have reached a critical level. People living in overcrowded, damaged, and dilapidated tents and shelters have no protection, especially against the scorching heat of summer. This situation poses serious threats to the right to life, the right to health, and the right to live in dignity, particularly for vulnerable groups, especially children.

The report states that access to water is extremely limited; people are forced to wait in line for hours for water, and in some areas, even infants are forced to use

seawater for domestic needs. This is a clear violation of the right to access clean water and a healthy environment. Young children and newborns, in particular, are at high risk of infection and disease under such unhygienic conditions.

Furthermore, it has been observed that children undertake tasks that carry high risks and require physical strength in order to access basic necessities. The risk of exposure to violence increases due to overcrowding at food and water distribution points, while unexploded ordnance, which is widespread in the region, poses a constant threat to children's right to safety.

The report also notes a serious shortage of formula and milk for infants, as well as nutritional supplements for children and pregnant and lactating women. This shortage reveals a systematic violation of children's rights to nutrition, growth, and healthy development.

JUNE 15

Mostafa, a 14-year-old Palestinian child in Gaza, died due to malnutrition. Mostafa's family was among the civilians forcibly displaced by Israel from northern Gaza. Left in tears after their son's death from starvation, the family shared the gravity of what had happened with the world public. Health officials report that the Israeli army is blocking the entry of vital nutritional supplements into the region for children on the verge of starvation. Mostafa is the **28th** child **to lose his life as a result of Israel's imposed starvation policy.**



In a statement from the United Nations, it was noted that approximately **50,000 children** in Gaza require urgent medical intervention due to malnutrition and that the region's population is facing "catastrophic" levels of hunger due to Israel's restrictions on humanitarian aid. This statement confirms not only that the humanitarian crisis is growing, but also that essential services necessary for children's survival (particularly food, clean water, and healthcare) have become seriously inaccessible.

These developments clearly demonstrate the violation of children's **rights to life, an adequate standard of living,** and **the highest attainable standard of health,** as guaranteed by **the Convention on the Rights of the Child.**

JUNE 16

On June 16, 2024, it was reported that at least **nine Palestinians**, including **five children**, were killed when a house was targeted in an attack by Israeli forces **on the Bureij Refugee Camp** in the center of the Gaza Strip. Footage from the scene shows wounded and dead civilians being pulled from the rubble and extensive destruction in the surrounding area.

On the same day, as part of ground operations previously launched against refugee camps in Bureij and its surroundings, nine Palestinians, including six children, were reported killed and eleven wounded in an attack on a house near the Abu Rasas junction.



Meanwhile, violations of children's rights continue in the West Bank. On the same day, it was reported that a seven-year-old child was detained by Israeli police in the village of Mughayyer, east of Ramallah.

On this day of Eid al-Adha, a father in Gaza described the trauma he experienced when his young daughter was killed **while walking down the street** on this special day, known among the people as *"children's holiday*." This tragic scene demonstrates the severe violation of children's **rights to life** and **emotional and cultural development.**

JUNE 17

On June 17, 2024**, armed Israeli settlers from a newly established illegal Israeli settlement outpost, an extension of the Givat Assaf settlement, located** on the eastern outskirts of the village of Deir Dibwan, near Ramallah, targeted **the Khallet Al Maghara herding community** in the area. While Palestinians were being evacuated from the community along with their sheep, they were attacked by a second group of settlers in the eastern area. This group **opened fire on** the Palestinians**,**

physically assaulted them, and **attacked them with sticks.** As a result of these attacks, a total of **15 Palestinians**, including 5 **children**, were injured. The injured suffered physical trauma, including cuts from broken glass, broken bones, and severe bruising. All of the injured were transferred to a health center in the village. In addition, **an ambulance** and **ten civilian vehicles** were seriously damaged.

As a result of these and similar ongoing attacks by the occupiers**, a Palestinian family of four,** including a child, was forcibly displaced. The family was forced to leave behind **two homes, three animal shelters, two animal barns,** and **all their personal belongings** during the incident.

This incident clearly demonstrates the violation of **the security rights, settlement rights, freedom and property rights,** as well as **the physical integrity and protection rights** of Palestinian civilians, especially children. Furthermore, the occupiers' attacks reveal **the continuity of systematic violence** against civilians under both **international humanitarian law** and **international human rights law.**

JUNE 18

At approximately 01:20 on June 18, 2024, **a house** was hit **in the An Nuseirat Refugee Camp in Deir al Balah**, killing at least **ten Palestinians**, including **a child and a woman**, and injuring many others.





According to data released on the same date, between June 11 and **18**, the occupying Israeli authorities demolished **eight structures** belonging to Palestinians in the West Bank or forced the owners to demolish them. As a result of these actions, **a total of 21 Palestinians, including 14 children, were displaced**.

Meanwhile, a preliminary assessment report published on the same day by the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) highlighted the environmental impacts of the war in Gaza. According to the report, **soil, water, and air pollution is rapidly incre-**

asing due to debris from the clashes, asbestos, unexploded ordnance, and hazardous materials such as medical and industrial waste**,** threatening the health of civilians, especially children. Furthermore, it was noted that **clean drinking water sources** in the region **have been seriously damaged** due to the collapse of water treatment systems and pollutants leaking from solar panels, such as lead. **The destruction of waste management infrastructure,** combined with smoke from burning plastic and wood**, is seriously degrading air quality,** exposing children to risks such as **respiratory diseases** and **poisoning.**

JUNE 19

At around 1:00 a.m., in the El Mawasi area northwest of Rafah, an airstrike targeting a barracks reportedly used for humanitarian aid killed at least eight Palestinians, including a pregnant woman and a child, and injured many others. This attack took place in an area declared a "humanitarian safe zone," demonstrating that areas sheltering displaced civilians are now also being directly targeted. This incident constitutes a grave violation of children's right to life, right to security, and right to special protection in times of war.



The attack on the tent camps in the El Mawasi area caused serious trauma for the children, both physically and psychologically. Fatima al-Qiq, an elderly woman living in the camp, stated that bombs hit the tents while the children were sleeping and that some tents caught fire, drawing attention to what happened by saying, "*We were hit by Israeli bombardment in a so-called safe zone; the children were sleeping here*." Eyewitnesses also stated that the children were asleep at the time of the attack.

JUNE 20

Between June 19 and 20, 2024, according to Gaza Ministry of Health data, a total of 35 Palestinians were killed and 130 were injured as a result of Israeli attacks. The attacks continue to cause heavy civilian casualties and infrastructure destruction.

On the morning of June 20, it was reported that eight Palestinians were killed in an airstrike on a house in the Zeitoun neighborhood of Gaza City.



On the same day, during a search and arrest operation carried out by Israeli forces in the city of Kalkilya in the West Bank, a 15-year-old child was killed as a result of shots fired by the Israeli army, according to their statement, after a group of Palestinians threw stones. This intervention, which resulted in the death of an unarmed child, constitutes a violation of the right to life and the principle of proportional use of force.

JUNE 21

On June 21, the Palestinian Ministry of Education announced that approximately 39,000 high school students in Gaza would be unable to take the General High School Graduation Exam (Tawjihi), scheduled to begin on June 22, due to the war. Since October 2023, 625,000 students in the region have been out of school, and more than 7,000 students and 378 education personnel have lost their lives. These figures clearly show that the right to education and the right to development of children, particularly the right to life, are being grossly and systematically violated. The destruction of schools due to the war, the devastation of educational infrastructure, and the climate of psychological insecurity make it impossible for children to access education, one of their most fundamental rights.

On the same day, in the city of Kalkilya in the West Bank, it was reported that a 15-year-old child named Naim Abdulelah Naim Samha was killed by an Israeli bullet to the chest at around 3:20 p.m. on June 20. According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), the child was standing near a restaurant when Israeli soldiers fired at him from a distance of approximately 80–100 meters as they were withdrawing from the area. Naim was taken to Darwish Nazzal Government Hospital by a Palestinian ambulance but was pronounced dead at 4:50 p.m.



Under international law, the use of lethal force is legitimate only in situations involving a direct threat to life or of serious injury. However, in many cases documented by DCIP, there is

substantial evidence indicating that the use of lethal force by Israeli forces against children constitutes unlawful extrajudicial executions or intentional killings in violation of international law.

JUNE 22

At around 12:00 p.m. on June 22, 2024, an airstrike on a residential block near the As Susi Mosque in the Ash Shati Refugee Camp, west of Gaza City, reportedly killed at least 24 Palestinians, including children, and injured many others.

At around 3:00 p.m. on the same day, four Palestinians, including two children, were killed in an attack on a house in the Ash Shuja'iyeh neighborhood in eastern Gaza City.

JUNE 23

Israel demolished six structures in Area C of the Jericho governorate in the West Bank. These structures included four homes, a house under construction, and a swimming pool. As a result of the demolitions carried out in Ein ad Dyuk at Tahta, Istih, and the Aqbat Jaber Refugee Camp, 12 people, including six children, were displaced, and 14 people, including two children, were adversely affected.

On the same day, the Director of the Kuwait Sahra Hospital in Khan Yunis announced that the main generator had stopped working due to fuel shortages and that the hospital was now trying to operate on only a secondary generator. The collapse of Gaza's health infrastructure due to fuel and equipment shortages poses serious risks to children's right to health and access to emergency medical care.

JUNE 24

According to a statement made by Save the Children (SCI) on June 24, it is estimated that more than 20,000 children in Gaza are missing, detained, trapped under rubble, or in mass graves. It is emphasized that children separated from their parents and staying with strangers have become extremely vulnerable to violence, abuse, exploitation, and neglect.



It is reported that serious mental health issues such as **panic attacks, depression, anxiety,** and **severe stress disorders** are becoming increasingly common among children due to **constant displacement, relentless bombardment,** and the traumas they experience. According to an expert from **Doctors Without Borders (MSF)**, many children are trying to survive *"burned, having lost limbs or lost their parents*." Some children constantly draw **unmanned aerial vehicles** and **warplanes** in their drawings. Experts report that many children now say they "*would rather die than live in this horror*."

JUNE 25

On June 25, at around 2:30 a.m., **the Abed Al Fatah Hamoud School**, which housed internally displaced persons in **the At Tuffah neighborhood in the center of Gaza City,** was targeted, killing **eight Palestinians**, including women and children.

Doctors Without Borders (MSF) reported that one of its physiotherapists was killed by Israeli forces while cycling to the MSF clinic in Gaza City, and **that five other people, including three children, were also killed** in the attack. In addition**, the Al Awda Health and Community Association** announced that the health center in Rafah had been completely destroyed and that this attack marked **the fifth health facility** targeted since October 2023.

According to the **Integrated Phase Classification (IPC)** update published the same day, **the risk of famine** in the Gaza Strip remains critical. More than half of the population regularly lives without any food in their homes; **more than 20% go hungry all day and night**. Some households are selling their clothes or resorting to scavenging to obtain food.

The Nutrition Vulnerability Analysis published by the Nutrition Cluster Partners also revealed similar results. According to the study, 93% of children aged 6–23 months had access to only two or fewer food groups in the previous 24 hours. Among pregnant and lactating women, this rate was 96%. Eighty-five percent of households reported that their children went without food for an entire day, while nearly 100% reported that they sacrificed their own meals so that their children could eat at least a little.

JUNE 26

At around 8:30 p.m., a group of Palestinians was targeted in the Al Alami area of the Jabalia Refugee Camp in northern Gaza; as a result of the attack, eight Palestinians, including children, were killed and many others were injured. Targeting

residential areas and civilians constitutes a violation of children's right to life, physical integrity, and shelter.

On the same day, in the Eriha C Area in the West Bank, demolitions carried out by the Israeli Civil Administration displaced five households, including six children. A total of 12 structures, including six homes, were demolished.

JUNE 27

According to Wafa News Agency, the Shujaiya neighborhood of Gaza City continues to be subjected to intense aerial bombardment by Israeli forces following attacks that previously killed five people. It is reported that numerous civilians, including women and children, have lost their lives in the latest attacks.



On the same day, according to a statement made to Reuters by a health official from **Kamal Adwan** Hospital**, a girl** died during the night **due to hunger and thirst. The number of children who have lost their lives for similar reasons throughout the war** has reached dozens, with at least **four children** dying this week alone due to lack of food and water.

The United Nations Hunger Monitoring System reported that approximately **20% of the** Gaza population is experiencing **catastrophic levels of food insecurity**.

JUNE 28

On June 28, at around 10:00 p.m., an Israeli warplane targeted a house near Al Yarmouk Stadium in central Gaza, killing four Palestinians, including two children, and injuring ten others.

The attack was carried out in areas densely populated by civilians, and the direct targeting of children or their harm due to inadequate precautions constitutes a clear violation of the right to life, the right to physical integrity, and the right to protection from armed conflict. In addition, the bombing of residential areas directly threatens children's right to adequate housing.

JUNE 29

On June 29, it was reported that unexploded ordnance (UXO) threats continue in the Gaza Strip, with children and displaced civilians particularly at serious risk. In the Qizan An Najjar area south of Khan Yunis, a 9-year-old girl was killed and three others were injured when explosive remnants detonated. This situation demonstrates that children continue to face deadly dangers even after the war and that their right to life and physical security is being blatantly violated.

According to estimates by UNMAS (United Nations Mine Action Service), the more than 37 million tons of debris in the Gaza Strip contains approximately 800,000 tons of asbestos, various pollutants, and unexploded ordnance (UXO). Furthermore, it is stated that at least 10% of the ammunition fired carries the risk of malfunctioning. This situation poses long-term deadly dangers, particularly for children and displaced civilians, and demonstrates the violation of many fundamental rights, including health, the right to life, and the right to access the environment.



On the same day, medical sources reported that at least 31 Palestinians were killed in Israeli airstrikes on various areas of the Gaza Strip. Among these attacks were the following: at least 13 bodies were recovered in the city of Rafah starting in the morning hours; at least four people, including a child, were killed when a family collecting water in Gaza City was targeted; and five more people lost their lives when a municipal park in central Gaza City was bombed.



Targeting civilians while they are collecting water or in public areas such as parks constitutes a serious violation of the right to protection from conflict, the right to access basic life-sustaining services, and the right to life, especially for children.

Furthermore, it was reported that civilians living in northern Gaza were trying to consume tree sap because they could not access basic foodstuffs.

JUNE 30

On June 30, Israeli warplanes targeted a three-story building in the Nur Shams Refugee Camp in Tulkarm. One Palestinian was killed in the attack. Five people were injured, and three of the injured were transferred to the hospital. As a result of this attack, six Palestinian households, comprising a total of 36 people, including 15 children, were displaced.

Meanwhile, between June 25 and July 1, Israeli authorities demolished or forced the demolition of 35 Palestinian structures. As a result of these demolitions, a total of 60 people, including 25 children from 10 households, were displaced. In addition, 270 more people, including 130 children, were directly affected.

As the war drags on, the humanitarian situation in the region has worsened. Three-quarters of Gaza's 2.3 million population has been displaced. There are serious difficulties in accessing food and clean water, malnutrition is widespread, and basic infrastructure has been completely destroyed. These developments show that civilians are being deprived of their most basic rights, such as the right to health, the right to shelter, and the right to a dignified life.

As is clearly understood, throughout June 2024, unjust military operations, air strikes, occupying violence, and systematic destruction have repeatedly violated children's fundamental rights to **life, bodily integrity, shelter, education, food, health, freedom, security, access to humanitarian aid**, and freedom from **forced displacement.**

Furthermore, **the physical and psychological damage** caused by the war affects children not only through direct attacks but also through poverty, hunger, disease, and trauma, which will have long-term effects. The situation faced by children in Gaza is turning into a systematic, widespread, and deepening human rights crisis.

JULY 1

Israeli occupiers polluted the river to deprive Palestinian residents of drinking water. El-Baidar, a civil society organization defending the rights of Bedouins, told the Palestinian news agency WAFA that Israeli occupiers dumped waste into the el-Auja Spring, located north of the West Bank city of Jericho, depriving Palestinians of drinking water. Hasan Mlihat, the organization's general manager, said that the occupying police forces maliciously fined Bedouin communities in the area who came to fill their water tanks in the stream for personal consumption and to feed their animals.



JULY 2

A written statement from the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza provided information about the attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Gaza Strip for 270 days. It was stated that the murderous Israeli army carried out three massacres in various parts of Gaza in the last 24 hours, killing 25 more Palestinians

and injuring 81. It was stated that there were many children among the martyrs and the wounded.

It was noted that the number of people killed in Israel's attacks on the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023, has risen to 37,925, while the number of wounded has risen to 87,141. The statement also reiterated that bodies are still under the rubble and on the roadsides, but health teams and civil defense personnel cannot reach the bodies due to Israeli obstructions.



JULY 3

Occupying Israeli forces, which carried out artillery attacks on Palestinian homes in the Tel el-Heva area in the southern Gaza Strip, also bombed various locations in the Ez-Zeytun neighborhood. According to information obtained from medical sources at the Palestinian Red Crescent, two people injured in the bombing of a house in Beit Lahya in the northern Gaza Strip were taken to Kemal Advan Hospital.

Terrorist Israel also carried out intense artillery attacks on the En-Nusayrat, Ez-Zehra, and El-Miğraka areas in the central Gaza Strip, as well as the western and central parts of the southern city of Rafah.

In a joint statement by the Palestinian Prisoners' Society and the Prisoners and Released Prisoners Committee affiliated with the Palestine Liberation Organization, it was stated that Israeli soldiers continued their raids in the occupied West Bank.

It was reported that the murderous Israeli army arrested at least 20 more Palestinians, including children and women, in the past 24 hours in the West Bank

cities of El Halil, Jenin, Kalkilya, Nablus, Ramallah, Jericho, and Jerusalem. As a result of these unjust and unlawful arrests, the rights of many children to freedom and security have been violated. In the occupied West Bank and East Jerusalem, 560 Palestinians, including 136 children, have been killed and approximately 5,300 Palestinians have been injured in attacks by murderous Israeli soldiers and Israelis seizing Palestinian land since October 7, 2023.

JULY 6

At least 20 Palestinians, including a senior Hamas official, were killed in separate attacks carried out by genocidal Israel on two school buildings in Gaza over the weekend. Palestinian officials announced that at least 16 people were killed and dozens injured in an attack on a school run by the United Nations (UN) on Saturday, July 6. Gaza's civil defense unit said that four more people were killed in a second attack by genocidal Israel on another school housing displaced Palestinian families. These attacks on schools have clearly deprived Palestinian children of their right to education. The terrorist Israeli army launched a new attack on the center of Gaza City just a few hours after issuing an evacuation order for the area the following day.



JULY 7

At least three people were killed and several others wounded when **terrorist** Israel bombed a house belonging to the Abu Husayra family in the Al-Meyna area west of Gaza City. The bodies of six people were pulled from the rubble after Israeli occupation warplanes bombed a Palestinian home in the Sheikh Ridan neighborhood of Gaza City, while the wounded were taken to Al-Ahli Baptist Hospital in the city.

The Nusayrat and Bureyc refugee camps in the center of the Gaza Strip also witnessed fierce air and ground attacks. Those killed and injured in the attack were transferred to the city's Avde Hospital. Murderous Israel attacked a house belonging to the Cevade family in the Zevaide area in the central part of Gaza. Six people, including two children, were killed in the attack, and several others were injured. The dead and wounded were taken to the Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in Deir al-Balah.



JULY 8

According to information reported by an AA correspondent from the field, Israeli warplanes and artillery units heavily bombed many areas in the southwest of Gaza City, including Derac, Rimal, Industrial, Tel el-Hawa, Tuffah, and Old City. Many civilians, including women and children, were injured.

Israeli military vehicles also entered the Tel el-Hava and Rimal neighborhoods and the outskirts of the Industrial Zone under heavy fire. The murderous soldiers also raided the UNRWA center in the area. Eyewitnesses also reported that dozens of Israeli snipers were positioned on some high-rise buildings near the UNRWA headquarters.

Palestinian health sources reported that dozens of people were killed and wounded in Israel's attack on the city of Gaza. Thousands of Palestinians fled to the northwest of Gaza, spending the night on the roads without shelter. It was stated that there were people who were unable to leave the area and were trapped due to the intensity of the attacks. In a written statement from the Civil Defense Directorate in Gaza, it was reported that genocidal Israel targeted houses in the Tuffah area while people were inside, and that there were martyrs and wounded under the rubble of the houses targeted in the attacks. Thousands of innocent Palestinians

in the area began fleeing north due to the intense attacks. Israeli warplanes and artillery targeted the eastern, western, and central areas of Gaza city center with heavy bombs for hours throughout the night. It was reported that dozens were killed and wounded in the region as a result of the attacks.

JULY 9

It was reported that dozens of people were killed and many more were injured in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli army on a school in northern Gaza Strip where displaced Palestinians had taken refuge.

JULY 10

According to information provided by Gazan officials, at least 29 people were killed and dozens injured as a result of a genocidal Israeli attack targeting a camp sheltering civilians in southern Gaza. Doctors at Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis stated that murderous Israeli rockets hit tents outside a school and that they expected the death toll to rise. The Gaza Ministry of Health also announced that Israeli missiles had fallen next to the gate of the al-Awda school in the town of Abasan al-Kabira, east of Khan Yunis. Images from health centers in the area show children among the seriously injured lying on the ground.

Since last October, the number of Palestinian children killed in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, has risen to 143. Considering that 41 Palestinian children were killed in the previous nine months, this number represents an increase of nearly 250%. In addition, more than 440 Palestinian children were wounded by firearms.



JULY 13

The Zionist Israeli army launched an attack with warplanes on the El-Mevasi area west of the city of Khan Yunis in the Gaza Strip, which it had previously claimed was "safe." According to Anadolu Agency, the Palestinian Ministry of Health stated, "In the massacre carried out by the occupiers against citizens and displaced persons in the Mevasi area of the city of Khan Yunis, 90 people were martyred and 300 were injured. It was stated that some of the injured were in critical condition.

JULY 14

In the latest attack on a UN school in the Nuseyrat camp, 17 people were martyred and approximately 80 were injured. The Palestinian Civil Defense announced that at least 17 people were martyred and approximately 80 were injured in the attack on the UN-affiliated Abu Ureyban school in the Nuseyrat refugee camp on Sunday, July 14. Noting that most of the victims were women and children, the Palestinian Civil Defense stated the following: Al Jazeera correspondent Hani Mahmoud, reporting from Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in Deir al-Balah, where some of the wounded were taken, said he encountered women and children with severe burns, "crying in pain and agony" on the floor.



The Civil Defense Unit in Gaza announced that they pulled 7 martyrs and 7 wounded from the rubble after an attack carried out by genocidal Israeli warplanes at night on the Yusuf family's home in the Abu Iskandar area in northern Gaza. The statement also noted that an airstrike on an apartment building belonging to the al-Haddad family in the Shabiya area in central Gaza killed 3 people and wounded 20 others.

JULY 15

In a joint statement issued by the Palestinian Prisoners' Society and the Prisoners and Released Prisoners Committee affiliated with the Palestine Liberation Organization, it was stated that murderous Israeli soldiers continued their raids in the occupied West Bank. It was reported that the Zionist Israeli army detained at least

15 more Palestinians in the West Bank cities of Ramallah, El Halil, Jenin, Tulkerim, and Nablus in the last 24 hours. It was reported that among those detained were previously released prisoners and a woman.

The statement went on to say that the number of Palestinians detained in the occupied West Bank since October 7 has risen to 9,670. According to the Palestinian official news agency WAFA, the genocidal Israeli army carried out attacks on the Tel el-Heva, Sheikh Aclin, and Es-Sabra neighborhoods of Gaza. Many people were killed or injured in these attacks. Murderous Israeli helicopters also fired indiscriminately at Gazans in open areas in Tel el-Heva. Terrorist Israeli artillery units also bombed the 8th Street area in the Zeytun neighborhood of Gaza.



JULY 16

It was reported that 49 more Palestinians were killed and 69 Palestinians were injured in attacks carried out by the Zionist Israeli army in various parts of Gaza in the last 24 hours. The statement said that some of those attacked were still under the rubble and emphasized that ambulances and civil defense teams in Gaza were unable to reach them.

JULY 17

A report by the official Palestinian news agency WAFA stated that the Israeli army targeted different areas of Gaza with air strikes and artillery fire. It was reported that 7 citizens lost their lives and many were injured in a house bombed in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip. It was stated that the Zionist Israeli army bombed the Abdullah Azzam Mosque in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp, killing

two Palestinians and injuring 15 others in the attack. The report shared that at least one person was killed and many others were injured when a building next to the Ihsan Mosque in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp was hit, noting that Israel targeted many areas in the city of Gaza, particularly the Tel el-Hawa neighborhood. The report went on to say that the murderous Israeli army continued its attacks on the cities of Khan Yunis and Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip.



JULY 20

At a press conference held by the Ministry of Health in the Gaza Strip on Saturday, it was stated that a total of 38,919 Palestinians have been killed in the attacks carried out by Zionist Israel since October 2023. Another detail shared with the public was that 89,622 people have been injured so far. The statement said, *"Israeli forces killed at least 37 more of our people and injured 57 Palestinians in massacres targeting civilians in the last 24 hours."* It was also emphasized that some buildings in the Gaza Strip had been destroyed due to the bombardment, people were trapped under the rubble waiting for help, and search and rescue teams were struggling in the field.



JULY 21

A written statement from Al-Awda Hospital in Gaza said, "*The bodies of four people killed in attacks by Israeli warplanes on the Nuseyrat Palestinian Refugee Camp*



were brought to the hospital." A written statement posted on the social media platform Telegram by the Palestinian Civil Defense Unit in the Gaza Strip stated, "*Six people were martyred in attacks carried out by Israeli warplanes on a house in the al-Bureyc Palestinian Refugee Camp*." The statement emphasized that many people were injured and that civil defense units were still working to rescue those trapped under the rubble.

JULY 22

According to information obtained from hospital sources, numerous Palestinians have been killed or injured as a result of Israeli forces targeting various areas of Khan Yunis during their 290-day assault on the Gaza Strip. According to a statement from the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the number of martyrs in the attacks on Khan Yunis since the morning has risen to 70, while at least 200 people have been injured, some of them seriously. The martyred and injured Palestinians were taken to nearby hospitals by citizens and medical teams.



JULY 23

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza issued a statement regarding the attacks carried out by Zionist Israel on the Gaza Strip for 291 days. The statement said that

the occupying Israeli army carried out 8 attacks in various parts of Gaza in the last 24 hours, killing 84 more Palestinians and injuring 329.

JULY 24

The mother of three-month-old Anwar El-Hudari, who lives in El-Shujaiya in eastern Gaza City, told the International Association for the Defense of Children, *"I couldn't find formula milk because of the Israeli siege, and I had no milk in my breasts due to malnutrition and the blocking of aid." "My husband and my only son, Enver, were taken to Al-Shifa Hospital,"* she continued. Little Anwar died at Kamal Adwan Hospital due to malnutrition. *"My son cried all night from hunger. His fever rose and he started having convulsions. He died four days later,"* said Anwar's mother. Anwar is one of the Palestinian children who have died in recent months in the Gaza Strip due to malnutrition and dehydration.

Killer Israeli authorities are systematically denying Palestinian children in Gaza access to adequate food and nutrition, exacerbating hunger and malnutrition. This deliberate deprivation is leading to serious health problems, stunted growth, and an alarming increase in child mortality rates. The blockade and humanitarian aid restrictions imposed during the Israeli genocide are causing a humanitarian crisis and inflicting suffering on the entire population of the Gaza Strip.

DCIP Accountability Program Director Ayed Abu Eqtaish said, *"Young Palestinian children are dying of hunger and suffering because Israeli officials are deliberately blocking humanitarian aid to northern Gaza; this is an act of genocide."* He added, *"Amid the blockade of the Gaza Strip and relentless attacks by Israeli forces, we do not know the full extent of the hunger crisis. Unless the international community immediately implements a ceasefire and arms embargo, more Palestinian children in Gaza will die of starvation."*

DCIP field researchers collected testimonies from parents of children who died of malnutrition and dehydration at Kamal Adwan Hospital in the northern Gaza town of Beit Lahiya as a result of Israel's campaign of genocide. Dr. Husam Abu Safia, Director of Kamal Adwan Hospital, told DCIP, "*Approximately 70 to 100 children suffering from malnutrition come to the hospital every day*." He added: "*There are three levels of child malnutrition: mild, moderate, and severe. Most cases admitted to the hospital are moderate, while severe cases make up five to seven percent of the total. If the famine continues and food supplies are not secured, this percentage may increase."*

JULY 27

Genocidal Israel struck the Hadice School in the city of Deir al-Balah in the Gaza Strip in an airstrike. The Ministry of Health and the government media office in Hamas-controlled Gaza reported that at least 30 Palestinians were killed and more than 100 were injured in the attack. The government media office in Gaza stated that among those killed in the attack were 15 children and 8 women. Gazan officials said that the school, which housed a field hospital, was sheltering approximately



4,000 displaced people. The Zionist Israeli army reported that it targeted *"a Hamas command and control center inside the Hadice School compound"* in the attack. A statement from the army said the school was used as a weapons depot and for attacks against Israeli soldiers. The murderous Israeli army also claimed to have warned civilians before the attack.

According to information shared by health officials in Gaza, at least eight schools have been hit in the region since July 6, and more than 100 people have lost their lives in these attacks.

JULY 28

It was reported that 66 more Palestinians were martyred and 241 were injured in attacks carried out by the genocidal Israeli army in the last 24 hours. The attacks



violated the right to life of many children, while the right to physical and bodily integrity of some was also violated. It was reported that the number of people killed in the attacks carried out by Zionist Israel on the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023, has reached 39,324, while the number of injured has reached 90,830. The statement also reiterated that bodies are still under the rubble and on the

roadsides, but health teams and civil defense personnel cannot reach the bodies due to Israeli obstructions.

JULY 29

The Gaza Ministry of Health announced an outbreak of polio in the Palestinian territories, blaming the deadly virus's spread on Israel's destructive military attacks. In a statement on Telegram on Monday, the ministry said the situation posed a health threat to residents of Gaza and neighboring countries. This is the latest sign of the deteriorating public health emergency caused by the genocidal war waged by Zionist Israel since October. Describing the outbreak as a "setback" for the global polio eradication program, the Ministry called for an "urgent intervention" to end Israel's aggression and address the lack of drinking water and personal hygiene, damaged sewage networks, and tons of garbage and solid waste.

Polio, which is transmitted mainly through the fecal-oral route, is a highly contagious virus that invades the nervous system and can cause paralysis. Thanks to mass vaccination campaigns, polio cases have decreased by 99% worldwide since 1988, and efforts to eradicate the disease everywhere continue. The Gaza Ministry of Health announced earlier this month that it had detected a "type 2 poliovirus component" in coordination with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF). The ministry said the virus was found in sewage that had accumulated and flowed between the tents of displaced persons.

Israel's genocidal occupation of Gaza has destroyed and devastated sewage and water systems. Sewage water overflowed into the streets near some camps set up for displaced Palestinians. Last week, the UN reported a widespread increase in cases of Hepatitis A, dysentery, and gastroenteritis, along with the detection of the polio virus, due to deteriorating hygiene conditions in Gaza.

Al Jazeera correspondent Hind Hudayri reported from Deir al-Balah in central Gaza, saying, "*This* is *just the beginning of the wave of disease that the Gaza Strip will face.*" "*Palestinians are living in makeshift tents without toilets, hygiene, water, or sanitation. It's sewage everywhere,*" she said.

JULY 30

According to the official Palestinian news agency WAFA, Israeli warplanes bombed the Bureyc Refugee Camp in central Gaza. At least 9 people were killed and many more were injured in the attack. The dead and wounded were taken to Avde Hos-

pital in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp. The bombing violated the right to bodily integrity of many children. It was reported that the Zionist Israeli army also targeted citizens gathered at the entrance of the Nusayrat Refugee Camp, killing 12 people and injuring many others. The report indicated that the murderous Israeli army continued its attacks on different areas of the northern Gaza city. At least 39,618 Palestinians have been martyred and 91,223 injured in the attacks carried out by genocidal Israel on the Gaza Strip since October 7, including at least 16,172 children and 10,798 women.

JULY 31

According to statements by Iranian and Hamas officials, on July 31, 2024, Hamas political leader Ismail Haniyeh was assassinated in a cowardly attack in the early hours of the morning at his home in Tehran, Iran, after attending the inauguration ceremony of Iranian President Masoud Pezeshkian. Haniyeh was in Tehran to attend the inauguration ceremony of President Masoud Pezeshkian, which had taken place the previous day. According to Hamas, he was killed along with one of his bodyguards in a Zionist airstrike on the complex where he was staying after the ceremony.



Martyr Leader Ismail Haniyeh

AUGUST 1

Occupying Israel carried out raids on various settlements in the West Bank. Numerous people were detained and two were injured during these raids by the occupying forces. It was reported that the two injured were two young men in their twenties from the village of Husan. In addition, the occupying forces caused fires by using tear gas and sound bombs during the raids. According to sources, many young people and women were among those detained and whose homes were searched by the occupying forces.

On the 300th day of the genocide it started in the Gaza Strip, Zionist Israel carried out airstrikes and artillery fire on various areas. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that 35 people were killed and 55 wounded in the last 24 hours in attacks carried out by the occupying forces; it also announced that 39,480 people have been killed and 91,128 wounded since October 7. It was stated that many homes were destroyed in the attacks by the occupying forces and that the bodies trapped under the rubble could not be reached. The fact that the genocidal Israeli attacks are also targeting hospitals violates the Palestinian people's right to access healthcare and treatment.



The Palestinian Civil Defense (PCD) reported that 15 Palestinians were martyred and approximately 29 were injured as a result of the bombing of

the Dalal Al Mughrabi state school in the Al-Shuja'iyya area east of Gaza City. The PCD stated that the school housed thousands of displaced persons and was destroyed. Three people were killed and many others were injured when the occupation army targeted a group of Palestinians near the Bilal Mosque in the Tel Es-Sultan neighborhood, west of Rafah. Two people were killed and many others were injured in an attack by the murderous Israeli army on a house in the Sheikh Ridwan neighborhood of Gaza City. The occupation forces carried out attacks on many locations in the city of Gaza, primarily at the Kuwait Junction, Er-Reşid Street, Tel El-Hava, and Salahaddin Street.

The Coastal Municipalities Water Utility (CMWU) stated that infectious diseases and respiratory illnesses are expected to spread rapidly due to the ongoing sewage overflow. The CMWU urgently called for international support to repair sewage facilities and infrastructure and to provide the necessary equipment and spare parts. It was reported that any obstruction of this support by the occupying Israeli forces would cause more deaths and constitute a violation of the right to life.

The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) recorded 40,000 cases of Hepatitis A as of August 1, since October 2023. The Global Health Cluster (GHC) announced that it is preparing for the worst-case scenario of a polio outbreak. The attacks by the occupying forces have resulted in the violation of the Palestinian people's right to access health services and treatment, and ultimately their right to life.

AUGUST 2

Occupying Israel continued to kill civilians and commit genocide through air strikes. Bombings intensified in areas where refugees had gathered and in the streets. Occupying Israel's attacks on the Gaza Strip continued to escalate from the air, land, and sea. These bombings and attacks resulted in civilian casualties, displacement, and destruction of civilian infrastructure. The Palestinian people's right to life and property is being violated, and the Palestinian people are being subjected to forced displacement.

According to the UN World Food Programme (WFP), limited fuel deliveries and ongoing attacks have severely limited the ability to operate critical facilities, including bakeries. The decrease in the number of open bakeries due to the attacks by the occupying Israeli forces violates the Palestinian people's right to access food. In addition, access restrictions and infrastructure damage are creating chronic water

shortages and resulting in the violation of the right to access clean water throughout Gaza.

The Global Health Cluster has stated that public health conditions in Gaza are deteriorating as repeated evacuation orders and mass displacement further restrict people's access to safe drinking water. Furthermore, untreated wastewater and sewage overflowing in the streets, along with increasing solid waste accumulation, continue to fuel water- and vector-borne diseases; access to emergency medical services is becoming increasingly jeopardized, particularly for pregnant women, persons with disabilities, and the elderly.

Seven people, including two children and one woman, were martyred in attacks carried out by the occupying soldiers on the Berbah family, the Es-Sevafiri family, and the Ebu Haşim family. Civil defense forces in Gaza reported that 15 people were killed and 40 wounded when murderous Israel bombed the Dellal al-Magribi school near the Subha Health Center in the Shujaiya area with three warplanes. In addition, six Palestinians were martyred in an attack by the occupation army on a group of Palestinians in Tal El Hava, south of Gaza City.

Obstacles to humanitarian access continue, including restrictions imposed by Zionist Israeli authorities on the entry of certain humanitarian supplies, the closure of the Rafah Crossing, ongoing hostilities, damaged and impassable roads, the risk of unexploded ordnance, attacks on aid convoys, and disruption of public order and security. This situation continues to limit the entry of aid into Gaza and significantly impedes the delivery of aid and basic services to hundreds of thousands of people across Gaza. In addition to committing the crime of genocide,

AUGUST 3

Genocidal Israel continued its attacks on the Gaza Strip from the air and land. Five Palestinians were martyred in an attack carried out by an unmanned aerial vehicle on a car. It was reported that the occupying forces prevented first responders from reaching the vehicle that was attacked and sent forces accompanied by four bulldozers, which caused damage to roads, Palestinian vehicles, and property.





Zionist Israel continues to commit genocide and violate the right to life.

The attacks by the occupying Israeli forces were not limited to the Gaza Strip. It was announced that the occupiers carried out raids in many areas of the West Bank in the early hours of the morning and that 4 Palestinians were injured in clashes in Jerusalem. In addition, the occupiers violated the property rights of the Palestinian people by spraying dirty water, tear gas, and sound bombs at shops, homes s, and vehicles.

A total of 15 Palestinians were martyred in two attacks carried out by the genocidal Israeli army on the Er-Rafideyn School in Gaza City, where displaced people had taken refuge. The genocidal forces carried out various air strikes on many points in the city. In an attack by the occupying Israeli army on a house in the Mirac area of Rafah city, 5 Palestinians, including a girl, were martyred. Attack boats belonging to the occupying navy also opened fire on the shores of Gaza city.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza reported that the occupying army carried out three massacres in the last 24 hours, killing 31 Palestinians and wounding 62. It was stated that since October 7, 2023, a total of 39,550 people have been killed and 91,280 wounded in the attacks by genocidal Israel.

AUGUST 4

At least 30 Palestinians were martyred when two schools, An Nasser and Hasan Salama, located in the Nasser neighborhood and hosting thousands of displaced Palestinians, were bombed by genocidal Israel. It was also reported that 5 Palestinians were killed and 15 wounded in an attack by the murderous forces on two tents at the Al-Aqsa Hospital in Deir al-Balah. Following these events, GMO announced that the murderous Israeli forces have targeted 172 shelters housing tens of thousands of displaced Palestinians so far, including 152 government and UNRWA schools.

A report by the United Nations Operational Satellite Applications Programme (UNOSAT) stated that, according to the latest data, 63 percent of buildings in Gaza

have been damaged as of today.



The Zionist Israeli army issued a new evacuation order warning Palestinians living in the South Khan Yunis and North Rafah areas to immediately move west to El Mavasi. According to the Site Management Working Group (SMWG), this latest order affects 24 blocks covering an area of 18 square kilometers with an estimated population of over 11,000, compared to approximately 48,000 people before October 2023. The evacuation orders, issued multiple times since October 7, 2023, subject Palestinians to forced displacement and constitute a violation of property rights. Meanwhile, the continuous displacement of Palestinians creates insecurity and lack of safety, as well as difficulties in meeting basic needs.

According to reports by the Global Nutrition Cluster (GNC), as a result of the extraordinary increase in malnutrition levels among children in northern Gaza, only two out of five children have been able to receive nutritional supplements in the last three months. The GNC highlighted access restrictions, shortages of basic foodstuffs, limited availability of fresh vegetables, fruit, and meat, inadequate water and sanitation services, the spread of related disease outbreaks, and poor infant feeding practices as the causes of the deteriorating nutritional conditions. In addition to this statement, GNC reiterated its urgent call for increased access to ensure that children, pregnant women, and nursing mothers in particular receive the assistance they need.

In addition to all this, children in Gaza have been deprived of their right to education and continuously traumatized. According to the Palestinian Ministry of Education, all 625,000 school-age children in Gaza have lost an entire school year due to the Israeli occupation. Currently, 9,211 students and 397 teachers have been killed, while more than 14,200 students and 2,200 teachers have been injured. In addition, it was reported that educational facilities have been systematically damaged and destroyed, with approximately 93% of school buildings directly hit, damaged, or at high risk of damage. Although many schools are serving as shelters for displaced families, the right to shelter cannot be fully realized due to reasons such as overcrowding, lack of hygiene, and lack of privacy.

AUGUST 5

Israeli occupation forces continued to commit genocide in Palestine and to massacre civilians through air and ground attacks. As a result of the attacks carried out by the occupation forces, more than 95% of the population was displaced and forced to migrate, deepening the humanitarian crisis.

According to reporters from the Palestinian Information Center, aircraft and artillery belonging to the occupation army targeted homes, refugee camps, and streets where civilians lived in many areas of the Gaza Strip and continued their intense bombardment. Two Palestinians were martyred in an attack targeting Kuwait Square. New attacks were carried out on the remaining part of the al-Ridwan Mosque, which the genocidal Israeli army had previously targeted and destroyed. Palestinian Civil Defense sources announced that 53 Palestinians were martyred and many were wounded or missing as a result of the attacks and massacres carried out by the genocidal Israel. Meanwhile, the Ministry also stated that numerous bodies were found under the rubble of destroyed homes and on the sides of roads, but it was impossible to reach them due to attacks by the occupying forces, and that first aid teams were prevented from reaching the wounded and the bodies.

According to the Palestinian Civil Defense, three schools where displaced civilians had taken refuge were hit by the occupying forces in the last 48 hours, resulting in numerous casualties.

According to United Nations data, since October 7, 2023, approximately 40,000 Palestinians, mostly women and children, have been killed by murderous Israel, while more than 91,000 Palestinians have been injured and 1.9 million people have been displaced and subjected to forced migration. While the actions and attacks of the occupying Israeli forces constitute a violation of international human rights law, Zionist Israel continues to commit genocide every day.



The Gaza Government Media Office (GMO) and Palestinian Civil Defense (PCD) reported that ap-

proximately 10,000 people are missing or buried under rubble in Gaza. The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza needs information on the fate of those missing and buried under rubble in order to document the identity of all Palestinian martyrs. So far, it has officially announced 37,900 deaths, with 28,185 people killed. The Ministry of Health also reported that 885 of those killed were health workers.

According to information provided by the Head of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs in the Occupied Palestinian Territory (OCT), the Palestinian people have been completely exhausted physically and psychologically over the last 300 days. In addition, it was stated that meeting the high levels of need in Gaza is extremely difficult due to access restrictions and security threats imposed by the occupying Israeli forces against aid efforts.

AUGUST *6*

The terrorist state of Israel has continued to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip without interruption since October 7, 2023. According to reports from Palestinian Information Center correspondents, the murderous Israeli army continued its intensive bombardment attacks on various areas, refugee camps, and streets. Many occupation vehicles entered the Ez-Zehra area of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp and the City of Prisoners in the central Gaza Strip. Military boats belonging to the occupation navy opened fire on areas in the northwestern Gaza Strip.



(Gazans set off to reach the area where food aid was dropped by parachute from the air.)

This morning, murderous Israeli forces shot and killed 15-year-old Palestinian Bilal Izzeddin Muhammad Savafta. Four Palestinians, including Bilal, were martyred and seven were wounded in the murderous soldiers' fire attack. Genocidal Israel violates many basic human rights of Palestinian children, primarily their right to life,

education, and health. Nine Palestinians were martyred in various attacks carried out by the genocidal Israeli army in the occupied West Bank. In Jenin, four Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured when occupation forces bombed an area. The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that 18-year-old Ahmed Hüsameddin Kamil Es-Sa'di was martyred in an attack on a vehicle in the eastern neighborhood of Jenin and that the murderous Israeli forces prevented medical teams from reaching the vehicle.

According to a statement by the Gaza Ministry of Health, the number of martyrs killed in the last 24 hours as a result of the genocidal Israeli attacks reached 30, while the number of wounded reached 66. In addition to this, the murderous Israeli soldiers carried out 3 more massacres against Palestinian families. The Ministry stated that it is estimated that there are still many bodies under the rubble and on the roadsides, but that there are great difficulties in recovering and collecting them due to the attacks by the occupying forces. It was stated that the murderous Israeli forces prevented first aid teams and civil defense teams from reaching those trapped under the rubble and the bodies thrown on the roadsides. The Israeli occupation army expanded its operations in the West Bank, killing 604 people and injuring approximately 5,400, according to official Palestinian sources. It was stated that more than 70% of those killed and injured were children and women.

According to reports, genocidal Israel closed the En-Nessash entrance in the southern part of the town of El-Hidr with an iron gate and blocked passage between the provinces of El-Khalil and Bethlehem.

Meanwhile, Israeli occupation forces detained at least 16 Palestinians in the West Bank, including one wounded person, children, and former prisoners. Zionist Israel's detention operations were carried out in the provinces of El-Halil, Bethlehem, Tubas, Ramallah, Jenin, Nablus, Jericho, and Kalkilya. The Zionist Israeli operations in question deprive Palestinians of their freedom.

AUGUST 7

According to reports from Palestinian Information Center correspondents, Israeli military aircraft and artillery continued their intense bombardment, targeting homes, refugee camps, and streets in various areas of the Gaza Strip. As a result of these attacks, dozens of Palestinians were killed and wounded. The occupying army continued its ground operations in large neighborhoods in Rafah and various

points in Gaza. Horrific massacres continued to be carried out, accompanied by air and artillery bombardments.

The murderous Israeli army targeted a food distribution booth in the town of Huza'a, east of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip, killing a Palestinian woman from the Kadih family and injuring many others. The occupiers also martyred Palestinians trying to access their basic rights to food, water, and hygiene under genocide at aid distribution points. Meanwhile, attacks were carried out both from the air and on the ground with artillery on residences in the city of Ez-Zehra, northwest of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip. In attacks targeting an apartment belonging to the Hamade family opposite the Yafa School in the Et-Tuffah neighborhood in eastern Gaza City, three Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured. Occupation forces also opened fire on the east of the Bureyc and Nuseyrat refugee camps in the center of the Gaza Strip. Israel's occupation army continues to commit genocide indiscriminately. It was reported that the genocidal Israeli regime killed 16 Palestinians, including two children, and wounded 56 Palestinians, including six children, in various attacks.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that murderous Israel had martyred 24 Palestinians and wounded 110 others in attacks on the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, and that three massacres had been carried out against families during this period. In addition, the Ministry stated that there are still many bodies under the rubble and on the roadsides, but that there are great difficulties in recovering the bodies due to the attacks by the occupiers. It stated that the murderous Israeli army is preventing first aid teams and civil defense teams from reaching those trapped under the rubble and the bodies thrown on the roadsides.

As a result of the demolition of 23 Palestinian structures by the Israeli terrorist state authorities since the beginning of August, 27 Palestinians, including 10 children, were displaced, and approximately 105 Palestinians, including 38 children, were affected by the demolitions. These demolition activities constitute a violation of the Palestinian people's property rights. It is stated that these demolition orders are part of a plan to construct and expand Israeli settlement projects by creating public areas reserved for the occupying Israelis.

AUGUST 8

The terrorist state of Israel continued to commit the crime of genocide against the Palestinian people. The eastern border of Khan Yunis, the eastern areas of the city

of Deyru'l-Belah in the central Gaza Strip, the village of El-Karara northeast of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip, and Sheikh Nasir in Khan Yunis were reported as locations attacked by the occupying forces.

Five Palestinians were killed and ten others wounded when Israeli warplanes targeted a house belonging to the Sheldan family on Es-Sahabe Street in central Gaza. The murderous army also targeted a house belonging to the Reyyan family east of the Jabalia Refugee Camp in northern Gaza, killing one Palestinian and injuring two others. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that the Israeli occupation had carried out four massacres against families in the Gaza Strip and that 22 martyrs and 77 wounded had been brought to hospitals in the last 24 hours. The occupying Israeli forces continue to violate the Palestinians' right to life with their actions that constitute genocide.

Fires broke out as a result of the Zionist Israeli army's attack with artillery and smoke bombs on the eastern areas of Beit Lahiya in northern Gaza. The Zionist army has intensified its attacks on schools in the Gaza Strip, which have been sheltering thousands of displaced people in recent days.

During a military operation carried out by the occupying Israeli army in Jenin, 15-year-old Palestinian Khatab Majdi Asad Abu Badawiya was martyred. It was revealed that when first aid teams tried to reach Khatab after he was wounded, they were prevented by the occupying forces, and that the occupying forces ran over Khabat, who was lying wounded, with a military vehicle. Zionist Israel continues to brutally murder innocent Palestinian children.

According to data obtained by Defense for Children Palestine (DCIP), since October 7, 2023, when the Zionist Israeli army launched a full-scale military attack on the Gaza Strip, 143 Palestinian children have been martyred in the occupied West Bank.



The municipality of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip reported that more than 70 percent of the city's water wells have been destroyed in the genocide that Israel has been carrying out

for 10 months. The genocidal Israeli army destroyed the desalination plant dedicated to the city of Khan Yunis and 26 of the 37 wells in the area. Emphasizing that the Israeli occupation has destroyed approximately 220 kilometers of water transport networks, the Municipality stated that more than 1,200,000 displaced Palestinians concentrated in the El-Mevasi area west of the city are experiencing a shortage of usable water. The reality of occupation and genocide violates Palestinians' right to access clean water sources, primarily drinking water, and the increasing rate of infectious diseases due to poor hygiene is affecting the lives of the Palestinian people.



The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) announced that approximately 40,000 cases of hepatitis A have been detected in its shelters and health centers since October 7, 2023. A health official in the Gaza Strip stated that new skin diseases have emerged in shelters where epidemics are spreading rapidly due to overcrowding and lack of clean water. The health official noted that most refugee camps in central and southern Gaza lack basic infrastructure and services, adding that garbage accumulating in the streets and sewage water near refugee tents are dangerous breeding grounds for the spread of these diseases and the proliferation of insects. and that this situation has worsened health conditions by causing many diseases, such as skin diseases.

AUGUST 9

The occupying Israeli forces continue to commit crimes of genocide against the Palestinian people. The occupying forces attacked land belonging to Abu Ghula in the new refugee camp in Nuseirat. In addition to this attack, they bombed various neighborhoods in the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip and destroyed several buildings in the west of the city. The aforementioned attacks and demolitions led to the martyrdom of many Palestinians, the destruction of homes and civilian infrastructure, and the displacement of many people.

The Euro-Mediterranean Human Rights Observatory (Euro-Med) stated that Israeli occupation forces have intensified their policy of bombing schools used as shelters for refugees in Gaza, martyring and injuring hundreds of people in these

attacks. It also stated that the occupation forces are pursuing a systematic policy of forcibly evicting people from their homes and temporary shelters with evacuation orders from north to south Gaza, aiming to deprive them of any stability. In the ongoing statement, Human Rights Watch stated that genocidal Israeli aircraft directly bombed nine schools in Gaza where thousands of refugees were sheltering, causing the deaths of 79 Palestinians and injuries to 143 Palestinians, most of them children and women, by collapsing these schools on the innocent people sheltering there. While these policies constitute crimes against humanity, the terrorist state of Israel, with these policies, violates many fundamental human rights of the Palestinian people, primarily the right to life and shelter.

AUGUST 10



At least 100 Palestinians were martyred and dozens were injured in an attack carried out by genocidal Israel on the Et-Tabiin school, where displaced people in the city of Gaza had taken refuge, during morning prayers. The Palestinian Civil Defense Authority announced that the murderous Israeli army fired three missiles at the school and that 90 percent of the people, including children, in the school were martyred. According to estimates by the Civil Defense Authority, the Et-Tabiin massacre is the third major catastrophe after the Babtist Hospital and Han Yunus Mevasi massacres. The Government Information Office in Gaza reported that due to the horrific nature of the massacre, first aid and medical teams had difficulty removing the bodies of the martyrs from under the rubble.

AUGUST 11

Zionist Israel continues to commit genocide and ethnic cleansing, and the death toll, displacement, injuries, and destruction are increasing every day. According to the Gaza Ministry of Health, 198 Palestinians, including women and children, were martyred in the last 24 hours and 430 were injured, excluding those whose identities have not yet been determined. According to data released by the ministry, at least 39,897 Palestinians have been martyred and 92,152 injured since October 7, 2023.



The Israeli occupation army issued two more evacuation orders, mostly for areas that had already been evacuated. Initial mapping shows that the areas affected by these orders include approximately 23 IDP (Internally Displaced Persons) camps, 14 water, sanitation, and hygiene facilities, and four educational facilities. The first order issued affects an area of 1.35 square kilometers in the eastern and central parts of Khan Yunis, mostly covering areas that had previously been subject to evacuation notices. The second order affects an area of 0.84 square kilometers covering Madinat Hamad and parts of the Al Jala'a, Al Kateebeh, and As Sater neighborhoods. In total, an area of approximately 305 square kilometers, or about 84% of the Gaza Strip, has been placed under evacuation orders by the occupying army. These orders continuously force Palestinians to migrate while progressively reducing the number of safe areas in the Gaza Strip.

The attacks and actions of the occupying forces also prevent humanitarian aid from reaching the civilian population in the Gaza Strip. The cumulative effects of these obstacles undermine efforts to meet urgent humanitarian needs and are among the main reasons for the continuing cycle of deprivation and hardship among affected people throughout Gaza.

AUGUST 12

Palestinian Information Center correspondents reported that Israeli military aircraft and artillery continued their intense bombardment, targeting homes, refugee camps, and streets in various parts of the Gaza Strip, resulting in dozens of Palestinians being killed and wounded.

The genocidal Israeli army bombed the Ez-Zenne and Beni Suheyla areas east of Khan Yunis and the Zeytun neighborhood southeast of Gaza City. A father and daughter were martyred when murderous Israeli planes bombed a house belonging to the Murad family in western Gaza City. While Israeli occupation aircraft carried out an attack on the El-Bureyc Refugee Camp in the middle of the Gaza Strip, local sources in Palestine reported that Israeli warplanes destroyed a residential area and the Tel Sultan neighborhood in the town of New Abasan, east of Khan Yunis.

According to a report by the Palestinian Civil Defense Organization, 15 Palestinians, including women and children, were martyred; dozens were wounded and missing.

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in attacks carried out by the occupation regime in the last 48 hours is 107, while the number of wounded is 150. Meanwhile, due to the strict blockade and starvation policies, Palestinians are facing serious hunger and food shortages.

During a raid by the Israeli occupation army on the village of Madma, south of Nablus, many Palestinians were in danger of suffocation due to toxic gas. According to information provided by Abdullah Ziyade, President of the Madma Village Council, a large platoon belonging to the occupation army raided the village, closed all entrances, stormed several houses, and conducted searches. The Palestinians' physical integrity was violated and their property rights were infringed upon. The occupying terrorist gangs also carried out attacks in North Al-Agwar. During these attacks, the occupying gangs tried to steal the animals of Palestinians while they were grazing their sheep. Palestinian shepherds in North Al-Agwar are engaged in a secret struggle to protect their land, animals, and pastures from theft by settlers.

According to reports by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), more than half of the schools used as IDP shelters in the last 10 months were directly hit. This has had devastating consequences for Palestinian children and families. According to the latest school damage assessment by the Global Education Cluster (GEC), 85% of school buildings were directly hit or damaged. It was stated that 264 of these schools were public schools, 156 were UNRWA schools, and 57 were private schools. The attacks and destruction of these schools primarily constitute a violation of the right to life and shelter, as they are living spaces where displaced Palestinians have taken refuge. It is clear that Palestinian children's right to education is being taken away by Zionist Israel in the ongoing process. Palestinian children are directly experiencing the devastating effects of a war aimed at genocide, losing family members every day, being horrified, and traumatized.

AUGUST 13

The terrorist state of Israel continues to commit genocide and trample international law in the Gaza Strip. Seven Palestinians were killed and many others were injured or trapped under rubble in an artillery attack on a house in the el-Bureyc Refugee Camp, located in the center of the Gaza Strip.



The murderous Israeli army shelled an apartment in the el-Kastal high-rise buildings in Deir al-Balah, located in the center of the Gaza Strip. Four Palestinians, including children, were martyred in the attack. In addition, local sources reported that a Palestinian was killed and many others were injured when Israeli warplanes bombed the home of the Dervish family in the el-Meğazi Refugee Camp.

A sniper belonging to the occupying Israeli army martyred 16-year-old Palestinian Shadi Visam Muhammad Shiha. The occupying forces seized the bodies of many Palestinians they martyred and did not return them to their families. Genocidal Israel continues to commit human rights violations through cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment.

The Zionist Israeli army raided the Et-Tira neighborhood in Ramallah and demolished a building containing an apartment belonging to the imprisoned Dr. Eyser El-Bergusi, as well as a building containing an apartment belonging to the imprisoned Dr. Khalid al-Haruf in the Ummu'sh-Sherayit neighborhood in el-Bire.

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in attacks carried out by the occupation regime in the last 24 hours reached 32, while the number of wounded reached 88. Meanwhile, it was reported that it was difficult to reach the wounded because the occupation forces prevented first aid teams and civil defense teams from reaching those trapped under the rubble and the bodies thrown on the side of the road.

Israeli occupiers stormed the courtyards of Al-Aqsa Mosque under the protection of the Israeli occupation police. The Islamic Waqf Department at Al-Aqsa Mosque

stated that approximately 1,600 occupiers entered the courtyards of Al-Aqsa Mosque. The Islamic Waqf Department also stated that the occupation forces prevented Muslims from entering the courtyards of Al-Aqsa Mosque and took extensive security measures at the gates to facilitate the settlers' raids.

AUGUST 14

While the terrorist state of Israel continues to commit genocide against the Palestinian people, it also continues its policy of violating the rights of civilians and depriving them of basic necessities such as health care, food, and water. The massacres and destruction carried out by Israel are making the Gaza Strip uninhabitable, destroying vital infrastructure, and placing the lives of the Palestinian people under great threat due to various factors that increase the spread of disease. Displaced Palestinians in Gaza are living in devastating conditions with limited access to clean water, sanitation facilities, and hygiene requirements, putting their health and entire lives at risk. Since October 7, 2023, alongside all its attacks and destruction, Zionist Israel has been targeting Palestinian water sources with the aim of depriving Palestinians of water and forcing them to evacuate their areas. This is clear evidence that Zionist Israel is committing crimes against humanity.

According to documents obtained by Defense for Children International (DCI), a missile fired from an Israeli drone in the morning wounded Palestinian youths in the village of Tammun, including 17-year-old Muhammad Bashar Hasan Bani Odeh. At that moment, genocidal soldiers prevented medical personnel from providing first aid to the wounded Palestinians and shot the young people at close range, killing them. A total of five Palestinians were reported killed.

Two Palestinians were martyred and five were wounded in an attack by the murderous Israeli army on the El-Muzeyyen family's apartment in Beit Lahiya. Four-year-old Lina Ash-Sheikh Halil was martyred due to insufficient treatment and malnutrition caused by the terrorist state of Israel's ongoing genocide against the Gaza Strip and its closure of the region's border crossings. According to statements by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in attacks carried out by the occupation



regime in the last 24 hours has reached 36, while the number of wounded has reached 54.

The Government Press Office in Gaza stated that the Israeli occupation army's continuous closure of the Rafah Border Crossing for the past 100 days has led to the deaths of more than 1,000 children, sick, and wounded people, emphasizing that the humanitarian disaster in the Gaza Strip is deepening in all areas. The Office's statement noted that the occupation regime has prevented 25,000 sick and wounded people, including those with travel permits and referrals for treatment abroad, from leaving for 100 days, and that due to this ban, more than 1,000 children, sick and wounded people have been martyred in 100 days, and the lives of the rest are in danger due to the occupation's inhumane and immoral policies.

According to local sources, Israeli occupation forces raided the Ummu'l-Hayr site in Masafir Yatta, demolishing four houses, a tent, and two caravan-style structures with bulldozers. Thirty people, including children, residing in these houses were left homeless on the streets, violating the property rights of Palestinian civilians. Water networks, water tanks, and solar energy units were also destroyed during the demolition operations.

AUGUST 15

The murderous Israeli army has been continuously committing genocide in the Gaza Strip for 314 days. Three Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured in an attack by Israeli occupation forces targeting a house in the Sabra neighborhood in southern Gaza City. While the occupation army's naval vessels targeted the coast of Gaza City, an unmanned aerial vehicle simultaneously opened fire on the Hasan al-Benna area in Gaza City.

As a result of the murderous Israeli army's attack on the Balata Refugee Camp in the north of the West Bank, two young Palestinians, one of whom was a former prisoner who had been released, were martyred, while four others, including a child and a woman, were injured.

According to statements by the Palestinian Ministry of Health, following the massacres carried out by the occupying forces, the number of martyrs brought to hospitals exceeded 40,000, while the number of wounded exceeded 92,000. It was stated that the number of those still missing under the rubble is estimated to be more than 10,000. It was stated that in the attacks carried out by the occupation

regime in the last 24 hours, the total number of martyrs was 40 and the number of injured was 107.

The Global Nutrition Cluster (GNC) emphasized that children in Gaza are paying the heaviest price, being vulnerable to malnutrition and disease due to poor nutrition, reduced basic health services, and poor water, sanitation, and hygiene conditions. UNICEF revealed that only 1% of children in northern Gaza and 6% of children in southern Gaza receive the recommended nutritional diversity, with meat, fruit and vegetables, dairy products, and eggs being among the almost inaccessible foods.

AUGUST 16

The occupying Israeli forces continue to commit genocide unabated. The occupying air force carried out an airstrike on the Wadi al-Salka area east of the city of Deir al-Balah, located in the center of the Gaza Strip. A Palestinian was martyred and many others were injured when an unmanned aerial vehicle belonging to the occupation army bombed a group of people in the Es-Seraya area in the center of Gaza City. Six more Palestinians were martyred in an attack by the occupation forces targeting a house in the Ed-Durrec area in the Eş-Şiva field in Gaza.

It was reported that eight Palestinians were martyred and several others were injured in an attack by the murderous Israeli army forces on people trying to deliver aid east of Rafah. In an attack on a refugee tent in El Mavasi, west of Khan Yunis, seven Palestinians, including a woman and three girls, were martyred and many others were injured.

Zionist Israel issued an evacuation order affecting six blocks in Deir al-Balah and Khan Yunis. Two of the areas included in the evacuation order were located within the area designated by Zionist Israel in El Mavasi, west of Khan Yunis. It was noted that this order is one of the largest evacuation orders affecting the area to date, reducing the size of the so-called "humanitarian zone" to approximately 41 square kilometers, or 11 percent of the total area of the Gaza Strip. The constant shortage of shelter materials, including tents and non-food items, and hygiene supplies, as well as limited ac-



cess to basic services at arrival points, further exacerbates the conditions faced by displaced Palestinians, making it difficult for them to meet their most basic needs and rendering them increasingly vulnerable. While Palestinians are subjected to forced displacement, many of their fundamental rights and freedoms, foremost among them the right to life, are being violated by the occupying Israeli forces.

The Committee Against the Wall and Settlements stated that since the genocidal war launched by the occupying Israeli forces against Gaza on October 7, 2023, the genocidal Israeli army and Israeli settlers have started 273 fires on Palestinian lands and properties. The Committee stated that these arson attacks aim to subject the Palestinian people to widespread forced displacement and to confine them to isolated and besieged areas. Seventy-seven of the fires targeted Palestinian lands, fields, and crops, while 196 targeted movable and immovable property such as apartments, buildings, and cars. As a result of these attacks, the social and economic structures of Palestinians have suffered great damage.

The Palestinian Ministry of Health reported the first case of polio in Gaza. UNICEF called for a humanitarian ceasefire so that approximately 640,000 Palestinian children could be vaccinated against this dangerous disease.

AUGUST 17

Zionist Israel continues to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip. Palestinian local sources reported that the occupation army razed a residential area in the El-Karara village, northeast of Khan Yunis. Two Palestinians were martyred in an attack carried out by an occupation army UAV in the Ez-Zine area, east of Khan Yunis. Sixteen Palestinians were martyred in an airstrike carried out by the occupation army in the Ez-Zevayide area in the central Gaza Strip, while fire was also opened on areas north of the En-Nuseyrat Camp. Three Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured in an attack on a house near the El-Faruk Mosque.

In an attack carried out by murderous Israel on refugees at the Ez Zawayda entrance on Salah Ad Din Road in Deir al-Balah, at least 15 Palestinians, including 5 women and 9 children, were martyred



and many others were injured. In an attack on a house west of the An Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in Deir al-Balah, seven Palestinians, including three women, were reported killed.

The terrorist state of Israel has issued another evacuation order affecting several neighborhoods in Deir al-Balah and the entire Al Maghazi Refugee Camp. The order was found to affect seven neighborhoods where approximately 13,500 people live in 18 IDP areas. These include 7 temporary areas, 3 UNRWA collective centers, one non-UNRWA collective center, and 7 scattered areas. The evacuation order also covers 10 health facilities, including 14 WASH (water, sanitation, and hygiene) facilities, 5 schools, 2 primary health centers (PHC), and 5 operational medical points).

According to data released by the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics, 24% of Palestinians killed in Gaza are young adults. It was emphasized that this percentage is significant for Palestinian youth in Gaza, who constitute approximately 21% of the total population in Gaza. It was revealed that approximately 88,000 students were deprived of higher education while Palestinian youth in Gaza faced unprecedented difficulties due to the death toll among students and academic staff and the destruction and closure of all higher education institutions in Gaza. The International Labor Organization (ILO) stated that the biggest challenge for young people in Gaza, where youth unemployment accounted for 95% of the total unemployment rate in the fourth quarter of 2023, was unemployment rates.

At least nine Palestinian households, comprising at least 28 people, including 45 children, were displaced due to the violence and harassment of Israeli occupiers and the seizure of Palestinian property. It is estimated that since October 7, 2023, at least 259 Palestinian households, comprising 1,547 people, including at least 753 children, have been displaced due to Israeli occupiers.



AUGUST 18

It was reported that 18 Palestinians, all members of the same family, were martyred in an airstrike carried out by the murderous Israeli army on Gaza. It was reported that 7 Palestinians, including a mother and 6 children, were martyred in an attack carried out by the genocidal Israel on an apartment building on El Mazraa Street in Deir al-Balah.

It was noted that in many areas of Gaza, which have been reduced to rubble as a result of the genocidal Israeli attacks, it is extremely difficult for Palestinians to access food, clean water, and medicine. The humanitarian catastrophe, in which the number of martyrs, mostly women and children, has exceeded 40,000 in over 10 months of Israeli attacks on Gaza, is deepening day by day. It was announced that more than 50,000 children in Gaza suffer from health problems related to acute malnutrition, and that 346,000 children under the age of 5 and 160,000 pregnant or breastfeeding women are in need of supplementary food. It was noted that 1.9 million Palestinians, equivalent to 90% of Gaza's population, have been displaced and that almost all of them are living in overcrowded tent camps with no infrastructure.



Ayet Sami, a medical student at the Islamic University of Gaza, told a Palestine Information Center reporter that she is struggling to continue her education despite power and internet outages. Students in Gaza are continuing their educational struggle despite the genocide, attacks, and destruction. According to data from the Government Information Center in Gaza, the occupying army destroyed 121

schools and university buildings in the Gaza Strip during the genocidal war, while partially destroying 333 buildings. It was also revealed that the occupying forces killed more than 120 academics and scientists, as well as thousands of Palestinian students, and detained just as many.

Mahmoud Basal, spokesperson for the Civil Defense Unit in Gaza, stated that the occupying Israeli forces' orders to evacuate the east and center of Khan Yunis, which it claims is a safe zone, as well as Deir al-Balah, Maghazi, and Ez-Zuwayda, have put the humanitarian situation of 450,000 Palestinians in jeopardy. While international law prohibits forced displacement through fear, violence, and starvation, the occupying Israeli forces continue to violate international law.

AUGUST 19

As Israel's genocidal war on the Gaza Strip continues, Palestinian Information Center reporters have reported that the occupying army has carried out airstrikes and artillery fire in various areas. Israeli warplanes carried out an airstrike near the El-Metahin Junction, southeast of Deir El-Balah. The occupying army also targeted and destroyed a house in the Es-Sabra neighborhood in the south of Gaza City with an air strike. The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that the occupying army had carried out three massacres in the last 24 hours, killing 40 Palestinians and wounding 134.

It was reported that hospitals and primary health centers in Gaza continue to be hampered in their functionality due to fuel and medical supply shortages. Dr. Mu-



hammad Salih, Director of Al-Awda Hospital, called for urgent fuel deliveries to prevent further loss of life and announced that all surgical operations at the facility had been postponed. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) also warned that its ambulances, emergency medical clinics, and aid services were at risk of shutting down in northern Gaza due to fuel shortages.

Genocidal Israel shot and killed one Palestinian and wounded a 16-year-old Palestinian child during an operation in the town of Dura, south of Hebron. During the operation, Palestinians threw stones at the occupying forces, who responded by firing live ammunition at them.

AUGUST 20

According to the official Palestinian news agency WAFA, the Israeli occupation army bombed the home of the Abu Zeid family in the Bureyc Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip, killing six Palestinians. Four Palestinians were killed in an attack on a civilian vehicle near Al-Hashashin Street, north of the city of Rafah in the southern Gaza Strip. Twelve Palestinians were killed in a bomb attack on a school in the Er-Rimal neighborhood of Gaza, where displaced Palestinians had taken refuge. Nine more Palestinians were killed in an airstrike carried out by the occupation army on a market in Deir al-Balah, which it had previously declared a safe zone. According to a statement by the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza, at least 40,173 Palestinians have been killed in Israeli attacks on the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023, including 16,480 children and 10,980 women, and 92,743 Palestinians have been injured.

The Media Office affiliated with Gaza stated, *"The Israeli occupation and the US administration are clearly using the policy of starvation and deprivation of food for civilians in the Gaza Strip as a means of political pressure. This constitutes a war crime and a crime against humanity."* The statement noted that the closure of the Rafah Border Crossing *"has worsened the humanitarian disaster in an unprecedented manner,"* adding that this is *"a crime that violates international and humanitarian law and all international agreements."*

Since October 7, 2023, the occupying Israeli forces have demolished, confiscated, or forced the demolition of 1,416 Palestinian structures across the West Bank. As a result of these demolition activities, more than 3,200 Palestinians, including approximately 1,400 children, have been displaced. While the Palestinian people are subjected to forced displacement, their property rights are also being continuously violated.

AUGUST 21

According to civil defense officials in Gaza, at least 12 Palestinians were killed when the murderous Israeli regime carried out an airstrike on a school sheltering displaced persons. It was reported that it was difficult to reach some people trapped in the rubble of the Mustafa Hafiz school in the Rimal neighborhood.

It was stated that the occupying Israeli army carried out four massacres in various parts of the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, killing 50 more Palestinians and injuring 124 others, including women and children. Numerous Palestinians were injured when Israeli forces targeted the tents of displaced Palestinians in the El-Mevasi area west of Rafah. Salahaddin School was the last school targeted by Israel in the Gaza Strip since the beginning of August, where displaced civilians had taken refuge.

A statement from the Ministry of Health in Gaza said that the Zionist Israeli army, attacking the area by land, was approaching the Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in the city of Deir al-Balah in central Gaza. The statement said, "We, as the Ministry of Health, call on all relevant international and United Nations agencies to do what is necessary to protect the hospital, the medical staff, and the patients there, as there is no other option left." The occupying forces have put 34 hospitals and 80 health centers out of service in the Gaza Strip with their attacks and raids, which have been ongoing for 320 days, and targeted 162 health facilities and 131 ambulances.

According to data obtained by DCIP, at least 31 cases have been recorded since 2000 in which Palestinian children have been used as human shields by Zionist Israeli forces. Although international law prohibits the use of civilians as human shields, the occupying forces continue to violate the law. Within the framework of



its genocidal actions, the occupying Israeli forces deliberately and systematically separate innocent Palestinian children from their families and deprive them of their fundamental human rights through torture, violating many basic rights and freedoms such as the right to life, physical integrity and inviolability, the right to education, the right to health, and the right to play.

The terrorist state of Israel has been detaining numerous Palestinians, including children, in military bases and detention centers since October 7, 2023. By committing these acts, defined as "enforced disappearance" under the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, the occupying power Israel continues to violate international law and commit crimes against humanity.



AUGUST 22

The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that three Palestinians were killed when the occupying Israeli army targeted a house in the Tulkarem Refugee Camp in the northern occupied West Bank. Thus, the number of Palestinians killed in attacks by Israeli soldiers and Israelis occupying Palestinian lands in the occupied West Bank and East Jerusalem since October 7, 2023, has risen to 640.

Since October 7, 2023, the terrorist state of Israel, which continues to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip, has been using forced displacement as a weapon against displaced Palestinians. In its evacuation order, the occupying army called for the evacuation of certain parts of the Megazi area, some streets on Selahaddin Avenue, and the Faruk and Emel areas located in the central part of the Gaza Strip. It stated that attacks would be carried out on certain areas in Es-Salatin, el-Atatira, es-Seyfa, and el-Kerame in the northern part of Gaza and demanded that these ar-



eas be evacuated. In Gaza, home to approximately 2.3 million people, the forced displacement of Palestinians continues unabated due to the attacks and threats of the occupying Israeli forces.

At a panel held in Chicago, Dr. Tanya Haj-Hassan, who volunteered at hospitals in Gaza earlier this year, shared her experiences. In her speech, she mentioned that **a new term had emerged in the hospitals of Gaza: WCNSF (Wounded Child with No Surviving Family).**

The Ministry of Health announced that at least 50 more Palestinians were martyred in the attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Gaza Strip, bringing the total number of casualties since October 7 to 40,223. The ministry's statement also noted that 92,981 people had been injured in the ongoing attacks. In addition, it was reported that 50 Palestinians, including women and children, had been killed and 124 injured in four family massacres carried out by Israeli soldiers in the last 24 hours.

At least 40,223 Palestinians, including 16,480 children and 10,980 women, have been martyred and 92,981 injured in the attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023. It is reported that thousands of martyrs remain under the rubble, while hospitals and educational institutions where people have taken refuge are being targeted, destroying civilian infrastructure.

AUGUST 23

Israeli occupation forces continue to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip without interruption. Occupation aircraft bombed Gaza University in the Zeytun neighborhood in southern Gaza. In addition, occupation forces demolished homes around the Ali bin Abu Talib Mosque in the Zeytun neighborhood in southern Gaza.

In an Israeli attack on the El-Mufti lands north of the Nusayrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip, four Palestinians were martyred and many others were injured.

Rami Abdu, President of the Euro-Mediterranean Human Rights Organization (Euro-Med), said, "*For 10 months, the Israeli army has been targeting children continuously, deliberately, systematically, and on a large scale, using the most brutal and horrific methods. Since the beginning of the genocide carried out by Israel since October 7, approximately 17,000 children have been killed in the Gaza Strip, 2,100 of whom* were *infants under the age of 2*." Abdu stated that the number of children martyred by the terrorist state of Israel is *"a horrific number unparalleled in modern warfare history*." stating, *"As a result of Israel targeting civilians by bombing homes, buildings, residential areas, shelters, and tents where the forcibly displaced have taken refuge in an extremely destructive manner, many children have had their heads and body parts severed."*

UN officials reiterated their call for a humanitarian ceasefire to ensure polio vaccines reach children in Gaza, following the first reported case of polio in Gaza earlier this month. The head of operations for the emergency health unit of the organization Save the Children stated yesterday in a statement to the Security Council that Gaza is in the midst of *"massive destruction"* and that "*more than 1.9 million people have been displaced and* are wandering *the streets filled with rubble, garbage, and sewage*."

AUGUST 24

The Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza stated that the genocidal Israeli army carried out 5 massacres in various parts of the Gaza Strip in the last 24 hours, killing 69 more Palestinians and injuring 212 others. The ministry's statement also reiterated that there are still dead bodies under the rubble and on the roadsides, but health teams and civil defense personnel cannot reach the bodies due to the obstruction of the occupying forces.

The Civil Defense Unit's statement included remarks that the Israeli occupation's attacks on the Gaza Strip and the occupation itself forced hundreds of thousands of civilians in the northern Gaza Strip to flee to southern areas, claiming they were safe humanitarian zones. The statement noted that Israel's continued air, land, and sea attacks on the Gaza Strip have reduced the social living space, including agricultural lands and commercial, economic, and service facilities, from 230 square kilometers to 35 square kilometers, emphasizing that these areas now account for only 9.5% of the total area.

According to UN data, 9 out of every 10 people in the Gaza Strip have been displaced due to Zionist Israeli attacks.





The Gaza Municipality announced that 60% of the city of Gaza is deprived of water due to electricity shortages, in addition to the destruction of the water network and treatment plants by the occupying forces. The Gaza Municipality reported that the amount of water supplied to the network is very low due to the lack of fuel needed to operate the wells, stating that more than half of Gaza City, particularly the northern and southern areas, is suffering from water shortages. Due to the destruction caused by the occupying Israeli forces, the Palestinian people are facing difficulties in accessing clean water, especially drinking water.

AUGUST 25

The terrorist state of Israel continues its attacks on the Gaza Strip, causing a major humanitarian disaster by forcibly starving and dehydrating the Palestinian people. According to the official Palestinian news agency WAFA, Israeli warplanes struck a house in the Sheikh Ridan neighborhood of Gaza City in the northern Gaza Strip. Three Palestinians were killed and many others were injured in the attack.

According to information obtained from health sources at Nasser Hospital in the southern Gaza city of Khan Yunis, 59 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in the attacks on Khan Yunis and Rafah. Mahmoud Basal, spokesperson for the Civil Defense Unit in Gaza, said in a statement that four Palestinians were

killed when an apartment in the Ayn Calut sites in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip was targeted. Basal said that after the Israeli army demanded the evacuation of most of Deir al-Balah, areas east of Deir al-Balah and the Nusayrat Refugee Camp were subjected to heavy artillery fire. Mohammed al-Mughayr, the Gaza Civil Defense Supply and Equipment official, announced that 49 Palestinians had been killed in the attacks.



Occupation soldiers razed dozens of homes in areas north of Khan Yunis and demolished Palestinian properties with bulldozers. The occupation army's attack on northern Khan Yunis forced thousands of Palestinians from their homes to the western and central parts of the Gaza Strip.

Israel, which has been continuing its attacks in the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023, continues to use forced displacement as a weapon against displaced Palestinians. Zionist Israel first claims that certain areas *are "safe,"* then demands their evacuation, and even attacks these areas. According to the UN, the vast majority of Palestinians in Gaza are forced to relocate once a month.

Israeli forces killed 16-year-old Palestinian Ibrahim Muhammad Halil El-Antir. According to documents collected by DCIP, the occupying army has killed a total of 146 Palestinian children and injured dozens more since October 7, 2023, as part of its genocidal actions. In addition, Palestinian children illegally detained by the occupiers are subjected to numerous forms of torture and deprived of clean water, food, and hygiene. With these actions, the occupying Israeli forces continue to violate international law, which prohibits torture and inhuman or degrading treatment.

AUGUST 26

Israeli occupation forces continue to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip. The occupation army artillery bombed the area around the Malaysian School, located north of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip. Artillery fire also targeted the southeast of the town of el Masdar in the center of the Gaza Strip.



Five Palestinians were martyred and others in the house were injured when a house in a residential area in Gaza City was bombed by the occupiers. The occupying forces intensified their attacks in various cities in the Gaza Strip, particularly in Gaza, Khan Yunis, and Deir al-Balah, targeting civilians, occupied houses, and apartment buildings. The attacks resulted in the martyrdom and injury of hundreds of Palestinians, including women and children.

The occupying Israeli forces martyred 15-year-old Adnan Aysar Adnan Jaber, 13-year-old Mohammad Ahmad Mohammad Elian, and 17-year-old Mosab Hasan Ali Moqasqas in the occupied West Bank. According to documents collected by DCIP, a total of 149 Palestinian children have been killed since October 7, 2023, as part of the genocidal actions.

As the occupying soldiers who entered Khan Yunis and carried out attacks for days withdrew from the northern and western parts of the city and headed towards the eastern areas, extensive damage to Palestinian property in the areas from which the occupiers withdrew became apparent.

Due to the attacks and blockade imposed by genocidal Israel, hospitals in northern Gaza are experiencing a shortage of doctors, medicine, and medical equipment to treat burns. As many wounded cannot be treated, the situation in the Gaza Strip is worsening day by day.

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in the massacres carried out by the occupying forces in the last 24 hours is 33, while the number of wounded has reached 66.



It was stated that the terrorist state of Israel's army has martyred a total of 40,435 Palestinians, including 16,589 children, in its attacks on the Gaza Strip since October 7,

2023. A statement from the Media Office of the government in Gaza said that the total number of casualties reached 50,435 including 10,000 people who are still missing. In the Israeli occupation attacks, 11,207 women, 885 health workers, 170 journalists, and 82 civil defense personnel were martyred in Gaza.

AUGUST 27

While the occupying Israel continues to commit genocide in the Gaza Strip without interruption, Palestinians are subjected to massacres through attacks carried out from the air and on the ground.

Clean water production across the Gaza Strip has decreased by 84% due to reasons such as the destruction of infrastructure in attacks, fuel and electricity shortages, and restrictions imposed by the occupying Israeli forces on the entry of water and sanitation supplies into Gaza. The Palestinian people are facing difficulties in accessing clean water sources, primarily drinking water, under the threat of genocide.

Genocidal Israel, which has killed over 40,000 Palestinians in Gaza, is also threatening, attacking, and issuing evacuation orders to hundreds of thousands of Palestinians, scattering them from place to place. While 2 million Palestinians have been displaced, 2.4 million people are crammed into 11% of Gaza's 375 square kilometers.

The United Nations (UN) announced that aid activities in Gaza have been suspended due to evacuation orders from the Zionist Israeli army. Speaking to the press, a UN official said that UN personnel could not continue their work in the area due to security concerns. Some of the areas where the Zionist Israeli army has issued evacuation orders and is preparing to attack include the Deir al-Balah settlement center. A significant portion of UN activities are also carried out in this area. It was reported that personnel carrying out aid activities quickly left the area, leaving their equipment behind.



AUGUST 28

The occupying army attacked a house in the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip.

According to a report by the official Palestinian news agency WAFA, in response to warnings that the Israeli occupation's attacks would lead to *"horrific consequences*," Presidential Spokesperson Nabil Abu Rudeyne said in a statement, *"Israel's escalation of attacks on Jenin, Tulkarem, Tubas, and other Palestinian cities, villages, and refugee camps, as well as the genocide war in the Gaza Strip, will lead to horrific and dangerous consequences* for which *everyone will pay the price*."



Children are once again the biggest victims of Zionist Israel's attacks on Gaza. According to data from the Ministry of Health in Gaza, more than 16,500 of the over 40,000 martyrs since October 7, 2023, are children. In addition to the violation of children's rights to life and bodily integrity, Gazan children are growing up deprived of one or both parents. Gazan children's rights to education and even to play safely have been violated by genocidal Israel.

A missile fired from an Israeli drone killed 13-year-old Murad Masoud Mohammad Na'ja and 17-year-old Mohammad Masoud Mohammad Na'ja. Palestinian children grow up exposed to countless violations of their fundamental rights in the Palestinian territories, where an occupying state regularly conducts military operations, missile attacks, and raids, and where no place is safe.

AUGUST 29

Israeli occupation forces continue to commit genocide and crimes against humanity in the Gaza Strip without interruption. An attack by occupation forces on a group of refugees northwest of Khan Yunis, near Esda Prison, resulted in the martyrdom of many Palestinians and the injury of many others. Seven Palestinians were also martyred in an attack by the occupation forces on a small vehicle near the Amir Site east of Rafah. In addition to these attacks, eight Palestinians, including a child,

were martyred and four were injured as a result of a bombardment by genocidal Israeli soldiers on a house in western Gaza.

The Ministry of Health in Gaza announced that 68 martyrs and 77 wounded were brought to hospitals in the last 24 hours as a result of the massacres carried out by genocidal Israel in the Gaza Strip.

Israeli occupation forces set fire to many homes in the Nuru Shams Refugee Camp east of Tulkarem, and their ongoing attacks caused damage to infrastructure and major violations of Palestinians' property rights. The head of the Nuru Shams Refugee Camp Services Committee described the humanitarian situation in the camp as extremely difficult after the murderous Israeli forces burned tents in the Manshiya neighborhood and blew up some citizens' homes. Four Palestinians were killed during the attacks on Tulkarem and the Nuru Shams refugee camps, and the occupation soldiers withheld the bodies of three of the martyrs.



Occupation forces continue to raid and search Palestinian homes and commercial facilities by breaking down doors and blowing them up. This situation causes serious fear and panic, especially among children, women, and the sick, while Palestinians' rights, primarily the right to property, are being violated and their private lives interfered with.

AUGUST 30

Israeli occupation forces have been committing genocide in the Gaza Strip continuously for 329 days. Israeli forces attacked civilians gathered on El-Acarime Street, north of the Jabalia Refugee Camp, killing and injuring several people. Israeli aircraft targeted a group of Palestinians in the El-Masdar area in the central Gaza Strip, killing one Palestinian and injuring many others. Israeli occupation soldiers carried out an attack on an apartment building near the El-Hevca intersection in the Jabalia Refugee Camp, killing two Palestinians, one of whom was a child.

The Israeli occupation army officially announced that it had targeted a humanitarian aid convoy in Gaza, claiming that a number of armed groups had taken control in front of the convoy, despite the fact that it had been coordinated in advance. Israel, which violates the Palestinian people's right to life, among other acts of genocide, assault, and destruction, is increasing the scale of its atrocities by killing Palestinians who are trying to meet their basic needs with very limited means, even during humanitarian aid convoys.

AUGUST 31

Israel, a perpetrator of genocide, has continued to commit crimes since October 7, 2023. Aksa, the son of journalist Eymen Delul, was killed in an airstrike by the occupation army on the Ez-Zeytun neighborhood in southern Gaza City. The occupation army's air strikes and artillery fire intensified on the En-Nuseyrat Camp in the central Gaza Strip, and it was reported that many Palestinians were injured in the attacks. The Palestinian Ministry of Health announced that 41 Palestinians were martyred in attacks targeting various areas of the Gaza Strip.

Approximately 70 percent of those harmed by the genocidal Israeli attacks are children and women. In 3,537 massacres carried out by the genocidal army in Gaza, 16,673 children, including 115 babies born after October 7, 2023, and 11,269 women were martyred. Since October 7, 2023, 36 children have also lost their lives due to starvation in Gaza. In the Gaza Strip, 17,000 children have lost their mother or father, or both, in the attacks. In Gaza, where Zionist Israel does not allow the entry of basic humanitarian needs, including food and medicine, 3,500 children are at risk of death due to malnutrition and food shortages.

Satellite images taken on November 23, 2023, clearly show civilian residential areas in the Philadelphi Corridor region, while images taken on August 22, 2024, reveal that these areas have been completely destroyed. These images have been recorded as new evidence of Israel's policy of genocide against the civilian population in Gaza. The satellite images, which reveal that civilian residential



areas were directly targeted, clearly show that buildings in the area have been completely destroyed, infrastructure has been wiped out, and residential areas have been virtually erased from the map.

SEPTEMBER 1

Due to the attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on northern Gaza and the blockade imposed on the region, food shortages have emerged. Footage showed a young girl, who had not eaten for days, crying because she could not be served during the rare food distributions. These inhumane attacks violate children's right to nutrition and their right to a standard of living adequate for their physical, mental, spiritual, moral, and social development.

Numerous civilians, including children, were injured in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces near the Arab Al-Ahli Hospital in Gaza.





Women and children were killed in an air strike by the occupying Israeli forces targeting a house next to the Saint Porphyry Church in Gaza.

Occupying Israeli forces yesterday martyred three Palestinian children in the north of the occupied West Bank. Two cousins, 17-year-old Abdullah Abdulnaser Abdullah Masoud and 12-year-old Mohammad Mahmoud Abdullah Masoud, were shot and martyred by occupying Israeli forces near Hayfa Street in Jenin, in the north of the occupied West Bank. According to documents collected by Defense for Children International Palestine, on the same night, in Silat

Al-Harithiya, west of Jenin, a missile fired from an Israeli drone targeted and killed 16-year-old Laith Marwan Qasem Shawahneh. It also seriously injured another Palestinian child who remains hospitalized.

SEPTEMBER 2

Parallel to the genocide war that has been going on in the Gaza Strip for 11 months, the occupying forces expanded their operations in the West Bank and increased the attacks by so-called civilian Jewish settler terrorists.

Philippe Lazzarini, Commissioner-General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), announced that more than 70% of UNRWA schools in Gaza have been destroyed or damaged. He also stated that the vast majority of UNRWA schools are overflowing with hundreds of thousands of displaced families and are now unusable for education. He added that more than 600,000 children in Gaza, half of whom attend UNRWA schools, have suffered severe trauma and been deprived of education under the rubble. The genocide against Gaza has destroyed the entire education system. These attacks have deprived Gazan children of their right to education.

Save the Children recently published a report stating that several thousand children are currently missing in the Gaza Strip and that many children have been abducted.

SEPTEMBER 3

As a result of the occupation forces bombing a refugee tent near Asdau'l-Kadim Prison, located south of Khan Yunis, 27-year-old Raif Omar Selman Abu Shab and his 3-year-old son Omar were killed, and other people at the targeted location were injured.

During a raid carried out by Israeli occupation forces in the town of Kefer Dan, west of the city of Jenin in the northern occupied West Bank, a 16-year-old Palestinian girl named Luceyn Usama Muslih was martyred and two journalists were injured.

SEPTEMBER 4

One person was killed and a child and several others were injured when occupation aircraft bombed telephone charging points under the El-Hur family's house in the middle of the Nusayrat Refugee Camp.



Palestinian Red Crescent sources reported that an 18-year-old youth was shot in the leg after occupation forces raided the Old Military Refugee Camp east of Nablus.

The occupation forces raided the homes of 15-year-old Mahmoud Ali Yusuf al-Kuber and 15-year-old Qasim Basim Imran Salah in the town of al-Hidir, south of Bethlehem, conducted extensive searches, and then arrested them. The arrests, which continue in various towns across the city, are without valid reason and constitute a violation of liberty and freedom.

SEPTEMBER 5

Israeli occupation forces have been committing genocide in the Gaza Strip continuously for 335 days. The civilian population is being massacred by intense air strikes and artillery bombardments. The humanitarian crisis caused by the siege and the displacement of more than 95% of the population are making the situation even worse. Children and civilians were injured when a house belonging to the Hasan family in the Abu Iskandar area of the Sheikh Ridan neighborhood in northern Gaza was bombed.

Israeli occupation forces opened fire on and tortured a 16-year-old boy named Majid Fida Abu Zayne as a result of a new military attack launched on the city of Tubas and the El-Fari'a Refugee Camp in the occupied West Bank. They also prevented medical teams from reaching the child and dragged his body out of the camp with a military bulldozer. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society announced that it had managed to transport the body of the martyred child, Abu Zayne, to the hospital.

Israeli occupation forces raided the El-Ayn Refugee Camp west of Nablus and searched many homes. The Palestinian Red Crescent reported that a 17-year-old youth was wounded by fire opened by the occupation forces and was taken to hospital.

According to a statement by the Ministry of Health in Gaza, the total number of martyrs killed in the massacres carried out by the occupation forces in the last 24 hours was 17, while the number of wounded was 56. Two massacres were also

carried out against families. Children and women constitute more than 70% of those killed and wounded.



Israeli occupation forces killed six Palestinian children in attacks carried out in the West Bank, including five children in Jenin and one child in Tulkarm.

The occupying Israeli army carried out attacks on the city of Hebron and neighboring towns in the southern occupied West Bank, causing extensive destruction to Palestinian family land and homes. In the Palestinian village of Qilqis, south of Hebron, as in other occupied areas, families were displaced and Palestinian homes were demolished. Since the beginning of the genocide, at least 25 settlements have been built in the occupied West Bank.

Palestinians in the Gaza Strip, living in extremely difficult conditions, especially in crowded camps housing hundreds of thousands of Palestinians, have recently witnessed an alarming outbreak of disease among the population, mostly children. Among those affected by the disease was 7-year-old Nasir, who was displaced several times with his family from his home in the Tel el-Zaatar neighborhood east of the Jabalia refugee camp in northern Gaza to Deir al-Balah in central Gaza. Fifteen-year-old Marah and 15-month-old Raseel M., who live in the same camp, were also among the children who contracted the disease. Many children's right to access health and treatment, violation of bodily integrity, violation of the right to nutrition, and violation of the right to shelter due to restricted access to clean drinking water have been reported.

According to the World Health Organization, the Gaza Strip, particularly Han Yunus and Deir al-Balah, has been designated a "*polio outbreak zone*" due to deteriorat-



ing health conditions. Health officials confirmed the first case of polio in Gaza in 25 years. Numerous children living in the area have been confirmed to have polio through testing.

SEPTEMBER 6

Israeli occupation forces attacked the Palestinian village of Karyut, firing live and rubber-coated bullets, stun grenades, and tear gas canisters at the villagers. As a result, a 13-year-old Palestinian child named Bana Amjad Ahmed al-Boum was shot in the chest with a live bullet.



The Swiss research group ACAPS published a study based on interviews with humanitarian aid workers on how the genocide perpetrated by the occupying Israeli forces has affected the mental health of Palestinians in Gaza. The report states that nearly all of the estimated 1.2 million children in Gaza need psychological help, with problems including depression, anxiety, suicidal thoughts, and regressive behaviors such as bedwetting among five-year-olds. Both adults and children would rather die than live with further displacement, violence, and deprivation. The right to a standard of living adequate for the child's physical, mental, spiritual, moral, and social development, as well as the right to psychological security, has been violated.

SEPTEMBER 7

A report prepared by the United Nations (UN) points out that the hunger crisis is increasing worldwide and that millions of people around the world are deprived of food security, noting that the famine in Gaza is the most severe in history. Maximo Torero, Chief Economist of the Economic and Social Development Department of the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), said in his assessment of the report that the food crisis in Gaza is the most severe crisis in the history of international reports on food crises, with approximately 2.2 million people in need of food and emergency aid.

The Palestinian Red Crescent reported that four people, including two children, were killed and many others were injured in an attack by the occupying army on a house belonging to the Iyd family at the entrance to the El-Bureyc Camp.

The Israeli occupation police arrested 9-year-old Palestinian Omar Al Zeer, who lives in the El Abbasiyah neighborhood of Silwan district in occupied Jerusalem.

SEPTEMBER 8

Numerous Palestinians were killed and children were seriously injured in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces last night, targeting homes in the Jabalia refugee camp.

The occupying Israeli forces' deliberate destruction of medical facilities, sewage systems, and drinking water sources in Gaza, as well as their ban on the entry of hygiene products, including soap, has led to a devastating outbreak of skin diseases and infections among thousands of displaced Palestinians.



Following the latest large-scale operation by the occupying forces in the northern West Bank, at least 163 Palestinian households, comprising 624 people, including 232 children, were displaced. Approximately 2,400 housing units were damaged, 106 of which were rendered uninhabitable.

In Khan Yunis, in the south of Gaza, a girl died today due to severe malnutrition and inadequate medical care, according to medical sources. This tragic event brings the total number of children who have died from malnutrition in the area to 37. Medical sources reported that the girl, identified as Yaqin al-Aṣṭal, died of both malnutrition and dehydration due to a severe shortage of supplies.

SEPTEMBER 9

An Israeli airstrike targeted a house on el-Beşir Street in the et-Tuffah neighborhood in eastern Gaza, killing a Palestinian girl.

The Ministry of Education and Higher Education in the Gaza Strip announced that 800,000 students have been deprived of their right to education for two years





due to the ongoing attacks by murderous Israel. In its statement, the Ministry noted that despite the start of the 2024-25 academic year, students in Gaza cannot attend school due to the continuation of Israel's genocidal war against Gaza. The statement said that by the end of August 2024, more than 11,500 Palestinian children of school age had lost their lives, while 42,945 students had been injured, suffered physical disabilities, and experienced psychological trauma. It emphasized that the occupying Israeli forces had targeted dozens of school buildings, rendering 92% of them out of service. Reference was made to the latest report by the Euro-Med Human Rights Observatory, which stated that 16 school buildings had been targeted in the last month alone, resulting in the deaths or injuries of hundreds of civilians.

Armed Israeli occupation drones shot young Palestinian Burooj Mahfuz in the face in Gaza, causing serious injuries to his jaw. The injury deprived him of his ability to speak and eat normally, leaving him dependent on liquid nutrition. He now communicates through sign language.

According to a report prepared by the United Nations, the number of children killed in conflicts worldwide between 2019 and 2022 is less than the number of children murdered by Israeli occupiers in Gaza. All investigations have documented that a genocide has been carried out against Palestinian children in Gaza since October 7, 2023.

SEPTEMBER 10

Israeli occupation forces carried out a massacre in the El-Mevasi area, located in the Gaza Strip, southwest of Khan Yunis. According to press and local reports, five

missiles were used in the attack, completely destroying tents and leaving nine-meter-deep craters in the ground. It was emphasized that the area where the attack took place was classified as a humanitarian zone and that no warning was given to citizens. It was stated that there were more than 200 tents in the attack area, that 20 to 40 tents were completely destroyed, and that there were three deep craters at the scene. Families were displaced from this area, and an unknown number of children were killed.

Israeli occupation forces raided the village of Salem, east of Nablus, and arrested 14-year-old Palestinian child Hammam Shtayyeh.

It was reported that nine Palestinians, including six children and women, were killed in an attack on a residential building in the city of Jabaliya in northern Gaza.

Following the Israeli occupation forces' detention and threatening of UN personnel who were on their way to distribute polio vaccines, UN officials announced that it was not yet clear whether a new campaign would be launched. The convoy was stopped at gunpoint immediately after the Wadi Gaza checkpoint under threat of detention of UN personnel, and bulldozers severely damaged the UN armored vehicles. The right of many Palestinian children, such as Abdurrahman Abu al-Jadiyan, a displaced Palestinian child who contracted polio last month and is now partially paralyzed, to the highest attainable standard of health and to the necessary infrastructure for the treatment of diseases has been violated.



(Abdurrahman Ebu el-Cediyan sleeps surrounded by family members in Gaza.)

SEPTEMBER 11

As a result of the occupation forces bombing a house belonging to the El-Kara family in the town of Hiza'a, east of Khan Yunis, 11 citizens were killed, including two women and eight children, and dozens were injured. It is reported that there are also casualties trapped under the rubble. Among the martyrs are Muhammad Hamdan El-Kara, his wife Meha Talal Abu Ride, and their children.





It was reported that five Palestinians, including two children, were killed and many others were injured in an attack on a residential building in the Ash-Shamah area of Gaza.

In an attack by the occupying Israeli army on the home of Jerusalem University lecturer Ekrem al-Neccar in the Jabalia Refugee Camp in the city of Jabalia, Gaza, nine people, including three children, were killed. A child was seen holding a toy doll amid the rubble of a heavily damaged house.

The occupying Israeli forces continued their massacres against Palestinian civilians in Gaza, carrying out airstrikes targeting residential areas inhabited entirely by civilians. The incident resulted in many homes being reduced to rubble, forcing many children to flee their homes with their families.

SEPTEMBER 12

Occupying forces targeted a home belonging to the al-Belbisi family in the al-Meşahire area of the et-Tuffah neighborhood in eastern Gaza, killing four people, including a child and a woman.

Bulldozers belonging to the Israeli occupation destroyed infrastructure at the entrance to the Nuru Shams Refugee Camp during ongoing attacks. These attacks were carried out simultaneously with intense attacks on the city of Tulkarem and the refugee camp, which entered their third day. Over the past two days, 10 homes were blown up, and the occupation caused extensive destruction to infrastructure and serious damage to citizens' property. A call was made to provide drinking water to camp residents due to water cuts, but it was emphasized that the occupation forces prevented humanitarian aid from entering the camp and that the situation had worsened from a humanitarian perspective. Many children from , displaced with their families, were denied access to clean drinking water.



Tawalbeh Mahmoud Jamil Bisharat, 17, was hit by a missile fired by an Israeli drone near the Al-Tawhid Mosque in the center of Tubas city in the northern occupied West Bank. Tawalbeh suffered shrapnel wounds and severe burns all over his body.

SEPTEMBER 13

Israeli warplanes carried out an airstrike on the vicinity of the Ayn Jalut School in the Zeytun neighborhood of Gaza City.





The occupying Israeli forces bombed numerous areas in the Gaza Strip, one of which targeted a residential building near the Al-Nuseirat municipality in the center of the Gaza Strip. It was determined that there were many children among the martyrs. At the same time, many children were pulled out from under the rubble injured.

Little Azzam from Gaza succumbed to malnutrition, which worsened due to the inhumane blockade imposed by the occupying Israeli forces on essential medicines and food supplies in Gaza over the past 11 months, and the young child died of starvation.

SEPTEMBER 14

Four children were killed in an airstrike carried out by the occupying army on the Bustan family's home near the Eş-Şucaiyye School in the Et-Tuffah neighborhood in eastern Gaza City.

Three people were injured in an attack by the occupying army on the El-Alya Kindergarten in the Jabaliya Camp in the northern Gaza Strip.

SEPTEMBER 15

The occupying forces carried out a new massacre against Palestinian families by bombing a house belonging to the Behlul family in the Abu Iskandar area of the Sheikh Ridan neighborhood in northern Gaza City. Two children who went missing after the bombardment could not be located.



Christopher Lockyear, Secretary General of Doctors Without Borders, stated that Israel is using humanitarian aid as a tool for political propaganda and is not allowing the necessary supplies to enter Gaza.

Palestinian families displaced after October 7, 2023, took refuge in the city of Rafah in Gaza. However, because the occupying forces did not allow humanitarian aid to enter and because of the bombing of existing facilities, Palestinian children lined up with food containers at Rafah's last remaining food distribution center.

SEPTEMBER 16

It was reported that seven Palestinians were injured when settlers attacked the Arabu'l-Ke'abine Elementary School in El Mi'recat, northwest of Jericho, in Gavru Jordan, east of the occupied West Bank. The occupying settlers beat the students and teachers and tied up the school principal. Lawyer Hasan Melihat reported that the settlers were still surrounding the school and harassing the students.



In numerous dawn airstrikes carried out by the occupying Israeli forces, 9-month-old Amal Avadallah lost her entire family when the occupying forces bombed their home in the Al-Nasr neighborhood of Gaza City. She was pulled from the rubble, seriously injured, and taken to the hospital.





A Palestinian child named Sama Tabeel lost her hair after suffering trauma from a horrific attack by the murderous Israeli regime in southern Gaza. These attacks have damaged the mental health of many children, while physical impairments have also increased.

SEPTEMBER 17

During the ongoing Israeli occupation attacks in Han Yunus, south of Gaza, Palestinians lined up in long queues with empty containers to obtain clean water. The UN

Special Rapporteur on the human rights to safe drinking water and sanitation said that the people of Gaza were living on an average of 4.7 liters of water per person per day, reminding that this is well below the minimum amount of 15 liters set by the World Health Organization for emergency situations.



SEPTEMBER 18

Among the civilians killed during the Israeli occupation's bombardment targeting the El Mawasi area of Khan Yunis, the decapitated body of a child was found.

Occupying Israel bombed the El Sabra neighborhood in southern Gaza, the El Shati refugee camp in West Gaza City, the Jabalia refugee camp in northern Gaza Strip, and El Wehda Street in Gaza. More than 30 Palestinian civilians were killed in the attack, while approximately fifty people remain trapped under the rubble.

Hani Majdi Majed Taha, 15, was killed by Israeli occupation forces near the UNRWA compound at the entrance to the Shu'fat refugee camp north of Jerusalem.

782,000 students in the West Bank were affected by movement restrictions and settler violence. Fifty-eight schools were at risk of demolition. Most recently, Israeli occupiers attacked students and staff at Al Mu'arrajat East Elementary School, injuring nine people.

Occupying Israel carried out operations in the Tubas and Tulkarm governorates. The occupying forces' bulldozers caused significant damage to infrastructure during the operation, resulting in power and water outages. More than 600 housing units in and around the two camps were damaged, 58 of them rendered uninhabitable, and 82 households comprising 360 people, including 161 children, were displaced. Approximately 60% of the residents of the camp and surrounding neighborhoods had their water cut off and also experienced sewage flooding.



The operations carried out by the occupying forces violated the rights to shelter and property, access to clean water and food, and communication and information.

A 17-year-old Palestinian child was martyred by Israeli occupation forces while approaching the Ni'lin checkpoint (Ramallah). No information was shared about why he was shot.

Hundreds of Israeli settlers, accompanied by Israeli occupation forces, entered the tomb of Joseph in the city of Nablus. They attacked Palestinians by firing live ammunition. During these clashes, Israeli occupation forces blocked an ambulance carrying a baby to the hospital and physically and verbally assaulted the medical personnel.

Data analysis conducted by organizations operating in Gaza revealed that 83% of the food aid needed did not reach Gaza as a result of the Israeli occupation government blocking aid, with this rate standing at 34% in 2023. This decline means that **people in Gaza have gone from eating an average of two meals a day to eating one meal every two days.**

According to a 649-page document published by the Ministry of Health in Gaza listing the names of tens of thousands of Palestinians killed by the occupying Israeli forces, the Israeli occupation army killed at least 710 Palestinian babies before they reached their first birthday, which is equivalent to the occupying Israeli forces killing two babies under the age of one every day for almost a year. A brief summary of the number of deaths was as follows: **Total number of those under 18 killed: 11,355.** Infants (under one year old): 710. Toddlers (1-3): 1,793. Children (4-12): 5,410. Children (13-17): 3,442.

SEPTEMBER 19

The bodies of two girls and a woman were recovered from the apartment of the Al-Haddad family, which was attacked by the occupying army on Es-Selasini Street in southern Gaza City.

SEPTEMBER 20

An Israeli drone opened fire in the center of the town of Kabatiye, south of Jenin, seriously wounding one child and moderately wounding a teenager. During the operation, the occupying forces surrounded four houses around the town's school complex and imposed a curfew on the area, preventing more than 1,200 students

at the Kabatiye and Izzet Abu'r-Rub schools and Education Directorate teams from leaving the buildings until late at night.



An unmanned aerial vehicle (quadcopter) belonging to the occupying forces fired at the homes of Palestinian families around the Hurriyet School in the Zeytun neighborhood in southern Gaza. The school and homes were severely damaged, and the number of injured could not be determined.

It was reported that eight people, including children, were killed and others wounded when occupying artillery units targeted civilians in the Tellu'n-Nuveyri area, west of the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip.

An estimated 17,000 children have been left unaccompanied and separated from their families in the genocidal attacks launched by the occupying Israeli forces against the Palestinian people. However, more unaccompanied children are being added to this number every day. Since the beginning of the genocide, children's most basic rights, such as the right to protection during war and flight and the right to parental care, have been violated, and the principle of the best interests of the child has been disregarded.

SEPTEMBER 21

According to data from the Palestinian Ministry of Health in Gaza, 41,000 people, 70% of whom are women and children, have been killed since the beginning of the genocide carried out by the occupying army in the Gaza Strip. It was stated that most of the more than 95,000 wounded and around 12,000 missing persons are also women and children. The UN Committee on the Rights of the Child described the violations committed by the occupying forces as *"one of the worst violations in modern times."*

The occupying army carried out a new massacre by attacking the Al-Falah School in the Ez-Zeytun neighborhood in the south of Gaza City, where hundreds of displaced people had taken refuge. It was reported that 21 people, including 13 chil-

dren (one of whom was 3 months old), were killed and 300 were injured in the attack. The right to life and physical integrity of many children was violated in this incident. Furthermore, international humanitarian law has been completely disregarded, with the occupying forces carrying out attacks on many schools and places designated as safe zones for civilians since October 7.

SEPTEMBER 22



Throughout the Israeli occupation's genocide in the Gaza Strip, the disease of 294 thalassemia patients, 100 of whom are children, has significantly progressed. Those remaining in the besieged areas, especially in northern Gaza, faced the bitter reality of hunger and disease. Occupying Israel, disregarding the decisions of the International Court of Justice (ICJ), continues to block the entry of medicines and medical supplies and persistently applies a policy of collective punishment against 2.3 million Palestinians. By prohibiting the entry of sufficient quantities of medicine and food supplies, it has clearly violated international humanitarian law and Articles 55 and 56 of the Fourth Geneva Convention.

SEPTEMBER 23

The Israeli occupation army carried out two massacres by bombing the Khalid bin Walid and Kefr Qassem schools, where more than 10,000 people had taken refuge, located in the Nusayrat Refugee Camp in the central Gaza Strip and the Shati Refugee Camp west of Gaza City. It was reported that 10 people, including children and women, were killed in these attacks, and many wounded were taken to hospitals. With these two massacres, it has been determined that the occupiers have targeted 183 shelters, 163 of which are schools, that all of these attacks constitute genocide, that hundreds of thousands of refugees are housed in these centers, and that the occupiers have martyred 1,133 people in these centers.

Bulldozers and construction machinery belonging to the Israeli occupation regime, under the protection of the occupation forces, demolished the tents and shelters of the people of Arakib village, located in the Nakab region of the lands occupied in 1948 and not officially recognized by the occupation regime, for the 230th time. The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs reported

that since October 7, 2023, the occupation authorities have demolished, confiscated, or forced owners to demolish approximately 1,380 Palestinian structures in East Jerusalem and the West Bank. As a result of these demolitions, 3,100 Palestinians, including 1,375 children, were displaced.

A child was martyred and other civilians present at the scene were injured in a suicide drone attack by the occupying forces targeting a group of civilians in the town of Huza'a, east of Khan Yunis.

In an attack carried out by the occupying forces on a house belonging to the Abu Semek family in Deir al-Balah, a mother and her four children were martyred, and other family members were injured.

Israeli occupation authorities demolished a residential house, a house under construction, a water cistern for domestic use, an agricultural shed, an agricultural water cistern, and a retaining wall in the Idhna community in Area C (El-Halil). All structures were demolished on the grounds that no permit had been issued by the rogue Israeli authorities. As a result, a family of five, including three children, was displaced.

SEPTEMBER 24

In the 17th district in northern Gaza, five people, including a woman and two children, were killed and several others were injured and some went missing when an apartment where refugees belonging to the Ahmed family lived was bombed by the occupying forces.

It was reported that four people, including children, were martyred when the occupying forces bombed a group of citizens in the Bureyc Refugee Camp in central Gaza. Among the martyrs was Luma Ramadan es-Saidi (a 9-year-old girl).

The occupying Israeli forces bombed a school building in central Gaza that housed displaced Palestinians, killing a couple and their daughter and injuring many others. At the same time, in an airstrike carried out in Deir El Balah, the occupying Israeli forces also killed a mother and four children from the Abu Samak family.

Following the attack by the occupying Israeli army on the home of the Al-Wasifi family in the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip, which killed many people, including children, civil defense teams and local residents began search and rescue operations.

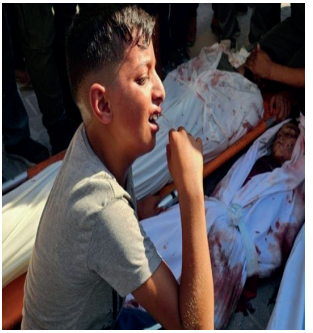
Following the attack by the occupying Israeli army on the Jabaliya refugee camp in the Gaza Strip, Palestinians began to flee the area to escape the attacks of genocidal Israel.

SEPTEMBER 25



Since October 7, 2023, the occupying Israeli authorities have imposed additional restrictions on the movement of 3.3 million Palestinians in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem, in the form of physical barriers or restricted access regulations. Since October 2023, 86 new movement barriers have been erected in the West Bank. There are 793 movement barriers in the West Bank, including East Jerusalem and the H2 area of Hebron, that permanently or intermittently control, restrict, and monitor Palestinian movement. Because of these barriers, approximately 1,500 Palestinians with West Bank IDs living in 18 communities on the East Jerusalem side continue to face obstacles when traveling between their homes and service centers. As a result, they are forced to coordinate their access with the occupying Israeli forces to pass through checkpoints to access basic health and education services and markets on the West Bank side of the barrier. Due to these restrictions, children, along with their families, have had their freedom of movement and transportation restricted. Their access to education and other fundamental rights has been made difficult as it has become harder for them to reach their schools.

SEPTEMBER 26



The United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) stated in a statement that more than 625,000 children living in the Gaza Strip have suffered severe trauma, many of whom are away from school and living among the rubble. The agency added that "*many children in the West Jordania are also facing increasing violence that negatively affects* their *lives and education*."

In a horrific attack carried out by Israeli occupation forces at the El-Faluca School, which housed hundreds of migrants in the Jaba-

lia Refugee Camp in northern Gaza, 15 people, including children and women, have been killed so far, and dozens more have been injured.



Five people, including two children, were killed and several others were injured when Israeli occupation forces bombed the home of the El-Matri family, located near the customs building east of Khan Yunis. It was reported that there were also casualties who had not yet been recovered from the rubble.

Israeli occupation forces raided the Jenin refugee camp, entered the home of 17-year-old Hasan, damaged the property, physically assaulted him, and then arrested him, taking him to Megiddo Prison. The Israeli occupation forces did not explain the reason for Hasan's arrest, and there was no arrest warrant issued in connection with the incident.[1] According to documents collected by DCIP, 57% of Palestinian child detainees, like Hasan, are arrested late at night, almost all with their eyes blindfolded and their hands tied. It also reports that children often sign documents written in Hebrew, a language they do not understand, during interrogation.

SEPTEMBER 27

Aircraft and artillery belonging to the occupying forces continued their intense bombardment, targeting homes, refugee camps, and streets in various parts of the Gaza Strip. Dozens of people were killed and wounded as a result of these attacks. Many children were displaced with their families, and many were killed.

SEPTEMBER 28

In an attack carried out by the occupying army at noon today on a house belonging to the Ferecallah family in the New Camp in En-Nuseyrat, two people were

1 The third section of the Megiddo Prison in question is a section reserved for child prisoners, housing approximately 130 children, 17 of whom are from the Gaza Strip. The children endure extremely overcrowded living conditions in this section, with 12 to 18 children sharing a single detention cell. These children are subjected to physical abuse, psychological torture, and poor conditions by the occupying forces, demonstrating a serious violation of their rights and well-being. Each year, approximately 500 to 700 Palestinian children, some as young as 12, are arrested, detained, and prosecuted in the Israeli military detention system. Most of the Palestinian child detainees here are accused of throwing stones. In addition to physical and psychological abuse during arrest and detention, Palestinian child detainees are routinely denied bail and held in pretrial detention for up to several months.

martyred and many were injured. The occupying army's warplanes carried out a series of airstrikes on the El-Menara neighborhood south of Khan Yunis and the El-Jenin neighborhood east of Rafah. Many children were killed in these attacks, while many others were displaced.

SEPTEMBER 29

Save the Children reported that since October 7, an average of more than 10 children in Gaza have lost one or both legs every day, with most amputations performed without anesthesia. It also reported that there are children with fourth-degree burns, so severe that they have no skin left for skin graft surgery, and young people and children to whom doctors cannot administer anesthesia. Many children have had their right to the highest attainable standard of health and to the necessary infrastructure for the treatment of illness violated due to inadequate resources and the occupying forces' refusal to allow humanitarian aid.



Approximately 9,900 Palestinians are being held as prisoners by the occupying Israeli forces in inhumane conditions, and many are systematically subjected to torture. Of these, 240 are children, 87 are women, and more than 3,300 are administrative detainees held without charge or trial. Under international law, administrative detention is designed to be used only in exceptional circumstances, but the occupying Israeli forces use it extensively.

SEPTEMBER 30

In an attack carried out by the occupying forces on his home in Deir al-Balah, in the center of the Gaza Strip, journalist Wafa Ali Abdurrahman Al-Udeyni, his wife Munir Atiyye Darwish Al-Udeyni, and their children Temim and Belsem lost their lives.

The camp sustained significant damage and the tents were rendered unusable in deadly airstrikes carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on a tent camp near Al-Aqsa Hospital.

Israel's destruction of waste collection vehicles and denial of access to official

landfill sites caused Gaza's waste management system to completely collapse. People, mostly children, who collect waste for food and livelihood, faced additional risks from hazardous materials such as medical waste and industrial chemicals. Furthermore, large waste dumps also pose a threat to soil and groundwater.



OCTOBER 1

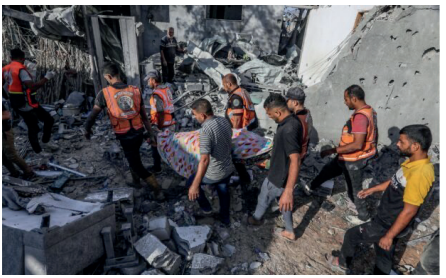
Genocidal Israel has caused the deaths of at least 79 people in attacks carried out across the Gaza Strip. Among the attacks, it is known that the El-Amel Orphans Institute, which housed displaced persons in western Gaza, and the Maskat school, used as a shelter for displaced persons in the Tuffah neighborhood of Gaza, were bombed.

At least five Palestinian children lost their lives as a result of the bombing of the El-Amel Orphanage, which housed displaced persons in Gaza.

The occupying Israeli forces also demolished a three-story house in the Nuseyrat camp, killing seven children and three women.

OCTOBER 2

According to Palestinian media, at least 25 people, including children, were killed in attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the El-Amal Orphanage and a shelter converted from a school in Gaza.



Occupying Israel targeted the family home of journalist Ahmed ez-Zard in Khan Yunis. As a result of the attack, Zard's brother, uncle, and two cousins were martyred. Zard, his mother, and another brother were seriously injured. Other members of the family were trapped under the rubble. It was

reported that the murderous Israeli forces initially opened fire to prevent ambulance crews from reaching the wounded.

Three Palestinians were martyred and 15 were injured in a missile attack carried out by genocidal Israel on the Nuseirat Girls' School in the Nuseirat refugee camp.

According to medical sources, dozens more people were killed in the past day in addition to these attacks.

OCTOBER 3

The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that at least 99 Palestinians were martyred in attacks by the occupying Israeli forces in the last 24 hours, bringing the number of martyrs in Gaza to 41,788. An Israeli drone fired a missile at a group gathering wood for cooking in Beit Lahiya. It was confirmed that four people were killed in the attack.



According to a report by Middle East Eye, Philippe Lazzarini, head of the UN Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA), said that genocidal Israel bombed three UNRWA schools housing displaced persons in Gaza over the past three days.

At least 20 people were killed in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Tulkarem Camp. It was also noted that children living in the camp were among those who lost their lives.

It has been reported that three Palestinian children were killed by an unexploded ordnance left behind by the murderous Israeli Defense Forces. One of the children lost a limb due to the force of the explosion and was taken to the hospital.

OCTOBER 4

A 10-year-old Palestinian girl, Rasha Al-Ar'eer, and her 11-year-old brother Ahmed were killed in an attack carried out by the occupying Israeli forces in northern Gaza.



In addition, health workers recovered the body of a Palestinian baby from the rubble of a house in Khan Yunis. The occupying Israeli forces violated the right to life by targeting babies and children in their attacks.

OCTOBER 5

The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that at least 30 Palestinians were killed in more than 100 attacks by genocidal Israel in the last 24 hours, bringing the number of Palestinian martyrs in Gaza to 41,825.

Occupying Israeli forces abducted and then shot and killed a Palestinian youth in the village of Wadi al-Far'a, southwest of the city of Tubas in the northeast of the occupied West Bank.

OCTOBER 6

At least 26 Palestinians, including many children, were martyred and more than 93 were injured in airstrikes carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Shuhada al-Aqsa Mosque in Deir al-Balah, where many displaced persons live, and on the Ibn al-Rushd school in central Gaza, which provides shelter to displaced persons. In addition, Gaza Civil Defense reported that three bodies, including that of a Palestinian child from the Shati refugee camp, were found and four people were missing.

Local sources reported that civil defense teams reached the bodies of three people, including a girl and a woman, after a house was bombed in the El-Shati camp in Gaza, and that search efforts for the other missing persons continued among the rubble of the destroyed house. The occupying Israeli forces violated the right to property and shelter by displacing Palestinians from their homes, and deliberately violated the right to life by bombing and destroying their homes while they were inside.

OCTOBER 7

The Israeli occupation army continued its deadly attacks on the first anniversary of its genocide against the Gaza Strip, killing 42 Palestinians, including children, in the devastated area.

According to a statement by Gaza Civil Defense, three Palestinian children were martyred and six Palestinians were wounded in an air strike carried out by the occupying Israeli army on the Bureyc refugee camp in the center of the Gaza Strip.

In the east of Khan Yunis, in the south of the Gaza Strip, a Palestinian girl was reported killed as a result of artillery fire by the murderous Israeli army on the town of Abasan.

In the city of Rafah, eight Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in an air strike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on a house.

In the town of Beit Lahiya, four Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in an airstrike carried out by the Israeli occupation air force on a house.

A health source in Jabalia told Anadolu Agency that 13 Palestinian youths and children were killed and many others were injured in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on the Abu Kamer area.

OCTOBER 8

The Gaza Ministry of Health stated that the number of martyrs recorded since October 2023 has risen to 41,965, and the number of wounded to 97,590. The figures only include Palestinians brought to hospitals or morgues and do not include an estimated 10,000 people presumed dead under the rubble or indirect deaths caused by the Israeli occupation siege.



It was reported that the occupying Israeli forces also carried out intensive attacks on the Nuseyrat and Bureyc refugee camps in central Gaza. The occupying Israeli forces also struck targets in southern Gaza. Wafa reported that at least eight Palestinian children were martyred in a drone attack targeting civilians gathered at a water filling station.

OCTOBER 9

The Gaza Ministry of Health announced that at least 45 Palestinians, including children, were killed and 130 were injured in a massacre targeting three families. At least 10 Palestinian children were killed when Israeli occupation forces bombed the tents of displaced Palestinians in Jabalia.



Nine members of the same family were martyred in an attack by the occupying Israeli forces on a house in Shujaiya. It was reported that among those martyred were children only a few years old.



OCTOBER 10

In an Israeli attack on homes in the southern Gaza city of Rafah, 14-year-old Palestinian girl Razan Arafat Barbah lost both her legs.

Israeli warplanes attacked a house in the al-Fakhari neighborhood of Khan Yunis, killing five people, including a woman and a seven-month-old girl, three of whom were children.

OCTOBER 11

In an attack by the occupying Israeli forces on the Maghazi refugee camp, two people were killed, including a 13-year-old child.

Israeli warplanes struck a multi-story apartment block in Jabalia, killing 22 people, including Palestinian children, women, and elderly, injuring 90, and leaving 14 trapped under the rubble.

OCTOBER 12

Three people were killed in an Israeli attack on a house in the Tuffah neighborhood of Gaza City, more than 15 people, including children, women, and elderly people, were injured, and a young girl was reported missing. However, Raed El-Nams, spokesperson for the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS), reported that six ambulances were completely out of service due to fuel shortages caused by the occupying



Israeli forces blocking fuel from entering the area as part of their strict blockade of the northern Gaza Strip, making it impossible to reach the wounded.

OCTOBER 13

At least 22 people, including many children, were killed and 80 were injured in an attack by Israeli tanks on a school serving as a shelter for displaced persons in Nuseyrat.

An Israeli drone attack on the El-Shati refugee camp killed at least five Palestinian children playing soccer and injured several others.

OCTOBER 14

Israeli occupation jets struck a school near Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in Deir al-Balah, Gaza Strip, which was under siege on October 14, 2024, as well as tents housing displaced persons, killing more than 25 Palestinian children.

OCTOBER 16

Following an Israeli attack on the Nassr neighborhood of Gaza City, people were left trapped under concrete rubble. The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that at least 65 more Palestinians were killed in the Gaza Strip as a result of the Israeli occupation forces' attack, and 140 people, including many children and women, were injured.



OCTOBER 17

At least 28 people, including women and children, were killed and 160 were injured in attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on a school run by UNRWA, which provides shelter to displaced persons in Jabalia.

At least 10 people, including women and children, were killed in an Israeli airstrike on a residential building in the Maghazi refugee camp.



OCTOBER 18

In an air strike carried out by the Israeli occupation forces on several houses near the Nassar Junction in the Jabalia refugee camp, 33 people, including women and children, were killed and 85 were injured. In an attack by the occupying forces on a house in the Maghazi refugee camp, 16 people were killed, many were missing and trapped under the rubble.

OCTOBER 19

Numerous Palestinians were killed in an attack carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on Beyt Lahiya.

At least 73 Palestinians were killed in the Israeli occupation attack on the town of Beit Lahiya in northern Gaza. Over 100 people were injured and many went missing. The reported figures included many children and babies, with babies in particular among the missing .

Killer Israeli forces bombed the overcrowded residential areas in Beit Lahiya where Palestinians had sought refuge. Among those killed were many women and children. No warning was given to citizens to evacuate their homes. While many people were trapped under the rubble, health workers and civil defense teams were unable to reach the area immediately due to the intensity of the terrorist Israeli bombardment.



The Gaza Civil Defense Agency announced that since the occupation army's military operation began on October 6, "*more than 400 martyrs, including children, have been recovered from various target areas in the northern Gaza Strip, including the Jabalia camp, Beit Lahiya, and Beit Hanoun.*" The occupying Israeli forces have committed the crime of withholding bodies, in addition to violating the right to life.

OCTOBER 20

Israeli forces bombed a house in the Al-Tawbah Mosque area of the Jabalia camp, damaging the mosque and the house and injuring many people. It was reported that there were many children and Palestinians in the mosque at the time of the incident.

OCTOBER 21

At least two people, including a child, were killed and six were injured in an Israeli attack on a tent in the El-Mawasi humanitarian aid area.

At least six people were killed while filling water bottles in Jabalia. Medical teams reported that half of them were children.

Local sources reported that Israeli artillery bombed the central and northern areas of Rafah, including Shabura, Hirbet el-Adas, and Uraybe, killing five people and injuring many children.

Occupying warplanes also bombed the area around the UNRWA Kreizem school near the Abu Rashid Pool in the Jabaliya camp, which houses displaced persons, as well as the school itself. Seven people were killed in the attack, including four children, and dozens of children were injured.

OCTOBER 22

A Palestinian man said he found the body of his baby, who was killed in an attack by the occupying Israeli forces on al-Mawasi in the Nasir Hospital in the city of Khan Yunis, Gaza.

The artillery attack carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on a school housing displaced persons in the Jabalia refugee camp resulted in the martyrdom of at least 10 people, including children, and the injury of many others.



The UN Conference on Trade and Development, which witnessed this genocide unfolding before the eyes of the entire world, stated in its report that if the war ends tomorrow and Gaza returns to the status quo prior to

Hamas' attack on the occupying Israeli forces on October 7, 2023, it could take 350 years for the battered economy to return to its pre-war unstable level.

OCTOBER 23

A woman and two children were killed in an Israeli attack on a house in the al-Zerka area of Gaza City.

OCTOBER 24

The Gaza Ministry of Health reported that at least 55 Palestinians were killed in Israeli occupation attacks in the last 24 hours.

An Israeli airstrike hit a house in the Jabalia refugee camp, killing a woman and her child.

Missile strikes by the occupying Israeli forces on the Shuhada al-Nuseirat school, which provided shelter to displaced families in the Nuseyrat refugee camp, killed at least 18 Palestinians, including children, women, and the elderly, and wounded at least 52 others.

Israeli artillery fire in Khan Yunis killed two Palestinians and wounded 20 others, including women and children.

OCTOBER 25

Israeli occupation forces bombed a house belonging to the Farra family in Qizan en-Neccar, east of Khan Yunis, killing three children and injuring five people.

It was reported that many babies and children died due to lack of oxygen in an attack carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on an oxygen station at Kamal Adwan Hospital. In addition, at least 38 people, including 14 children, were killed in attacks carried out on numerous settlements in the El-Manara area south of Khan Yunis. Gaza Civil Defense reported that 12 people were killed and many others were injured in an attack by an unmanned aerial vehicle carried out by the occupying Israeli forces on a group of Palestinians waiting for aid near the Shati refugee camp.

OCTOBER 27

At least nine people were killed in an airstrike on a UN-run school housing displaced civilians in western Gaza. Among the victims were three journalists and an eight-year-old girl who was waiting in line to get cookies from the school.

It was stated that 11 people were killed and 20 were injured in the attack targeting the Asma School in the Shati refugee camp, which belongs to the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA). The attack was the second attack on the same school in a few days.

OCTOBER 29

At least 109 Palestinians, including children and women, were killed and dozens were injured as a result of an airstrike carried out by the Israeli occupation army on a five-story building in the city of Beit Lahiya in Gaza on October 29.



The Gaza Ministry of Health said in a statement that at least 109 more Palestinians were killed in the occupying Israeli forces' relentless attacks on the Gaza Strip, bringing the total death toll since last year to 43,163. The ministry statement said 101,510 people were also injured in the ongoing attacks. The ministry said, "*The Israeli occupation carried out massacres against five families in the last 24 hours, killing 102 people and injuring 287.*" It also reported that due to the high numbers, it was unable to distinguish between children, women, and the elderly.

OCTOBER 31

The neonatal intensive care unit of Kamal Adwan Hospital in the city of Beit Lahiya, Gaza, was completely destroyed in an attack by the occupying Israeli army. It was reported that many babies in the unit were killed in the attack.

Genocidal Israel bombed medical equipment in a hospital in besieged northern Gaza. Many children and babies being treated at the hospital were martyred because they could not be treated due to a lack of medicine and equipment.



A Palestine Today reporter stated that four people, including two children, were killed when the occupying forces bombed the third floor of Kamal Adwan Hospital.

The attack targeted the hospital's kidney dialysis unit, engineering and maintenance departments, and water tanks, burning down a warehouse containing medicines and medical supplies delivered to the World Health Organization (WHO) five days earlier.

The attack on the hospitals came just days after the occupying Israeli forces deliberately bombed the hospital's oxygen station, causing the deaths of many patients, including children.

The occupying Israeli Defense Forces surrounded the Nur Shams refugee camp and carried out a drone attack on a square, killing two people, including a child.

Artillery fire by genocidal Israel near the El-Sahaba intersection in the Daraj neighborhood of Gaza City targeted a group of people, killing four, including a child, and injuring many others.

NOVEMBER 1

In northern Gaza, two apartment buildings housing displaced civilians in the Jabaliya Refugee Camp and Tel ez-Za'tar area were hit. Many people, including children, were killed in the attacks.

At least 26 Palestinians, including four children and four women, were killed in an airstrike on two houses in the New Camp area north of En-Nuseyrat. After the first attack, at least 30 people, including a health worker and two journalists, were injured when a second house was targeted while medical teams and civil defense personnel arrived at the scene to respond.



A total of 84 Palestinians were killed in attacks by the occupying Israeli army targeting civilian residential areas in northern Gaza. It was reported that more than 50 of those killed were children. Due to intense bombardment and siege in the area, civil defense teams, medical personnel, and humanitarian aid organizations were unable to reach the area.

On November 1, 2024, following Israeli attacks on the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in Deir al-Balah, Gaza, wounded Palestinians were brought to Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital for treatment. A Palestinian man carries a child wounded in the head. (Ashraf Amra / Anadolu Agency)

NOVEMBER 2

At around 10:00 a.m., 10 Palestinians were killed and many others, including women and children, were injured in an attack on the El Berka area in Beyt Lahiya, north of Gaza.

That same evening, it was confirmed that 47 Palestinians were killed in attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli army on Deir al-Balah, the Nuseyrat Refugee Camp, and the town of El-Zawayda. It was reported that the majority of those killed were women and children. Medical sources reported that the bodies were taken to the Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital in Deir al-Balah. Many people were also injured in the attacks.

The polio vaccination campaign in northern Gaza was disrupted by the Israeli occupation forces' attack. The World Health Organization (WHO) reported that the Sheikh Ridan primary health center in northern Gaza City was hit, and that families who had brought their children to the center for vital vaccinations were present during the attack. Six people were injured in the attack, including four children. The explosion occurred during a humanitarian pause declared to allow the vaccination campaign to proceed.

UNICEF Executive Director Catherine Russell, referring to these attacks as well as an attack on a UNICEF staff member's vehicle and similar incidents in the vicinity of a polio vaccination center, stated, *"These are yet another indication of the devastating consequences of indiscriminate attacks on civilians in the Gaza Strip."*

The Middle East Director of Save the Children warned, "*If the international community does not act immediately, a generation of children in Gaza will be completely wiped out, and their future will be erased.*"

NOVEMBER 3

Kamal Adwan Hospital was targeted again on November 3, following an attack on October 31. In this second attack, six children receiving treatment at the hospital were injured, one seriously. The attack also damaged the hospital's water tanks. The previous attack caused a fire in the medicine warehouse, destroying medical supplies delivered by the WHO and rendering the desalination station that supplied water to the dialysis unit unusable. The hospital administrator reported that four health workers were injured while trying to extinguish the fire manually due to a lack of adequate resources.



The Abu el Hawa family, located in the At Tur neighborhood of East Jerusalem, regained their home and land on September 16, 2024, which had been forcibly seized by Israeli settlers. The settlers, under the protection of Israeli occupation forces, occupied the house, locked its doors, and installed barbed wire and security cameras. After the family appealed to the court, it was proven that the property had never actually been sold.

There are currently eviction cases against 217 Palestinian households in East Jerusalem, putting at least 968 people, including 424 children, at risk of displacement.



Defense for Children International Palestine (DCI) reported on November 3 that 14-year-old Naji Nidal Naji Zamaara was shot and killed by Israeli occupation soldiers near the town of Halhul, north of Hebron. According to DCI, Naci was targeted during an ambush operation carried out by Israeli occupation soldiers passing through the area while he was playing in a mountainous area.

On November 3, 2024, hungry Palestinian children queue to receive food distributed by aid organizations in Gaza City. (Moiz Salhi / Anadolu via Getty Images)

NOVEMBER 4

At around 7:00 p.m., 25 Palestinians, including 13 children, were killed in an airstrike on a house in the Beyt Lahiya area in northern Gaza. Many people were also buried under the rubble and are missing.

In a separate attack, an Israeli airstrike on an apartment building killed more than 90 people, including 25 children, according to the Gaza Health Ministry. The US

State Department announced that it was awaiting a full explanation from the occupying Israeli forces regarding the incident. The occupying Israeli army, in a brief statement, acknowledged reports that civilians had been harmed. Five children have had their right to life taken away. The crime of genocide continues to be committed before the eyes of the world.

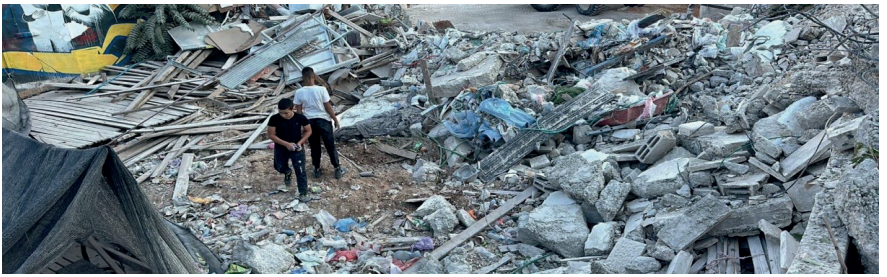
NOVEMBER 5

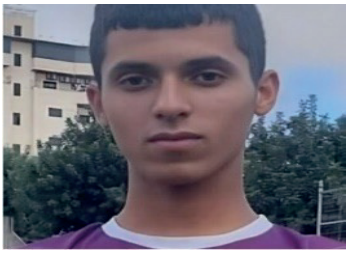
On November 5, 2024, on Selahaddin Street in the city of Deir al-Balah in Gaza, two children try to collect flour spilled from a humanitarian aid truck barefoot among the rubble of war.



(Photo: OCHA)

In the El Bustan area of the Silwan neighborhood in East Jerusalem, four residential buildings were demolished by the occupying Israeli authorities. As a result of the demolitions, 42 people, half of whom are children, were left homeless. El Bustan, home to approximately 1,500 Palestinians, is one of the areas targeted for the demolition of dozens of Palestinian homes under the Israeli occupation's settlement plan. The children's right to shelter has been violated.





A residential building demolished in the El-Bustan area of the Silwan neighborhood in East Jerusalem also housed a community center serving approximately 1,000 people.

Kamal Adwan Hospital was once again targeted by Israeli warplanes and drones. The attack hit the children's ward and the upper floors of the hospital, damaging the section where incubators are located. Some children and newborn babies were injured. Journalists, nurses, and medical staff were also injured in the attack. Nurses evacuated the children to the lower floors, but these floors lacked the equipment needed for newborns. One of the injured children underwent emergency surgery. Eid Sabbah, the hospital's nursing services director, said, "*We were very surprised by this new attack because we had been targeted just the day before.*"

In the Ramuz area near the town of Halhul, north of Hebron in the West Bank, Israeli occupation soldiers opened fire on two Palestinian children. Sixteen-year-old Naci Nidal El-Baba, who was targeted by the bullets, lost his life. El-Baba's lifeless body was taken by the Israeli occupation forces and then handed over to the Palestinian Red Crescent. El-Baba was a 10th-grade student at Omar El-Tamimi Boys' High School.

NOVEMBER 6

At around 2:00 p.m., at least seven Palestinians, including women and children, were killed when a house was targeted in the El Khazan neighborhood of the northern Gaza city of Beit Lahiya.

At around 7:50 p.m. on the same day, at least seven Palestinians, including women and children, were killed when another house was hit in the New Camp area of the En-Nuseyrat Refugee Camp, located north of Deir al-Balah. Seventeen people were injured in the attack, and some victims were reported to still be trapped under the rubble.

During an Israeli army raid on the city of Jenin in the West Bank and a refugee camp, a 53-year-old Palestinian was shot and killed by Israeli occupation soldiers. Explosives were used in the settlement area during the operation, and roads and surrounding infrastructure were destroyed with bulldozers. Seven homes were

damaged as a result of the raid, and 11 families, comprising a total of 53 people, including 22 children, were displaced.

The World Health Organization (WHO) informed the United Nations Security Council that currently only nine hospitals and four field hospitals in Gaza are partially able to provide maternity services. WHO Director-General Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus said, *"Every day, hundreds of women are giving birth in traumatic, unhygienic, and inhumane conditions."* Food shortages are seriously threatening both pregnant women and babies; the risk of birth complications, insufficient breast milk, and fatal infections during the approaching winter months is increasing.

NOVEMBER 7

At around 3:30 p.m., an attack on a house in the Jabalia Refugee Camp reportedly killed between 25 and 30 Palestinians, including women and children. The exact number of casualties could not be confirmed due to the inability of Palestinian Civil Defense teams to intervene and media restrictions in the area.

At around 11:50 p.m. on the same day, nine Palestinians, including two children and four women, were killed in an attack on a house near the Al-Derec Health Clinic in downtown Gaza City. Many others were injured in the attack.

Between November 7 and 8, Israeli occupation authorities demolished or forced the demolition of 30 Palestinian homes in Areas A and C of the Occupied West Bank and East Jerusalem, on the grounds that they lacked official construction permits from the Israeli occupation. As a result of these demolitions, 62 people, approximately half of whom were children, were displaced. In East, 50 people, including 23 children, were left homeless due to the demolition of nine homes.

NOVEMBER 8

UNICEF announced that 64 attacks on schools in Gaza were documented in October. Most of these schools were being used as shelters for displaced families. Twenty-five of the attacks took place in northern Gaza. At least 128 people, most of them children, were killed in these attacks. These figures account for 28% of all attacks on schools since October 2023. **UNICEF Executive Director Catherine Russell said in a statement on the matter, *"Schools should not be the front lines of war. Children seeking shelter should never be targeted."***

NOVEMBER 9

An Israeli airstrike targeted a group of children preparing to play soccer in the El-Mawasi area, which had been declared a "humanitarian zone." Speaking about the incident, Muhammad Zanun, a relative of one of the victims, said, "*The rocket fell directly on them. There was no one there who was wanted or could be targeted, only children were on the street. Only children were killed.*"

NOVEMBER 10

At around 6:00 a.m., in the Cibaliya El-Belad area in northern Gaza, an airstrike on a multi-story building on Old Gaza Street killed 36 Palestinians, including women and children. It was reported that many people were still under the rubble. The children's right to life and their safety and property have been violated. In Batn al-Nuseirat, located in the central part of Gaza, at least 14 Palestinians, including four children and three women, lost their lives and 30 others were injured or went missing during the Israeli occupation army's increased ground operations. During the intense bombardment and sudden advance of the Israeli occupation ground forces, local residents called rescue teams for help.

The impact of the siege is being felt particularly deeply by tens of thousands of Palestinians living in northern Gaza. With almost no food allowed into the area for over a month, people are trying to survive by carefully using their last stocks of lentils and flour. A hospital reported that thousands of children are suffering from health problems due to hunger. "*They are starving us to force us out of our homes,*" said Mohammed Arkuk, who said he and his family of eight are staying in the north.

NOVEMBER 11

At around 8:45 p.m., it was reported that a tent used as an internet cafe was targeted on the El-Mawasi coastal road west of Khan Yunis. Eleven Palestinians, including two children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured.

It was reported that the Israeli occupation forces intensified their ground operations throughout the night in Beit Hanoun, north of Gaza. Palestinian Civil Defense officials reported that the occupying forces ordered the evacuation of hundreds of civilians from the area.

The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reported that between November 5 and 11, at least 41 Palestinians were detained across the West Bank, including two children.

NOVEMBER 12

At around 10:45 a.m., near the UNRWA clinic on the coastal road west of Deir al-Balah, a group of Palestinians was targeted, killing at least six people, including two girls and an elderly man. Many people, including children, were injured in the attack.

Velid Eşref Muhammed Hüseyin, 18, was martyred by the occupying Israeli forces at the Deyr Şeref checkpoint west of Nablus. The occupying army claimed that the incident was an attempted knife attack. Soldiers seized and detained the young man's body. The right to life has been violated. The Nutrition Stabilization Center, run by the International Medical Corps (IMC) in Deir al-Balah, reported an increase in the number of children seeking treatment for edema (swelling). This is considered a sign of worsening malnutrition. Between October 10 and November 12, six boys and four girls were admitted to the center for treatment.

Between November 12 and 18, 25 Palestinians, including children, were displaced due to violence perpetrated by Israeli settlers. Since October 7, 2023, 1,722 Palestinians, including 835 children, have been forced to leave their homes due to settler violence.

NOVEMBER 13

In the Ezbet el-Cerad area east of Tulkarem city, two Palestinian men were shot and killed during a raid carried out by Israeli special forces. Israeli soldiers, dressed as civilians, surrounded a building where two men and a two-year-old child were present. Clashes were reported in the area. An eyewitness stated that one of the men tried to surr , and was shot and killed as he put the child aside. The child was wounded in the face by shrapnel. The occupying forces seized the bodies of those killed and the wounded child. About an hour later, the wounded child was handed over to the Palestinian Red Crescent and transferred to the hospital.

In the village of Beyt Furik, near Nablus, during a raid carried out by Israeli occupation soldiers, two boys aged 14-15 were wounded by live ammunition during the ensuing clashes. The Israeli occupation forces used live ammunition, plastic bullets, and tear gas against groups throwing stones. The right of two children to the protection of their physical integrity has been violated. In the town of El-Hadr (Bethlehem), 19 female students were treated after being affected by tear gas canisters fired by Israeli occupation soldiers near a girls' school.

As of November 13, 344 children were admitted to stabilization centers due to severe acute malnutrition (SAM) and related complications. This figure represents a 50% increase compared to October 2.

NOVEMBER 14

In the village of Beyt Furik, east of Nablus, another raid by the occupying Israeli forces resulted in the injury of a 14-15-year-old boy who was shot with live ammunition.



On November 14, 2024, a Palestinian child stands in front of his house under construction in Beyt Ummar, which was demolished by Israeli forces on the grounds that it did not have a building permit issued by the Israeli authorities. (Photo: OCHA)

NOVEMBER 15

The destruction of 60 dialysis machines at Al-Shifa Hospital by Israeli occupation forces put patients with kidney failure in mortal danger. All patients were transferred to Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital, which was under intense pressure. The medical staff there struggled to cope with the increasing number of patients. With the emergence of signs of starvation, critically ill, malnourished children were also brought to the hospital.

Israeli occupation forces released 20 Palestinians, most of whom had been detained in northern Gaza since October 6, through the Kerem Shalom Border Crossing. Those released were transferred to the European Hospital in Khan Yunis for medical examinations. Some detainees reported that children, elderly people, and seriously injured individuals who were abducted from hospitals in northern Gaza are still in the hands of the occupying Israeli forces. Those released reported that they had been subjected to systematic torture and human rights violations, includ-

ing physical violence, sleep deprivation, prolonged shackling and blindfolding, and denial of access to food, water, and health services.

Dr. Said Hattab from Al-Aqsa Martyrs Hospital said, "*Israeli occupation forces deliberately destroyed 60 dialysis machines serving 350 patients, including children, at Al-Shifa Hospital. All surviving patients are currently being treated here.*"

NOVEMBER 16

DCI-Palestine drew attention to the danger faced by children who were injured in Gaza and evacuated to Egypt without their families. The organization reported that 14-year-old Ziyad was struck six times by an Israeli occupation drone in Gaza City on November 16, 2023, and was sent alone to Egypt for treatment.

"Children separated from their families are at risk of human trafficking, exploitation, and abuse. Protecting these children and reuniting them with their families is a human rights responsibility," the statement said. The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) continues to verify the identities of those killed in airstrikes, shelling, and other military actions in Gaza. Of the deaths verified to date, approximately 70% have been identified as women and children.

The report emphasizes that the continuation of attacks in this manner and the equal distribution of death across all segments of society reflects "a clear disregard for civilian life and insensitivity to the effects of the preferred methods of warfare."

Children constitute the largest group among the confirmed casualties. In terms of age distribution, the most affected groups were children aged 5–9, children aged 10–14, and infants and young children aged 0–4.

Approximately 80% of the confirmed deaths occurred in homes or similar residential areas. Of these deaths, 44% were children and 26% were women.

The report also expressed serious concerns about the occupying Israeli forces' use of AI-assisted targeting systems in their military operations. It emphasized that the impact of these systems on civilians is clearly evident in the overwhelming majority of women and children killed. The UN confirmed that the vast majority of those killed were women and children martyred in their homes and noted that AI-assisted systems increase civilian casualties.

NOVEMBER 17

At around 8:00 a.m., approximately 50 Palestinians were killed in an airstrike on a five-story building housing dozens of displaced civilians in the Beit Lahiya Project area in northern Gaza. It was reported that approximately 30% of those killed were children. A large number of people were injured, and it was stated that some were trapped under the rubble.

At Shati Refugee Camp, the Abu Assi Elementary School, affiliated with the United Nations, was also targeted by Israeli occupation forces. At least 10 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in the attack, and 20 others were injured.

In the village of Ni'lin, near Ramallah, three Palestinian Bedouin families (a family of nine, including three children and three women), officially recognized as Palestinian refugees, were forced to demolish their own homes. The families stated that they had been subjected to constant threats and attacks since the expansion of a settler outpost in the area three months ago.

In the town of El-Hadr, near Bethlehem, 19 female students were affected by tear gas fired by the occupying forces near a girls' school.

NOVEMBER 18

In the city of Nablus, 17-year-old Nur Ahmed Mustafa Arafat was shot and killed by Israeli occupation soldiers near the Abu Bakr Al-Siddiq Mosque. According to a statement by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCI), Nur was approximately 30 meters away from the soldiers when he was shot. He was seriously wounded by bullets that hit his chest and shoulder. The arrival of the ambulance at the scene was blocked by Israeli occupation forces for five minutes. Nur had died by the time he was taken to the hospital.

That same night, a tent used as an internet cafe on the El-Mawasi coastal road west of Khan Yunis was targeted. Eleven Palestinians, including two children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured.

A girl in Gaza was seriously injured in the face in an airstrike. Civil society organizations and doctors called on the occupying Israeli forces to allow the girl to be taken out of Gaza for reconstructive (repair) treatment. The occupying Israeli forces rejected this request.

The director of Kamal Adwan Hospital reported that hunger conditions are now visible in northern Gaza and that four children are in critical condition due to acute malnutrition.

Children accounted for 58% of the 43 reported injuries in the West Bank and Gaza that week; that is, two out of every four people injured were children.



Israeli occupation forces either directly demolished or forcibly demolished a total of 32 Palestinian homes in Area C and East Jerusalem. As a result of these demolitions, 21 people, including 7 children, were displaced.

Overcrowding in shelters continues. At the Palestine Stadium Collective Shelter, the number of households remaining has increased from 100 to 800. Approximately 700 newly displaced families have begun living in tents. It is reported that up to 25 people are housed in one tent. It is reported that men are spending the night outside to make room for women and children.

It was noted that hot meals can only be distributed once a week at the Ez-Zahra School in the Gaza Strip. The aid provided at the Palestine Stadium can only meet a small portion of the need. Women drew attention to the lack of baby formula and nutritional supplements in particular. Their right to access food is being violated. Families are forced to burn plastic and cardboard to cook their meals. This situation leads to burns, eye injuries, and respiratory problems.

NOVEMBER 19

In the village of Esh-Shuhada, southwest of the city of Jenin, three Palestinians were killed and two were injured in a raid carried out by Israeli occupation forces. Israeli occupation soldiers surrounded a farmhouse in the village and targeted the building with shoulder-fired missiles. In the events that followed the raid, villagers threw stones, and the Israeli occupation forces responded with live ammunition. The Palestinian Red Crescent announced that one of the injured was a 16-year-old child. Images shared from the scene showed Israeli occupation bulldozers carrying at least two bodies and seizing the bodies of the three martyred Palestinians.

NOVEMBER 20

At around 11:30 p.m., in an attack with a barrel bomb on a house near Kamal Adwan Hospital in Beit Lahiya, north of Gaza, approximately 66 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many others were injured. The attack completely destroyed not only the targeted building but also six surrounding residences. The lack of ambulances, equipment, and Civil Defense personnel seriously hampered search and rescue efforts.

At 8:50 p.m., at least 21 Palestinians, including four women and five children, were killed in an attack on an apartment building in the Abu Iskandar area northwest of Gaza City.

At 4:40 p.m., an area sheltering displaced civilians was targeted in the El-Mawasi area west of Khan Yunis. Twelve people, including five children, were killed in the attack.

Early in the day, in the Cibaliya El-Belad area in northern Gaza, 12 Palestinians, including women and children, lost their lives in an attack on a house.

At 16:05, the Khalid Bin Walid School in the En-Nuseyrat Refugee Camp in Deir al-Balah was targeted. Eight Palestinians, including two children and two women, were killed in the attack, and 15 people were injured. Approximately 200 displaced civilians were sheltering in the school.

At around 10:40 p.m., in another attack on a tent housing displaced civilians in the El-Mawasi area, at least six Palestinians, including two children, were killed.

NOVEMBER 21

At around 10:00 p.m., at least eight Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in an airstrike on an apartment building in the Shujaiya neighborhood in eastern Gaza City.

NOVEMBER 22

At around 11:45 p.m., six Palestinians, including three children and two women, were killed in an airstrike on a house in the El-Burak area west of Khan Yunis.
Just ten minutes later, at 11:55 p.m., seven members of the same family, including three children, were killed in another attack on a house in the Ez-Zeytun neighborhood in the southeast of Gaza City. Many others were injured in the attack.

According to data shared by the Nutrition Cluster, 3,410 children received outpatient treatment for acute malnutrition between November 1 and 23. Between July and October, an average of 4,700 children per month sought treatment at health centers for the same problem.

NOVEMBER 24

On November 24, 2024, in Deir al-Balah, in the center of the Gaza Strip, Palestinians, including children, are struggling to survive in makeshift tents in rainy and cold weather conditions. (Photo: Ali Jadallah – Anadolu Agency



According to DCI-Palestine, Israeli occupation forces shot and killed 16-year-old Palestinian Muhammad Rabi' Cemil Hamarsheh in the town of Ya'bad, west of Jenin. The incident took place around 10 p.m. and was carried out by an Israeli soldier inside an armored military vehicle, from a distance of approximately 40–50 meters. Four bullets hit Muhammad: in his mouth, right hand, back, and left foot. The bullet that entered his back exited through his chest.

According to eyewitness accounts, Israeli occupation soldiers prevented medical teams from reaching Muhammad and only allowed an ambulance to reach the scene after they were certain he had died from blood loss. Muhammad was taken to the local emergency medical center only after his death was confirmed, where he was pronounced dead. During the same raid, two Palestinians were killed following intense gunfire and clashes with Palestinian youths.

In the Hallet el-Luz area of Bethlehem, Jewish settlers set fire to two houses, destroyed 28 private vehicles, wrote racist slogans, and seized some mobile homes. In Ayn Duma, settlers threatened two Palestinian families, including six children, with death, forcing them to dismantle their tents and leave the area.

Israeli occupation forces demolished or seized 28 structures belonging to Palestinians in the West Bank and East Jerusalem. As a result of these interventions, 27 people, including 15 children, were displaced.



In the Hammamat el-Maleh el-Burj area of Tubas, a structure built as part of humanitarian aid was also demolished; seven people, including three children, were left homeless.

Four homes were demolished in the Jabel al-Mukaber neighborhood of East Jerusalem, one of them forcibly by its owners. It was reported that all applications for a construction permit for one of the homes had been rejected, despite the family's long-standing efforts to obtain one. During the forced demolition, Israeli occupation forces raided the site, destroying the remaining parts of the house and its contents. A total of 12 people, including eight children, were displaced. The right to shelter of eight more children has been violated. Between November 19 and 24, it was reported that Israeli occupation forces killed nine Palestinians, including one child, and injured 37 people, including 12 children, across the West Bank. During the same period, a total of 593 Palestinians, including 21 children, were detained in 1,412 raids across the West Bank and East Jerusalem. One child's right to life was violated. Twelve children's right to bodily integrity was violated.



On November 24, 2024, in the city of Khan Yunis in Gaza, Palestinian families forcibly displaced by the Israeli army are struggling to survive in tent camps amid ongoing attacks and harsh weather conditions. (Photo: Anas Zeyad Fteha – Anadolu Agency)



NOVEMBER 28

According to the Palestinian Civil Defense Organization, at least 75 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in attacks on two separate residential buildings in Beit Lahiya, north of Gaza. The right to life of many children has been violated. It was reported that the occupying Israeli authorities still did not allow Civil Defense teams to enter the area. This seriously hampered search-and-rescue and debris removal efforts.

NOVEMBER 29

At around 11:05 p.m., at least ten Palestinians, including two women and two children, were killed in an attack on a building in the Sheikh Ridan neighborhood in northern Gaza City.

UNICEF announced that an 11-year-old child with leukemia in Gaza lost his life after six separate medical evacuation requests were denied. The child had been waiting for a long time to be transferred outside Gaza for treatment.

In the rural village of Nilin, Ramallah, three Palestinian Bedouin families, a group of 14 people including eight children and two elderly people, were forced to leave their homes due to violence by Jewish settlers.

NOVEMBER 30

Due to the deepening food crisis in Gaza, two girls aged 13 and 17 and a 50-year-old woman were crushed to death in a crowd gathered in front of a bakery to buy bread. The two girls' right to life and their right to access safe food were violated. The father of one of the girls who was killed, Usama Abu Laban, described what *happened as follows*: "*She had gone to get bread, and although it was difficult, she had managed to get a piece of bread when she was crushed in the crowd of women. They pulled my daughter out unconscious; she was no longer breathing.*"
In the village of Asira al-Kibliyye, southwest of Nablus, Israeli occupation forces wounded a 15-year-old child with live ammunition and physically assaulted another 16-year-old child, sending him to the hospital. According to the village council, tear gas, sound bombs, and live ammunition were used when stones were thrown at Israeli occupation forces who raided the village. The two injured children were taken to the hospital.

DECEMBER 1

Israel's complete blockade on food, water, and humanitarian aid has led to widespread hunger and starvation in the Gaza Strip. Newborn babies, children with disabilities, and those with chronic illnesses are struggling to survive, at risk of malnutrition and dehydration.

Dr. Husam Abu Safia, Director of Kamal Adwan Hospital, described the gravity of the situation to the Defense for Children International (DCIP) in the following words:

"Every day, between 70 and 100 children suffering from malnutrition are brought to the hospital. Hunger in northern Gaza has become a rapidly spreading bitter reality. Child deaths due to malnutrition are increasing."

Dr. Abu Safia stated that more than 25 children have died of starvation at Kamal Adwan Hospital. He also said that deaths have occurred in shelters and homes, and that many children have been unable to reach hospitals due to the ongoing siege and bombardment by the occupying Israeli forces.



This situation clearly demonstrates the deadly impact of the occupying Israeli forces' policy of collective punishment on children.

The deliberate obstruction of basic food, clean water, and medical aid in Gaza constitutes a serious war crime under international humanitarian law and the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child.

Starvation, when used as a method of warfare or as a deliberate act against a population, is considered a crime against humanity and a war crime under the Geneva Conventions and the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC).

Article 8(2)(b)(xxv) of the ICC Rome Statute — under the heading War Crimes — defines starvation as follows:

"Using starvation as a method of warfare, including deliberately withholding relief supplies provided for in the Geneva Conventions, by depriving civilians of objects indispensable to their survival."

Similarly, **Article 54 of Additional Protocol I to the Geneva Conventions** (Protection of Objects Indispensable for the Survival of the Civilian Population) explicitly stipulates:

"Starving the civilian population is prohibited as a method of warfare. Foodstuffs, agricultural areas, crops, livestock, drinking water sources, irrigation facilities, and similar objects indispensable for the survival of the civilian population may not be targeted with the intent to starve, displace, or attack, destroy, or render unusable the civilian population for any other purpose."

It is observed that these provisions are being blatantly violated in the Gaza Strip. The blockade imposed by the occupying Israeli forces on food, water, and medical aid not only spreads hunger but also leads to the collapse of basic health infrastructure. According to Palestinian health officials, preventable diseases such as chickenpox, scabies, and polio are spreading rapidly in overcrowded refugee camps with poor hygiene conditions. Stagnant sewage and contaminated water sources have become breeding grounds for epidemics, with polio cases detected in Gaza for the first time in 25 years.

Furthermore, it has been reported that diseases such as hepatitis, skin infections, and diarrhea are spreading uncontrollably due to Israel's medical supply embargo.

This situation reveals that the blockade systematically violates not only access to food but also the right to health.

On Saturday, Israeli occupation forces shot three Palestinians, including two children, and physically assaulted another child in the north and northwest of the occupied West Bank, particularly in the governorates of Nablus and Tulkarem. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) stated that a 15-year-old child in the town of Anabta was wounded in the head by shrapnel from live ammunition fired by soldiers. Ambulance crews transferred the wounded child to the Martyr Thabet Thabet Government Hospital in Tulkarem.

That same evening, Israeli occupation soldiers re-entered the town of Anabta, surrounding the area and continuing their violent actions against local civilians. During this time, another child was shot in the head with live ammunition. Medical sources reported that the injured child underwent emergency surgery and that his condition was moderately serious but stable.

Under international law, the use of lethal force is only considered legitimate in situations where there is a direct threat to life, while evidence of systematic violence by Israeli occupation forces against civilians and children continues to mount.

DECEMBER 2

On Monday, the Israeli occupation army continued its bombardment and artillery attacks on various areas of the devastated, besieged, and starving Gaza Strip. In these attacks, dozens of Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many more were injured.

United Nations field teams reached the lifeless body of a child on the Wadi Gaza Bridge on Al-Rashid Street in Gaza after the bombardment. The body was handed over to medical teams working in the area. UN officials reported that civilian casualties continue to rise in the bombed areas and that children are increasingly being targeted.

DECEMBER 3

According to information gathered by the Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), 15-year-old Omar Hossam Yakub Shuweiki was martyred by gunfire on December 3 at around 9:00 p.m. near the Silwan neighborhood in the southeastern part of the Old City of Jerusalem in the occupied West Bank. The incident took

place near Silwan's Jebel al-Mendub area. According to eyewitnesses, an Israeli settler security guard fired three shots at Omar from a distance of approximately 150 meters.

The security guard was reportedly working for a private Israeli security company and was on duty near a Mercedes bus belonging to the settlers. After Omar was shot, Israeli occupation forces cordoned off the area and did not allow anyone to approach the child.

Approximately 30 minutes later, the Israeli occupation ambulance team arrived, wrapped Omar in a medical blanket, and took him to an unknown location. At around 1:00 a.m., it was announced that Omar had been martyred as a result of his gunshot wounds. However, despite hours having passed since the incident, the Israeli occupation authorities did not hand over his body to his family.

DCIP emphasized that the incident violated fundamental provisions of international law regarding the protection of civilians and that the Israeli occupation forces were implementing a policy of impunity against Palestinian children.

While this tragic incident was unfolding, genocidal Israeli forces raided the homes of 17-year-old Omar Raed Hajj Mohammad and 17-year-old Adham Mohammad Zaghir in the village of Al-Mughayyir, northeast of Ramallah, and abducted them as well.

DECEMBER 4

Israeli occupation forces targeted the Al-Mawasi area in the city of Khan Yunis, located in the southern Gaza Strip, despite it being designated as an "evacuation and humanitarian safe zone" for civilians. Thousands of displaced Palestinians in Al-Mawasi were staying in temporary shelters consisting of tents. The Israeli occupation air force carried out two separate airstrikes; as a result of the bombardment, the tent shelters caught fire and a large area was reduced to ashes. According to initial reports, at least 20 Palestinians lost their lives; it was reported that children were among them.

The attack drew widespread condemnation because it directly targeted one of the few areas in the region declared a "humanitarian safe zone" by international organizations. Eyewitnesses reported that after the attack, *"the tents burned down and families were separated."*

The United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) stated that the attack on Al-Mawasi constituted a direct targeting of civilians who should have been protected under international humanitarian law, and that this constituted a clear war crime.

DECEMBER 5

Israeli occupation forces shot and detained a Palestinian child with live ammunition at the entrance to the Al-Jalazoun Refugee Camp, located north of Ramallah in the center of the occupied West Bank, on Thursday evening. According to local media sources, occupation soldiers attacked civilians at the camp entrance and nearby homes with live ammunition and tear gas canisters. These attacks sparked protests among the local population. Witnesses reported that Israeli occupation soldiers shot a 16-year-old Palestinian boy in the leg and then detained him, later handing him over to ambulance crews at a military checkpoint near the city of Al-Bireh.



The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) announced that the 16-year-old boy had been wounded in the leg by live ammunition and had been taken to hospital by medical teams. The boy's condition was described as stable but serious enough to require medical intervention. This incident once again highlighted the continued use of disproportionate force and arbitrary arrests against children in the West Bank.

DECEMBER 6

Israeli occupation forces carried out intensive airstrikes around Kamal Adwan Hospital in the northern Gaza Strip. At least 30 people were killed and approximately 20 were injured as a result of the bombardment of the north and west sides of the hospital, followed by heavy machine gun fire. Immediately after the attack, the hospital was also surrounded and raided on the ground. Four doctors were killed during the raid, and hospital staff and patients experienced great panic. The Israeli occupation forces reported that no warning was given. That same evening, Israeli occupation aircraft launched a missile attack on a house in the Nuseirat Refugee

Camp in central Gaza. Twenty-one Palestinians, including women and children, were killed in the attack, and many more were injured.

DECEMBER 8

As a result of the intense bombardment by Israeli occupation forces targeting Gaza City and the Al-Bureij Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip, at least 25 Palestinians, including children and women, were martyred and dozens were injured. The attacks continued uninterrupted throughout the night. In particular, the home of the Abu Hassanein family, located behind the cemetery in the Al-Bureij camp, was directly targeted. As a result of this attack, 15 more Palestinians, mostly women and children, lost their lives, and many others were seriously injured. Civil defense teams continued to search for the missing in the rubble of destroyed homes in the area.

At dawn on the same day, Israeli warplanes bombed northern areas of Gaza City and the central Gaza Strip town of Deir al-Balah. The attacks killed many Palestinians, including children and women, and wounded many others. Local sources reported that the bombings took place in areas where civilians live, particularly in neighborhoods that had been ordered to evacuate but still housed thousands of displaced people.

Palestinian Health Ministry officials stated that the health system was on the verge of collapse and that it was becoming increasingly difficult to reach the wounded under the rubble. The ongoing bombardments have prevented the entry of humanitarian aid, further deepening the food, water, and medical supplies crisis throughout Gaza.

DECEMBER 9

In the eastern part of Khan Yunis, south of the Gaza Strip, a Palestinian civilian was killed in an attack carried out by an Israeli drone. On the same day, Israeli occupation forces launched an intense aerial bombardment of the Al-Maghazi Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip. According to a



Wafa News Agency correspondent, at least two children were killed and many people were injured in the attack. Medical teams rushed to the area and worked hard to rescue the wounded from under the rubble. Buildings around the camp were severely damaged, and the evacuation of civilians was largely prevented.

Local sources reported that the bombardment directly targeted areas where civilians were sheltering, with children and women suffering heavy losses. This attack once again highlighted the devastating impact of Israel's increasing air operations on civilians in the Gaza Strip.

DECEMBER 10

On Tuesday afternoon, near the As-Sawiya–Al-Lubban Middle School in the south of Nablus, in the northern West Bank, an illegal Israeli settler ran over a Palestinian child with his car. Nablus South Education Director Samer Al-Jamal reported that the incident took place right next to the school and that the attacker fled the scene. Students in the area experienced great panic during the incident.

In addition, the Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) announced that a 34-year-old man was wounded in the leg and a 15-year-old child was wounded in the hand by live ammunition in incidents around Nablus, and that many people suffered respiratory problems due to tear gas.

Local sources reported that the occupying Israeli forces intervened late at the scene and that no action was taken against the settler who carried out the attack.

DECEMBER 11

On the morning of December 11, in the northern Gaza city of Beit Lahiya, a multi-story house belonging to the Abu Tarabish family was targeted in an airstrike carried out by the occupying Israeli army. At least 20 people were killed in the attack. In the afternoon of the same day, a residential building was bombed in the town of Beit Hanoun in northeastern Gaza. Twenty-five Palestinians were killed and many others were injured in this attack.

The Gaza Government Press Office stated that the buildings in question were places where civilians who had been driven from their homes were sheltering, and that most of those killed were women and children. It was reported that there may still be missing persons in the rubble of the destroyed buildings and that rescue efforts are ongoing.

DECEMBER 12



A Wafa news correspondent reported that Israeli occupation aircraft carried out a series of airstrikes on a building and homes in the Nuseirat camp, killing 33 citizens, most of them children and women, and injuring dozens more.

DECEMBER 13

On Thursday, Israeli occupation forces shot and killed two Palestinians, one of them a child, in the town of Beit Furik, southeast of Nablus, in the northern occupied West Bank; dozens were also injured.

Media sources reported that a large military unit raided various neighborhoods of the town in the afternoon, triggering widespread protests. It was reported that soldiers used live ammunition and tear gas canisters against protesters, and that a young man and a child were killed by live ammunition in the ensuing clashes.

Furthermore, it was reported that Israeli agents in civilian clothing secretly abducted a Palestinian youth in the Askar Refugee Camp, east of Nablus. Local sources stated that such covert operations deepen the atmosphere of fear and insecurity in the region.

DECEMBER 14

The Palestinian Civil Defense Organization (PCD) reported that two schools used as shelters in Gaza City were hit, killing seven Palestinians, including three children, and injuring dozens.

At around 1:45 p.m. on the same day, at least 12 Palestinians, including at least two girls, a woman, and the mayor, were killed and many others were injured when the Deir al-Balah Municipality was targeted.

In the West Bank, Israeli occupation forces raided the town of Beit Furik, southeast of Nablus, killing two Palestinians, including a child, and injuring dozens. In the Askar Refugee Camp in the east of the city, secret agents abducted a young man. On the same day, in the village of Al-Jalamah, north of Jenin, a 12-year-old child was shot in the leg by Israeli occupation soldiers. The Palestinian Red Crescent Society (PRCS) announced that the child had been taken to hospital.

DECEMBER 15

On the morning of December 15, Israeli occupation soldiers surrounded and raided the Khalil Owaidah School in Izbat Beit Hanun, northern Gaza, where displaced persons had taken refuge. Men were detained, while women and children were forced to flee south. Eyewitnesses reported that dozens of people were killed, some victims burned to death, and the school was completely destroyed.

On the same day, the third floor of an UNRWA school housing displaced civilians in the Al-Mawasi area of Khan Younis was targeted. Within minutes, numerous wounded, mostly women and children, were brought to the nearby Nasser Medical Complex.

Doctors working with the International Rescue Committee (IRC) and Medical Aid for Palestinians (MAP) stated that at least 18 people were killed, 12 of whom were children under the age of 12. The first victim brought to the facility was a three-year-old girl whose left forehead had been shattered by shrapnel.

Later that same day, six Palestinians, including children, were killed in an attack on the Al-Qarm family home in the Al-Shuja'iyya neighborhood in eastern Gaza City. In another bombing on a house near the Qassam Cemetery in the Nuseirat Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip, five Palestinians, including a child, were killed and 13 were wounded.



DECEMBER 16



On Monday, Israeli occupation forces entered the Askar Refugee Camp east of Nablus and shot and killed a Palestinian youth with live ammunition. A day earlier, during raids in the Balata Refugee Camp, also east of Nablus, three Palestinians, including a child, were shot. These incidents once again revealed the systematic use of disproportionate force against civilian areas and lethal violence against children in the West Bank.

Among the children rescued from the destroyed municipal building following the attacks in Deir al-Balah was a 12-year-old Palestinian boy named Firas. Firas saved a child who had been thrown from his mother's arms and trapped under the rubble when Israeli occupation forces targeted the building with missiles. The little hero carried the bloodied child in his arms to Al-Aqsa Hospital and ensured he was admitted to intensive care. *"Thank God, he's doing well,"* said Firas, explaining that he brought him fruit juice the next day but that the child still couldn't sleep due to trauma.

This testimony shows that children in Gaza are not only victims of war, but have also become little rescuers trying to save lives from under the rubble.

DECEMBER 17

In the Al-Mawasi area west of Khan Yunis in the southern Gaza Strip, an Israeli airstrike on tents housing displaced persons killed one woman and wounded five others, including children. Local sources reported that the attack was carried out by an unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV).

On the same day, the Khalifa bin Zayed School in northern Gaza was also targeted. One civilian was killed and three people, including two children, were injured as a result of the bombing of the school. This attack once again highlighted the systematic targeting of educational institutions and areas used as shelters.

DECEMBER 18

On Wednesday evening, at least 16 Palestinians, including women and children, were killed when Israeli occupation forces bombed two separate homes in the town of Jabalia and Gaza City.

The attacks targeted residential areas where civilians were sheltering; many people remained trapped under the rubble during rescue operations.

DECEMBER 20

According to a Wafa news agency reporter, Israeli warplanes bombed the home of the Khala family in Jabalia al-Nazla. Ten Palestinians, including seven children, were killed in the attack, and many others were injured.

In the afternoon of the same day, the occupying forces raided the town of Beit Furik, near the West Bank city of Nablus. During protests that erupted during the raid, soldiers reportedly fired live ammunition, hitting a 15-year-old child in the knee. The child was taken to hospital.

DECEMBER 21

According to a report published by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), 6-year-old Muhammad Yaser Ali Al-Rashide was killed by unexploded ordnance (UXO) left behind by Israeli occupation forces in the Arab Al-Rashide area, southeast of Bethlehem.

Muhammad, who was grazing sheep with his father, was 200 meters away when a large explosion occurred; when his father rushed to the scene, he found the child seriously injured. Muhammad died at the scene at such a young age.

DCIP reported that this incident once again highlights the prevalence of UXO threatening children's lives in the region and the inadequacy of protection for civilians.

DECEMBER 22

In the morning, Israeli occupation warplanes targeted the Musa bin Nusair School in the center of Gaza City, a building used as a shelter. Nine Palestinians, including three children and two women, were martyred, and many others were injured.

At 09:52 on the same day, five people, including four children, were martyred in a tank attack on a house in Jabalia al-Balad. The Palestinian Ministry of Health also confirmed that 7-year-old Muhammad Yaser Ali Rashaida was martyred in the village of Al-Rashaida, south of Bethlehem, when an unexploded Israeli occupation mine detonated.

DECEMBER 25

According to information documented by Defense for Children International-Palestine (DCIP), on December 25, 2024, Israeli forces killed two more Palestinian children in the occupied West Bank.

Early in the morning, Israeli military forces entered the town of Tammun and surrounded the area. During the ensuing clashes, an Israeli drone targeted Rayan and his friend, 16-year-old Omar Al-Sughayri, near the Khalid bin Walid Mosque in the town center. Rayan was seriously injured in the missile attack and was taken by Palestinian medical teams to Tubas Turkish Government Hospital, but it was announced that he had been martyred despite all efforts to save him ( ). Omar Al-Sughayri was seriously injured by shrapnel fragments that hit the lower part of his body and was transferred to Al-Arabi Specialist Hospital in Nablus in critical condition.

Later that afternoon, another drone strike was carried out in the Tulkarem refugee camp in the north. In this attack, 16-year-old Muhaimen Ayman Majed Akhras was killed, and many Palestinians were injured. The wounded were transferred to Thabet Thabet Government Hospital; upon arrival at the hospital, it was confirmed that Muhaimen had died.

These two incidents demonstrate that the direct and lethal use of force against children in the West Bank has become systematic. DCIP emphasized that the occupying forces carried out lethal drone attacks against children in violation of international law and that these attacks took place in civilian residential areas.

DECEMBER 26

On the morning of December 26, Israeli warplanes targeted a residential building in the Sabra neighborhood in northern Gaza City. As a result of the intense bombardment, eight Palestinians, including children, lost their lives and many more were injured.

Eyewitnesses reported that the attack took place in the early hours of the morning and that the building was completely destroyed, with rescue teams working for hours to pull civilians from the rubble.



A local correspondent for the WAFA news agency reported that the Al-Safir Tower, located near the Kamal Adwan Hospital in Beit Lahia, was also targeted on the same day.

In this attack, many Palestinians, including women and children, lost their lives, while dozens were injured. The damage caused around the hospital made it difficult for medical teams to reach the wounded and disrupted medical services in the area.

These attacks once again exposed the Israeli occupation army's continued attacks on densely populated civilian areas and the vicinity of health facilities, in violation of international humanitarian law.

DECEMBER 27

On December 27, 2024, following 12 weeks of intense attacks, the occupying Israeli army carried out a large-scale raid on Kamal Adwan Hospital in northern Gaza. During the attack, many parts of the hospital were severely damaged; some sections were burned and rendered completely unusable. Prior to the raid, some patients and health workers at the hospital were forcibly transferred to the Indonesian Hospital, which had been evacuated three days earlier. During the raid, numerous civilians, health personnel, and patients, including hospital director Dr. Hüsam Abu Safiye, were detained.

The World Health Organization (WHO) announced that following this raid, Kamal Adwan Hospital was the last major health facility remaining in northern Gaza, but that it had been completely shut down after the operation. This situation completely eliminated access to basic health services for hundreds of thousands of Palestinians living in the area, especially children.

Maha Mesud, a relative of an evacuated patient, described what happened: "*Soldiers raided the hospital at night. They forced us all out at gunpoint. Destruction and chaos reigned in the streets. Children were crying; the disabled, the wounded, and the sick were writhing in pain and cold. The soldiers did not help; they showed no mercy to anyone.*"

Mervan al-Hams, Director of Field Hospitals in the Gaza Strip, told Al Jazeera that Israeli occupation forces continue to systematically target health facilities in northern Gaza*: "Kamal Adwan Hospital was bombed, generators were burned. On*

Wednesday, a small child died from exposure to the cold. The shortage of medicine, medical supplies, and health personnel has reached unbearable levels."

This incident highlights that the healthcare system in the Gaza Strip has reached a point of complete collapse, with civilians, especially children, losing their lives due to cold, hunger, and medical inadequacies.

The heavy rains and freezing temperatures that have affected the Gaza Strip in recent days have made survival even more difficult for tens of thousands of displaced Palestinians living in tent cities. Cases of hypothermia have rapidly increased due to inadequate shelter conditions and a lack of fuel and blankets; babies, the elderly, and the sick have been the groups most affected by this situation.

Three Palestinian babies died from the cold in the El-Mawasi refugee camp in southern Gaza. Dr. Ahmed el-Farra, director of the children's ward at Nasser Hospital in Khan Yunis, confirmed the death of a three-week-old baby named Sila Mahmud el-Fasih on Wednesday. Dr. el-Farra also reported that two more one-month-old babies were brought to the hospital after losing their lives to hypothermia in the last 48 hours.

According to the official Palestinian news agency WAFA, four newborns aged between 4 and 21 days died a few days ago due to low temperatures and severe cold. Including the three-week-old Sila baby, at least seven newborns have lost their lives due to cold weather conditions and the lack of basic heating facilities.

It is reported that temperatures close to freezing continue in many areas of Gaza, and more lives could be lost due to a lack of fuel, blankets, and adequate shelter in tent camps. International organizations are concerned that deaths from hypothermia will increase if emergency humanitarian aid is not delivered.

Philippe Lazzarini, Commissioner-General of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA), stated that children in the Gaza Strip have frozen to death due to cold weather and lack of adequate shelter.

Lazzarini said, "*Blankets, mattresses, and other essential winter aid supplies have been held up at border crossings for months; they are still not being allowed into the Gaza Strip*."

UNRWA officials warned that if the international community does not take immediate action, child deaths in Gaza will increase not only due to hunger and bombardment, but also due to cold and deprivation.

According to a report by Yeni Şafak newspaper, 1,091 babies have been killed as a result of the attacks carried out by the occupying Israeli forces since October 7, 2023. Ismail es-Sevabite, Director of the Media Office of the government in Gaza, told Anadolu Agency, "*The Israeli occupation army martyred 238 babies born during its genocidal attacks in Gaza. In addition, 853 babies born before the war and not yet one year old lost their lives.*"

These figures show that the right to life of babies in the Gaza Strip is being systematically violated and that the obstruction of basic humanitarian aid has deadly consequences for newborns, the most vulnerable population group.

Shereen Abu Nida, 40, said she struggles to cope with the horrific living conditions brought about by the war, along with her four children. To make matters worse, her husband was abducted by Israeli occupation forces about a year ago, leaving her to care for her children alone.

Musa Ali Muhammed el-Mağribi, 52, added that his family has little hope for the future. He said that nine of his children are sick, he cannot find medicine, he cannot find enough food and clean water for his family, and that this is a plight faced by most of Gaza's 2.3 million population.





According to UNICEF data, if the evacuation process continues at its current pace, it could take seven years to rescue all 2,500 children in need of medical intervention. Some of these children are dying while waiting for approval. One such heartbreaking loss was an 11-year-old child with leukemia who died

despite six applications for evacuation from Gaza. Unfortunately, he lost his battle for life in the shadow of bureaucratic obstacles.

According to documents compiled by Defense for Children International Palestine (DCIP), a total of 93 Palestinian children were killed by Israeli occupation forces and settlers in the occupied West Bank throughout 2024.

As of December 2024, it was announced that the number of children detained in the occupied territories had reached at least 700, and 1,055 since October 7. It was reported that the total number of detainees in Israeli occupation prisons exceeded 10,300, of whom 3,428 were administrative detainees, including at least 100 children and 22 women. According to a Wafa news agency correspondent, Israeli occupation forces carried out an airstrike on a house on Al-Nafaq Street in the northwest of Gaza City. Three civilians were killed in the attack, and many people, including women and children, were injured. The dead and wounded were transferred to the Arab Baptist Hospital following the bombardment that lasted throughout Saturday night.

DECEMBER 28

According to a WAFA correspondent, the Israeli occupation army bombed the home of the Al-Naami family in the Al-Maghazi refugee camp, located in the center of the Gaza Strip. As a result of the attack, nine Palestinians, including three children, were killed and many others were injured. Palestinian Civil Defense teams worked intensively to rescue civilians trapped under the rubble.

On the same day, three Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many others were injured when the Israeli air force targeted the home of the Khadir family on Al-Nafaq Street in Gaza City. In addition, four Palestinians, including a child, were killed and many others were injured in another air strike on the Beit Lahia area in northern Gaza.

DECEMBER 29

In a new attack carried out by the occupying forces on Sunday evening in the Beit Hanoun area in the northern Gaza Strip, seven Palestinians, including women and children, were killed and many others were injured.

At around 5:57 p.m. that same evening, nine Palestinians were killed and at least 15 others, including women and children, were injured when the Israeli air force

bombed the New Camp area northwest of the Al-Nuseirat Refugee Camp in the center of the Gaza Strip.

Palestinian Civil Defense teams carried out search and rescue operations for a long time to rescue civilians trapped under the rubble. Hospitals in the area had great difficulty accepting the wounded due to heavy bombardment and fuel shortages.

ASSESSMENT AND CONCLUSION

The year 2024 has been marked as a dark stain in human history due to the systematic destruction policy carried out by the occupying and genocidal Israel against Palestinian children in the Gaza Strip and other occupied territories. Children have been targeted in bombings, deprived of their rights to health and education, and forced to struggle for survival under conditions of hunger, thirst, lack of shelter, and psychological trauma. This situation constitutes a complete violation of the fundamental principles of international humanitarian law and human rights law.

This report is based on data from **Anadolu Agency, UNICEF, HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL, OHCHR, NRC, SAVE THE CHILDREN, MSF**, and other independent human rights organizations and news agencies.

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) reported that **more than 14,000 children had lost their lives by the end of 2024**. This number represents the highest rate of child deaths in a single year in the history of the war.

The report examines child deaths in Gaza from **the perspective of international law, humanitarian values, and the justice system.** It highlights the inadequacy of the current UN system and the slowness of international courts and the delay of justice, **emphasizing the need for a new global justice system.**

ASSESSMENT OF REPORTS BY INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND ORGANIZATIONS

A- UNICEF REPORT: "A YEAR OF TEARS – 12 MONTHS OF WAR ON CHILDREN" (2024)[1]

1. Overview

In this report, UNICEF comprehensively documents the **systematic destruction of children** during the conflicts in the Gaza Strip between October 7, 2023, and October 7, 2024. The language of the report is summarized by the phrase "the physical, psychological, and emotional annihilation of a generation." This report documents

1 Source: United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF)
Publication Date: October 7, 2024
Original Title: A Year of Tears: 12 Months of War on Children

the **physical, emotional, and social devastation experienced by children** over a year of ongoing war in the Gaza Strip. According to UNICEF, this period has been the **deadliest year for children in modern history**.

In the Summary Section of the Report:

The report states: “A year of war filled with killing, injury, abduction, displacement, disease, malnutrition, thirst, constant fear, and deep trauma has brutally disrupted children's lives.”

According to the report's data:

- **Thousands of children** are separated from their families or left unprotected.
- As of September 9 and since October 2023, more than 55 evacuation orders covering 86 percent of Gaza are in effect.
- More than 658,760 school-age children in Gaza do not have access to regular and full-time education.
- **Education and health infrastructure** in Gaza **has been severely damaged**, and children's access to education, health, and other services has been largely blocked.
- Attacks on health facilities and the collapse of infrastructure have created a serious public health disaster.
- The collapse of the electricity and water supply infrastructure has created a serious public health disaster.

UNICEF states that these figures reflect not only "direct attacks, but also the blockade, obstruction of humanitarian aid, and destruction of infrastructure."

It is stated that at least 25% of children who have been injured may experience long-term disability because they cannot access rehabilitation services.

2. Key Findings

a- Violation of the Right to Health

Attacks on health facilities, the displacement of almost the entire population multiple times, overcrowding, and the cutting off of electricity and water supplies have led to a public health disaster. Thousands of seriously injured children **have lost their lives without receiving treatment because medical evacuations were not permitted**.

b- Elimination of the Right to Education

Regular attacks on schools serving as shelters for displaced civilians and **ongoing displacement orders have been found to make it impossible** f**or more than 658,760 schoolchildren in Gaza to access regular, full-time education**. Ninety percent of schools operated by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) have been rendered unusable.

c- Psychological Trauma and Loss of Identity

It has been noted that children have experienced extreme trauma due to violence, displacement, and the loss of family members, and that this situation has had long-term consequences on their mental health and well-being.

d- Blocking of Humanitarian Aid

It has been reported that in the first year of the war, children's most basic needs were not met, and access to food, water, and medical supplies was severely restricted.

Field / Title	Report Statement (English)	Note
Displacement Orders	“More than 55 displacement orders have been issued, covering up to 86 per cent of the Gaza Strip.”	The majority of children and civilians have been affected by these orders.
Impact on Education	“Regular attacks on schools, which have been serving as shelters for displaced civilians, and continued displacement orders have rendered access to regular, full-time education impossible for over 658,760 school children in Gaza.”	This demonstrates a serious violation of the right to education.
Security and Psychological Impacts	"Displacement has placed children at heightened risk of injury, psychological trauma, and separation from family members."	The exact number is not specified; qualitative impacts are emphasized.
Impact on Shelter and Health	"Displaced children face overcrowded shelters and limited access to health and basic services."	The direct impact of infrastructure and humanitarian aid deficiencies.

3. UNICEF's Assessment and Appeal

The UNICEF report states that serious violations against children continue in Gaza; ongoing conflicts and restrictions on humanitarian aid are seriously affecting their survival and well-being, and calls for a ceasefire.

4. Our Platform's Legal Assessment of the UNICEF 2024 Report

The report documents serious violations in the context of children's rights, international humanitarian law, and war crimes/crimes against humanity. It also contains **a call for moral responsibility**. The international community's passivity paves the way for these crimes to continue. In this context, the UNICEF report **serves as both legal evidence and a moral warning.**

Although the report documents systematic violations against children in Gaza, UNICEF **does not officially use the term "genocide."** This limits the report's binding force under international law; a direct allegation of genocide could be used as evidence in the ICC or national courts, but since UNICEF does not explicitly state this, its use in legal proceedings is limited. Although the language of the report implies serious crimes against humanity, it does not directly make the strong moral appeal of "genocide," which will create less pressure on public opinion and decision-makers.

Although the report points to Israel in general terms as the perpetrator of the violations, it is not explicitly named. The lack of a clear identification of the perpetrator diminishes the report's evidentiary value for international criminal courts or national judicial bodies. A clear identification of the perpetrator is necessary for targeting political pressure and sanctions; in this sense, the report is lacking.

B- AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL REPORT: "ISRAEL'S GENOCIDE AGAINST PALESTINIANS IN GAZA" (2024)[2]

1-Overview

In this report, published at the end of 2024, Amnesty International stated that Isra-

2 Source: Amnesty International
Publication Date: December 12, 2024
Original Title: Amnesty International Concludes Israel is Committing Genocide Against Palestinians in Gaza
Source Link: amnesty.org – 2024 Gaza Genocide Report

el's attacks in Gaza since October 7, 2023, **clearly meet the definition of genocide under international law**.

The report was prepared based on field testimonies, satellite imagery, video analysis, and health records; it documented that the bombings carried out in northern Gaza and the Rafah region **deliberately targeted civilian areas**.

2- Key Findings

Deliberate targeting of civilians: In 334 verified cases, it was determined that 68% of those killed were women and children.

Obstruction of humanitarian aid: The systematic obstruction of water, food, and fuel supplies condemned civilians to starvation.

Destruction of medical infrastructure: Attacks on hospitals have eliminated the chance of treatment for wounded children.

Psychological warfare: Power cuts and the shutdown of communication lines have resulted in civilians being bombed while "blinded."

Mass grave findings: The report documented at least 8 mass grave sites in schoolyards and around hospitals in northern Gaza.

3- Amnesty International's Assessment

The report clearly states that Israel's policy in Gaza is **"a state policy aimed at eliminating the physical presence and identity of the Palestinian people."** Amnesty has categorized Israel's actions under the following three categories:

1- Genocide

- The killing of the civilian population, including Palestinian children and women,
- Making living conditions unsustainable,
- Blocking medical and humanitarian aid,
- Systematic destruction of cultural and educational infrastructure.

2-War Crimes

- Disproportionate attacks on civilian targets,
- Failure to distinguish between combatants and non-combatants in warfare,
- Attacks on aid workers.

3-Crimes Against Humanity

A widespread and systematic chain of attacks against civilians,

Hate speech based on race and ethnicity.

4- Key Statistical Data Highlighted in the Report

Category	**Number / Status (as of the end of 2024)**
Number of children killed	14,500+
Number of children injured	11,000+
Number of orphaned children	17,000+
Destroyed schools/hospitals	1,450+
Aid convoy blocked	430+
Percentage of children unable to receive psychological support	%90

5-Concluding Statement of the Report

"The children of a people in Gaza are dying from starvation, bombardment, and silence, right before our eyes. This is the most documented genocide of our time."

6- Our Platform's Legal Assessment of the International Amnesty Organization's 2024 Report

a- Elements of the Crime of Genocide (Genocide Convention, Article 2)

The report directly links Israel's attacks in Gaza to the elements listed in Article 2 of the Genocide Convention. **Killing:** More than 14,500 children have been killed; 68% of civilians are women and children. This corresponds to the element of physical destruction of the group. **Intentional alteration of living conditions:** Blockade of water, food, and fuel; destruction of medical services. **Prevention of births:** Targeting of pregnant women and maternity services. These findings **support the existence of the crime of genocide as defined in international law.**

b- Rome Statute (Articles 6, 7, and 8)

Amnesty asserts that Israel's genocidal actions, as defined by the Rome Statute,
Article 6 (a–c) constitutes *genocide*,
Article 7 (1) (a, b, h, k) constitute *crimes against humanity,*
Article 8 (2) (b) (i–ix) constitute *war crimes*.

c- The Responsibility of the International Community

Amnesty reminds all states of their "obligation to prevent and punish genocide" under **Article I of the Genocide Convention**;

- Calling for a halt to arms sales,
- Calling for the initiation of an urgent investigation by the International Criminal Court (ICC),
- Calling for the implementation of economic and diplomatic sanctions against Israel.

This report **explicitly characterizes the events as genocide**, therefore providing a strong legal basis before the UN, the International Criminal Court, and states. It emphasizes the responsibilities of states, noting their obligations to prevent and punish such acts. The call to halt arms sales and impose sanctions demonstrates that there is both a legal and ethical responsibility.

C- HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH REPORT: "THEY DESTROYED WHAT WAS INSIDE US – DISABLED CHILDREN AND ISRAELI ATTACKS IN GAZA" (2024)[3]

1-Overview

This special 2024 report by HRW documents the disproportionate impact of Israeli attacks on **children with disabilities** living in Gaza. The report emphasizes that children with both physical and mental disabilities are at a much higher risk of

3 Source: Human Rights Watch (HRW)
Publication Date: September 30, 2024
Original Title: They Destroyed What Was Inside Us: Children with Disabilities Amid Israel's Attacks on Gaza
Source Link: hrw.org – Gaza: Israeli Attacks Devastate Lives of Children with Disabilities

death, injury, and neglect compared to other civilians.

The report is based on 42 case studies, 110 witness statements, 6 hospital reports, and field records from international aid organizations.

2-Key Findings

a- Children with Disabilities as Targets

- Throughout 2024, **the death rate among children with disabilities** in Gaza **increased by 72%.**
- **Most** children who were unable to leave their homes and used wheelchairs or ventilators **died in the bombardments.**
- HRW describes this situation as "double vulnerability": their chances of survival were eliminated because they were both children and disabled.

b- Lack of Access to Medical Services

- 85% of medical rehabilitation centers in Gaza have been completely destroyed.
- More than 3,000 children with disabilities have been deprived of prosthetics, medication, physical therapy, or special care services.
- Most children using respirators have lost their lives due to power outages.

c- Psychological Trauma

- HRW has observed "repetitive trauma syndrome" and "permanent fear reflex" in most children.
- All schools designed for children with disabilities have been destroyed; children have been completely cut off from education.

d- The Situation of Families

- Most families with disabled children were forced to leave them behind because they could not carry them during the bombardment.
- HRW has characterized these cases as "forced abandonment under inhumane conditions."

3. HRW's Assessment

HRW has defined Israel's practices as **"systematic discrimination and collective punishment."** The report emphasizes that the protection of disabled children has a special status under international law:

Geneva Conventions Additional Protocol I (Articles 70 and 71) – protection of civilians in need of medical assistance,

UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006, Articles 10, 11, and 25) – the right to life and protection in emergencies,

Convention on the Rights of the Child (Article 23) – obligation to provide special protection to children with disabilities.

It is stated that all of these articles have been violated.

4- HRW Recommendations

- Opening a humanitarian corridor to **allow** for **the evacuation of children with disabilities**,
- **The UN Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities** should send an urgent monitoring mission,
- Opening **a special investigation at the ICC**,
- **Expanding the international arms embargo** against Israel,
- **Establishment of permanent rehabilitation centers** for children with disabilities in Gaza.

5- Final Sentence of the Report

"Children with disabilities in Gaza were not only targeted; every system that could have kept them alive was deliberately destroyed."

6- Our Platform's Legal Assessment of the Human Rights Watch 2024 Report

Geneva Conventions Additional Protocol I (Articles 70 and 71)

Provides for the protection of civilians in need of medical assistance. The report documents that 85% of rehabilitation centers in Gaza were destroyed, and children

were unable to access medical devices and medicines. This constitutes a **violation** of **the obligation to protect civilians**.

UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006, Articles 10, 11, and 25)

Regulates the rights of children with disabilities to life, emergency assistance, and protection from discrimination. Evacuation barriers and restrictions on access to health services are considered **discrimination and a violation** of **the right to life**.

Convention on the Rights of the Child (Articles 23 and 6)

Special protection is provided for children with disabilities, and every child's right to life is guaranteed. The HRW report states that targeting children with disabilities due to their "double vulnerability" is contrary to these articles.

Rome Statute Article 7(1)(k)

Intentional neglect leading to the death of children with disabilities is stated to constitute a **crime against humanity**.

This Report **Legally:** The HRW report documents Israel's practices against children with disabilities in the context of **violations of the right to life, prohibition of discrimination, and crimes against humanity under international law**. **Morally/ethically: It finds that** the neglect and destruction suffered by children with disabilities and their families **constitute a grave violation of humanity and fundamental ethical norms.**

D- UNITED NATIONS HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS (OHCHR) REPORT: "THE HORROR IN GAZA - 2024"[4]

4 Source: Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)
Publication Date: 2024 (report includes field investigations and interim reports)
Original Title: Report on violations of international human rights and humanitarian law in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and Israel
Source Link: https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/documents/countries/opt/20241106

1-Overview

The OHCHR report was prepared through cross-verification of field observations, medical records, satellite imagery, witness statements, and other independent reports. The report assesses violations of children's rights and systematic attacks on the civilian population in general during the conflict in the Gaza Strip since October 7, 2023.

2- Key Findings

High rates of civilian casualties and child deaths: OHCHR noted that thousands of civilians lost their lives in the clashes and that the proportion of children among the dead was very high.

Targeting of medical and educational infrastructure: Hospitals, medical centers, ambulances, and schools were found to have been directly attacked or rendered inoperable due to the obstruction of logistical capabilities.

Restriction of humanitarian aid: The closure of border crossings has severely disrupted the flow of humanitarian aid, affecting children's access to nutrition, clean water, medicine, and emergency care.

Forced displacement and mass evictions: Large-scale displacement and mass evictions have been documented.

Intent: The **OHCHR** report emphasized that the actions were systematic and repetitive in some areas, thus seriously violating the principles of non-discrimination and proportionality.

Importance of evidence collection, witness protection, and justice processes: The report notes that preserving evidence has become more difficult and that evidence must be secured for convictions and justice processes.

3- OHCHR's Legal Findings on Violations of International Law

The findings made by OHCHR conflict with the following fundamental rules of international law:

Violation of the principles of distinction and proportionality: There are strong indications that the obligation to distinguish civilian targets has been violated and

that attacks have been disproportionate (international humanitarian law).

Starvation of civilians and obstruction of relief: The systematic obstruction of humanitarian aid violates the principles of impartial humanitarian assistance and the Geneva Conventions; some actions may constitute war crimes.

Forced displacement and collective punishment: Prohibitions on collective or forced transfers, deportations, and collective punishment have been violated.

Violation of obligations specific to children: It has been determined that obligations under treaties related to the protection of children have been seriously violated.

Lack of investigation and accountability: OHCHR emphasizes the need to activate international investigation mechanisms to investigate serious violations and punish perpetrators.

4- Recommendations of OHCHR

- In its report, OHCHR recommends the following immediate and medium-term measures:
- **Immediate Ceasefire and Protection of Children:** The parties must immediately agree to a ceasefire; child-specific protection zones and humanitarian corridors must be opened under UN supervision.
- **Independent Investigation Mechanism:** An independent, international commission of inquiry should be established with the approval of OHCHR or the UN General Assembly; systematic violations should be documented and perpetrators identified.
- **Referral to the ICC and International Courts:** Findings should be shared; allegations should be referred to the ICC and international criminal prosecution should be supported.
- **Guarantee of Humanitarian Aid Flow:** The international community should ensure that border crossings are opened, humanitarian corridors are continuously protected, and aid organizations have safe access.
- **Protective Measures and Evacuation Arrangements:** Priority evacuation and safe placement of persons with disabilities, the sick, and children must be ensured.
- **Evidence Protection and Reporting:** Secure channels meeting international standards must be established for evidence collection, witness protection, and data storage.

- **Long-Term Recovery and Reconstruction:** International funding commitments must be secured for education, health, and psychosocial support programs; plans must be made for the rehabilitation and social reintegration of children.
- **Sanctions and Political Pressure:** OHCHR recommends that the international community use targeted sanctions and diplomatic pressure if violations continue.

D-Our Platform's Legal Assessment of the 2024 Report of the United Nations Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR)

The OHCHR report states that violations against children in Gaza are not merely individual or isolated incidents; they involve persistent practices that disregard protection obligations. The report warns that if the international community fails to act, the damage caused by impunity for these violations will be irreversible. This report **generally uses cautious language** and does not directly include statements such as "genocide" or "Israel's systematic policy of genocide." It states that there are **strong indications that** some actions **may constitute war crimes or crimes against humanity** under international humanitarian law or the Rome Statute**,** but **the OHCHR report does not include** statements that the actions of genocidal Israel constitute the crime of "genocide**."**

Violation of the right to life: Tens of thousands of children have lost their lives directly in bombings or due to starvation and thirst. - Violation of *Article 6* of *the Convention on the Rights of the Child* and *Articles 24 and 147 of the Geneva Conventions*.

Denial of the right to health and nutrition: The obstruction of humanitarian aid, the bombing of hospitals, and restrictions on the entry of medicines have made children's living conditions unsustainable. - Violation of *Geneva Additional Protocol I Article 54*, *Additional Protocol II Article 14*.

Elimination of the right to education: Targeting schools and rendering them unusable as shelters has eliminated children's right to education. - Violation of *Article 28 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child*.

Psychological trauma and loss of identity: Children are experiencing severe psychological trauma due to constant bombardment, loss of family, and displacement.

- Violation of *Article 39* (right to rehabilitation) *of the Convention on the Rights of the Child*.

Forced displacement and separation from family: The rapidly increasing number of children separated from their families has led to a rise in the number of individuals with "unaccompanied child" status. - Violation of *Article 49 of the Geneva Convention, Articles 9 and 10 of the CRC*.

The data in the OHCHR report shows that the actions of genocidal Israel **have gone beyond being a "side effect" of the war and** have turned into **a systematic policy of destruction targeting children**.

This situation indicates that the following types of crimes have been committed:

War crime: Intentional attacks on civilians, hospitals, and schools (*Rome Statute Article 8*),

Crimes against humanity: Targeting the social existence of children through widespread and systematic attacks (*Rome Statute Article 7*),

Genocide: Killing children, making their living conditions unsustainable, and destroying their social existence (*Genocide Convention Article 2 a–c*).

The most critical finding of the OHCHR report for children is the fact that **"the chances of survival for a child in Gaza are rapidly disappearing."** According to international law, this situation is not only a humanitarian crisis but also constitutes **a collective crime against children**.

E-NORWEGIAN REFUGEE COUNCIL (NRC) AND OTHER INDEPENDENT FIELD REPORTS: "HUMANITARIAN COLLAPSE AND CHILDREN'S RIGHT TO LIFE IN GAZA – 2024"[5]

5 Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Field Reports on Gaza, 2024
Save the Children, UNICEF Situation Updates, 2024
Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) Field Briefings, 2024
Publication Date: January–September 2024 (combined field reports and thematic updates)
Original Title: Field Evidence on Humanitarian Collapse and Child Rights Violations in Gaza Strip, 2024

1-Overview

International humanitarian aid organizations such as NRC, Save the Children, and MSF have prepared reports based on the direct observations of their teams working in the field during the war in Gaza, medical records, data from child protection centers, and ethnographic observations in civilian residential areas.

These reports document, in particular, children's living conditions, displacement, health and psychological status, and the denial of their access to basic rights.

2- Key Findings

Acute Trauma and Psychological Breakdown in Children: NRC reported that over 90% of children in the field showed signs of "post-traumatic stress disorder" (PTSD), with night terrors, loss of speech, and panic attacks becoming widespread.

Severe Malnutrition and Water Crisis: According to MSF data, approximately one-third of children are struggling with health problems caused by malnutrition and infection. Access to clean water has fallen below 10%.

Complete Suspension of the Right to Education: According to NRC data from June 2024, 80% of schools in Gaza have been destroyed, and the remaining ones have been converted into temporary shelters.

Displacement and Family Separation: The NRC states that approximately 1.7 million people have been forcibly displaced, with thousands of children separated from their parents and struggling to survive with relatives or foreign families.

Discriminatory Access Barriers Targeting Women and Children: It has been reported that women and children are denied priority access during aid distribution; in some areas, military checkpoints impose "permission" or "redirection to specific areas" as a condition for accessing humanitarian aid.

3- Legal Findings

Violation of the Right to Life and Human Dignity: Denying children access to basic living conditions is incompatible with the principles of the right to life and human dignity.

Violation of the Convention on the Rights of the Child: Systematic violation of the rights to education, health, shelter, and protection.

Collective Punishment and Discriminatory Policy: Punitive practices targeting the entire civilian population have been assessed as falling under "collective punishment," which is prohibited under international humanitarian law.

Obstruction of Humanitarian Aid: MSF and NRC have documented that aid convoys to Gaza have been deliberately delayed and that medical evacuation permits have been arbitrarily denied.

4- Our Platform's Legal Assessment of the 2024 Reports of the Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) and Other Independent Institutions

The NRC report emphasizes that what is happening in Gaza is not just a humanitarian crisis, but **a "period of collapse in which childhood is systematically targeted**." These reports conclude with a warning that if the international community fails to intervene, the danger of a "**lost** generation" in Gaza will become irreversible.

The 2024 field reports by NRC, Save the Children, and MSF document the situation faced by children in Gaza as **a systematic violation of the most fundamental principles of human rights law**. Beyond the direct killing of children, the reports show the destruction of their physical and mental well-being through **starvation, thirst, deprivation of education, and psychological collapse**. This situation constitutes "**grave** breaches **giving** rise to **state responsibility**" under **international humanitarian law (IHL)** and **international human rights law (IHRL)**.

a- Violation of the Right to Life (Non-Derogable Right)

- Depriving children of water, food, medicine, and shelter is a direct violation of the right to life under *Article 3 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights* and *Article 6 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR)*.
- These violations are of a nature that "cannot be suspended even in conditions of conflict"; therefore, there is a violation of obligations at the level of **ius cogens** (peremptory norms).

b- Systematic Violation of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (CRC)

Article 6*:* Right to life and development

Article 19: The right to protection from all forms of violence
Article 24: The right to health and an adequate standard of living

According to these three fundamental articles, the deliberate destruction of children's living conditions in Gaza constitutes **a serious breach of the obligations arising from the convention**.

c- Prohibition of Collective Punishment and Discrimination

- Article 33 of the Fourth Geneva Convention absolutely prohibits the collective punishment of civilians.
- The practices of "discrimination against children and women in the distribution of aid" reported by NRC and MSF are considered to be **differential treatment** based on **race or ethnic origin** and are contrary to the provisions of *the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination* (ICERD).

d- Obstruction of Humanitarian Aid and War Crimes

- *Additional Protocol I, Article 54*, and *Additional Protocol II*, *Article 14*, *of the Geneva Conventions* prohibit the use of starvation of civilians as a method of warfare.
- The "deliberate delay of aid convoys" and "denial of medical evacuation permits," as verified by NRC and MSF, constitute the crime of *starvation as a method of warfare* under **Article 8(2)(b)(xxv) of the Rome Statute**.

e- Elimination of the Right to Education and Intergenerational Rights Violation

- The systematic targeting or conversion of schools into shelters violates *Article 13* of *the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights* and *Article* 28 of *the Convention on the Rights of the Child*.
- The NRC's finding of "intergenerational rights violation" is legally meaningful: because the long-term deprivation of a people's right to education has an effect equivalent to **the elimination of collective identity** — which is important in terms of assessing *genocidal intent*.

COMBINED ASSESSMENT OF INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL REPORTS

By comparing the data from **seven** key international reports published throughout 2024, **namely UNICEF, HUMAN RIGHTS WATCH, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL, OHCHR, NRC, SAVE THE CHILDREN, and MSF**, it assesses **compliance** with **international law and violations** of children's **rights**.

The review was conducted within the framework of human rights, humanitarian law, criminal law, and child protection law.

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS OF THE REPORTS

No	Organization	Report Title	Main Themes
1	UNICEF	*A Year of Tears*	Child rights violations, deaths, psychological devastation
2	HRW	*They Destroyed What Was Inside Us*	Systematic targeting of civilians
3	Amnesty Int.	*Israel's Genocide Against Palestinians in Gaza*	Genocide and evidence
4	OHCHR	*The Horror in Gaza*	Violations of International Law
5	NRC	*Displacement, Survival, and Civilian Protection*	Displacement, Civilian Protection
6	Save the Children	*No Safe Place*	Education, health, and psychological trauma
7	MSF	*Health System Collapse and the Children of Gaza*	Health system collapse

I- LEGAL FINDINGS BY INSTITUTION

Institution	Legal Violations Identified	Nature of the Outcome
UNICEF	Violation of the right to life, health, and education	Systematic violation of children's rights
HRW	Attacks on civilian targets	War crimes and crimes against humanity
Amnesty International	Identification of intent and pattern of genocide	Crime of genocide

OHCHR	Non-discrimination, disproportionate violation	State responsibility
NRC	Forced displacement, obstruction of aid	Violation of the Geneva Convention
Save the Children	Violation of the right to education and shelter	Collective punishment
MSF	Attack on health facilities	War crime, violation of medical ethics

This table shows that the actions against children in Gaza as a whole fall under the category of **"crimes against humanity against children" under international criminal law**. The reports of these independent organizations reveal that **the attacks against children in Gaza are not only physical but also constitute a social and psychological genocide**. The nature of these violations is not merely a humanitarian catastrophe but amounts to **collective crimes against the fundamental principles of international law**.

II- DIFFERENCES AND SPECIFIC EMPHASES AMONG THE REPORTS

Although the seven institutions that prepared the reports confirm **the seriousness of** the violations in Gaza **under international law**, each has presented unique findings and emphases within the framework of their different areas of expertise and methodologies.

The table below summarizes these differences from a legal analysis perspective:

Organization	Focus	Methodology and Approach	Legal Emphasis / Difference
UNICEF	Children's life, health, education, and psychological conditions	Field observations, hospital records, trauma analyses	Focuses on violations of children's protection obligations.

Human Rights Watch (HRW)	The disproportionate nature of military attacks, the deliberate targeting of civilian targets, and the vulnerability of children with disabilities	Satellite imagery, witness statements, open source analysis	Classifies the actions as "crimes against humanity" and "war crimes"; specifically characterizes the **failure to evacuate and provide assistance to disabled children** as "severe discrimination" and "violation of the duty of special protection"; directly refers to the criminal responsibility of genocidal Israel.
Amnesty International	Evidence of systematic attacks and genocidal intent	Evidence chain analysis, legal expert opinions, witness statements	It explicitly defines the **"crime of genocide"**; it comparatively presents the elements of intent, continuity, and target group.
OHCHR	State-level violations of international law and accountability	Multi-source verification, UN field mission data	It emphasizes the concept of "state responsibility" and examines violations in the context of international legal obligations.
NRC (Norwegian Refugee Council)	Forced displacement, shelter, and civil protection	Direct observations by field teams, refugee flow analysis	Emphasizes the concepts of "collective punishment" and "forced displacement"; highlights violations of the Geneva Convention.
Save the Children	Right to education, child safety, and post-traumatic effects	Psychosocial field research, school registrations, interviews	Uses the concept of "intergenerational rights violation"; defines the destruction of the right to education as a social trauma.
MSF (Médecins Sans Frontières)	Health system collapse and medical ethics violations	Medical records, doctor testimonies, patient data	Characterizes the targeting of health facilities as **a war crime**; emphasizes the violation of the principle of "medical neutrality."

III- INTERNATIONAL RESPONSIBILITY OF STATES

1- Duty to Prevent (Genocide Convention Art. I)

All states are obliged to **prevent and punish** genocide. States that remain inactive in the face of violations in Gaza bear **"responsibility through omission."**

2- Responsibility to Refrain from Assistance and Support

Under Article 1 of the Geneva Conventions, states are under an obligation not to "aid" violations. Countries providing weapons, logistical, or political support are **indirect perpetrators**.

3-International Criminal Court (ICC)

The ICC Prosecutor may use all of these reports as evidence. In accordance with *the principle of complementarity* in the Rome Statute, the ICC must intervene in cases where national courts are inadequate.

IV-CONCLUSIONS REGARDING INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION AND INSTITUTION REPORTS

UNICEF, MSF, NRC, Save the Children) **document** mainly **the humanitarian dimensions such as child rights violations, psychological trauma, health and education crises**. Amnesty International and HRW mention the crime of genocide.

Some facts documented in the reports:

- Serious violations of children's human rights and humanitarian law.
- Systematic violations of the rights to education, health, psychological care, and shelter.
- Displacement and family separation.

While each report is based on its own area of expertise, they converge on the following three conclusions within a comprehensive framework:

- **The systematic and continuous nature of the violations** points to a *structural crime model* that goes beyond isolated incidents.
- **The impact on children** demonstrates that *the protection obligations* defined in international law have been almost completely violated.
- **The silence of the international community** gives rise to *secondary responsibility* through the violation of the "duty to prevent."

All reports document that Palestinian children face systematic human rights and humanitarian law violations; some reports and legal analyses suggest that these violations exceed the level of **war crimes and crimes against humanity,** reaching

the actual elements of genocide.

Conclusion:

- Violations against Palestinian children **are systematic, deliberate, and state policy.**
- The failure of international legal mechanisms to intervene reinforces **a culture of impunity**.
- This process is a moral and legal test for the international community.

V- FRANCESCA ALBANESE'S REPORT DATED MARCH 25, 2024

When we prepared a **legal assessment table** for **"ANATOMY OF A GENOCIDE**," which includes a brief summary of the main legal findings:

Legal Category	Summary of Finding	Basis/Explanation in the Text
Protected group status	Palestinians in Gaza have been assessed as a "protected group."	Report: "...the rights of Palestinians in Gaza, a protected group under the Genocide Convention."
Definition of genocide – five-act framework	The report states that there are "reasonable grounds" to believe that at least three of the five acts defined in the Genocide Convention have been committed: (a) killing, (b) causing serious bodily or mental harm, (c) deliberately inflicting living conditions calculated to bring about the physical destruction of the group.	Guardian report: "...three of the five acts defined as genocide: killing Palestinians, causing them serious bodily or mental harm, and 'deliberately inflicting conditions of life calculated to bring about the physical destruction'..."
Occupation/ Occupier status and scale	The report argues that the situation in the Gaza Strip can only be assessed in the context of occupation and settler-colonialism, not merely as a military operation.	Report text: "...Israel's actions have been driven by a genocidal logic integral to its settler-colonial project in Palestine."
Violations of international humanitarian law (IHL)	The report concludes that Israel's efforts to frame its military operations within the framework of IHL are merely a "humanitarian cover" and that the rules of protection are being deliberately eroded.	Report: "Israel has intentionally distorted jus in bello principles, subverting their protective functions..."

Obligation to collect evidence and investigate	The report emphasizes that all parties have obligations to collect evidence, investigate, and prosecute those responsible, particularly in favor of the protected group.	The report recommends: "act to ensure a thorough, independent and transparent investigation of all violations of international law ... including crimes against humanity and the crime of genocide."
Obligations of third states	The report states that non-state actors and third-party states may assume responsibility by "aiding and abetting"; it calls for measures such as an arms embargo.	Guardian: "report recommended member-states ... immediately implement an arms embargo on Israel..."
Extermination through living conditions	The report assesses conditions in Gaza, such as the blockade, destruction of infrastructure, and collapse of the health system, as falling under the act of "extermination through living conditions."	Report: "...deliberately inflicting conditions of life calculated to bring about the physical destruction..."

The report provides **a strong framework for the crime of genocide in legal terms**. In particular, the protected group status, reasonable grounds for three of the five acts of genocide, and the emphasis on extermination through living conditions give rise to **an obligation of investigation and accountability** under international law **for both states and individuals**. Furthermore, the obligation of third states to impose arms embargoes and refrain from providing assistance serves as a reminder of the international community's responsibility to intervene.

VI- UN REPORT OF JUNE 19, 2024 [6]

Summary of the Report

The report examines six selected cases of attacks carried out during military operations in the Gaza Strip after October 7, 2023, highlighting the high number of civilian casualties and widespread damage to infrastructure and civilian structures. It focuses particularly on four legal principles: distinction, proportionality, precautions to protect civilians, and non-targeting of civilian infrastructure. The report states that these principles were systematically violated in the operations of geno-

6 UN report: Israeli use of heavy bombs in Gaza raises serious concerns under the laws of war | OHCHR

cidal Israel; it also expresses concern that investigation and accountability mechanisms are inadequate.

The report was published on June 19, 2024, and contains an analysis of six symbolic attacks that took place in the Gaza Strip during the period of October 7, 2023–December 2, 2023. The report aims to assess these six attacks in terms of military methods, target selection, proportionality, and compliance with the principle of distinction. The OHCHR press release states: "**The pattern of these attacks shows the potential for systematic violations of the legal principles of 'distinction' and 'final harm**'."

Legal Assessment

The main findings and interpretations of the report's legal findings are outlined below:

1- From the Perspective of International Humanitarian Law

Distinction: The report highlights the allegation that "high-explosive bombs were used in residential areas and no distinction was made between civilians and combatants."

Proportionality: It concludes that the harm caused to civilians and civilian infrastructure is not balanced by the expected military advantage.

Duty to take precautions: The report states that no warning was given prior to the attacks and that civilian harm was not minimized when choosing the method of warfare.

Targeting civilian infrastructure: Attacks on civilian structures such as settlements, schools, markets, and refugee camps are presented with examples; it is stated that such targets constitute serious violations of humanitarian law.

2- In Terms of War Crimes and Crimes Against Humanity

- The report states that these actions can be considered not merely "violations" but "war crimes." Examples include directly targeting civilians or conducting widespread bombardments in areas densely populated by civilians.
- Furthermore, the report includes findings on crimes such as forcible transfer,

i.e., causing civilians to be forcibly displaced, which is significant in terms of crimes against humanity.

3- Obligations Related to the Law of Occupation and Discriminatory Administration

- There are many international assessments that Gaza is under occupation, and the report also refers to the obligations of the occupying state (particularly in terms of protecting the civilian population and providing basic needs).
- In this context, the interruption of or denial of access to basic services such as electricity, water, and food can be interpreted as "eliminating living conditions," which entails serious legal obligations.

4. Accountability, Investigation, and Prosecution Obligations

- The report states that independent, effective, and transparent investigations into the attacks have not been conducted, and that there are shortcomings in terms of victims' access rights and the collection of evidence.
- It also emphasizes the role of non-state actors (e.g., arms-exporting states) and their potential responsibility through "aid or abetment."

UN June 19, 2024 Report Assessment and Conclusion

This report strongly indicates that, as of June 19, 2024, the war in Gaza **has exceeded the** legal **boundaries of "normal warfare."** The report does not definitively assign a specific legal category of crime, such as "ethnic cleansing" or "genocide"; however, it makes serious findings that the actions constitute **"war crimes" and "crimes against humanity**." Although it does not directly use the term "genocide," it refers to a pattern approaching the elements of this crime. In this context, the report states that **international legal processes** (such as the International Criminal Court) **must be activated**. However, legally, a court decision is required for the definitive conviction of a crime; **reports** serve **a function of identification/opening the field**. For Turkiye or any other state, this report constitutes **an important basis in** the international public sphere and **in the legal arena**. However, **for this report to have legal consequences, investigation, evidence collection, and trial processes** must be **carried out effectively**. This report is the clearest UN document showing that attacks against the civilian population in Gaza are no longer isolated incidents but constitute **a pattern of systematic violations**. Therefore, it raises the legal and moral responsibility not only of Israel but also of the international

community and, in particular, **of states that supply weapons**. Although not legally binding, it can be considered a strong piece of evidence for **judicial proceedings**.

2024 EVALUATION AND CONCLUSION REGARDING THE GENOCIDE REPORT ON PALESTINIAN CHILDREN

ASSESSMENT

1 - In General

Since its establishment, the Israeli occupying administration has killed, injured, or forcibly displaced thousands of innocent Palestinians through brutal and inhumane attacks and by implementing state terror, which it continues to this day.

On October 7, 2023, genocidal Israel escalated its violence in Gaza, targeting babies, children, women, unarmed civilians, journalists, doctors, hospitals, schools, civilian homes, mosques and churches, refugee camps, ambulances, and medical convoys. It bombed cultural heritage sites, used phosphorus bombs, mistreated prisoners, inflicted hunger and thirst on the civilian population, imposed blockades on energy and other essential supplies, forced around two million people to flee, and implemented a policy aimed at the collective destruction of the local population. Israel's closure of Gaza's entry and exit points, along with restrictions on access to food, medicine, and freedom of movement, subjected the people of Gaza to an unjust and comprehensive "punitive" treatment.

Since October 7, 2023, the terrorist state of Israel has committed genocide through systematic and widespread acts in Gaza aimed at the complete annihilation of the Palestinian population. These acts, which constitute serious violations of international law and international humanitarian law, include killing, causing severe bodily or mental harm, deliberately altering living conditions, and taking measures to prevent births.

The events of October 7 represent the collapse of all the values proclaimed to the world in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights on December 10, 1948. By the end of this process, anything that has a chance of survival will no longer be credible due to the prevailing injustice and double standards.

According to Article 3 of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, those who commit acts aimed at carrying out the Gaza

Genocide, those who cooperate in its execution, those who directly and publicly incite genocide, those who attempt to commit genocide, and those who participate in genocide must be held accountable for their actions. The International Criminal Court (ICC) and the International Court of Justice (ICJ), as the highest judicial mechanisms of international law, bear primary responsibility for the protection of human rights and the prosecution of serious international crimes. However, in the face of the severe and systematic violations of international law occurring in Gaza, the judicial delays demonstrated by these two institutions and the prolonged duration of trials seriously undermine both the principle of the rule of law and the deterrent function of international justice.

In particular, the delays in the ICC's investigation and prosecution processes are inconsistent with the powers and obligations granted to the Court under Articles 53 and 58 of the Rome Statute. Despite Palestine having acceded to the Statute in 2015, the Court has still not advanced cases concerning possible genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity committed in Gaza even to the indictment stage. This has resulted, for the victims, in the principle that **"delayed justice is justice denied."**

Similarly, the ICJ's passive stance in monitoring the implementation of provisional measures in the genocide case against Israel, along with the lack of oversight regarding the enforcement of its decisions, has effectively neutralized the binding authority of the Court under Article 94 of the United Nations Charter. This situation undermines both the ICJ's adherence to the principle of "effective remedy" and the legitimacy of international justice. In practice, **the principle of "effective remedy" entails:**

- **Identifying the violation**
- **Holding those responsible accountable**
- **Compensating for the damage**
- **Taking measures to prevent the violation from recurring**

It is of vital importance that international judicial bodies conduct trials that are swift, effective, and victim-centered; that evidence is collected before it is lost, witnesses are protected, and ongoing violations are halted. However, the delays observed specifically in Gaza undermine not only the delivery of justice but also the international community's confidence in the rule of law.

In conclusion, the current stance of the ICC and ICJ casts a shadow over the principle of combating impunity, which is one of the fundamental objectives of interna-

tional criminal justice, and reinforces the perception of the **"selective application of law"** against powerful actors. This delay is not only a judicial weakness but also a situation that undermines the moral foundations of international law and calls its legitimacy into question.

Since its establishment, in the face of Israel's series of massacres and lawless actions, many countries, led by the United States, have provided unconditional military and political support to the Israeli administration. The U.S. has provided Israel with $17.9 billion in annual military aid and has vetoed UN Security Council resolutions against Israel. In addition, countries such as France, Germany, the United Kingdom, Canada, and EU member states attempt to legitimize Israel's attacks and have not lifted the blockade on Gaza. These countries also fail to prevent Israel's settlement activities on occupied territories and do not impose any sanctions to ensure Israel's compliance with international law. By supporting the occupying and genocidal state of Israel, these countries become accomplices to all crimes committed by Israel. Therefore, they should be tried alongside Israel.

This report has been prepared to present, as accurately and up-to-date as possible, the massacres, acts of genocide, and human rights violations against children in 2024, based on information obtained from multiple news sources and various organizations. The figures are limited to those officially recorded and therefore represent only the visible part of the iceberg. The numbers we have identified are minimum estimates and may vary across different sources. Additionally, it is not possible to accurately determine the number of children affected by crimes committed against communities or those trapped under buildings destroyed after October 7. These children are not included in the reported figures.

2- Legal Assessment

Throughout 2024, Israel's military operations in the Gaza Strip systematically violated the mandatory provisions of **international law and the fundamental principles related to the protection of children.** The identified actions fall within the categories of **genocide**, **crimes against humanity**, and **war crimes** as defined under the **United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989), the Fourth Geneva Convention (1949), the Genocide Convention (1948), and the Rome Statute (1998).**

During this process, Palestinian children have been subjected not only to armed attacks, but also to multidimensional violations such as **starvation, deprivation of health services and education, forced displacement, psychological trauma,**

and medical neglect. This situation has led to social destruction that could be described as **"intergenerational genocide"** under international law.

The international documents and treaties violated by the occupying and genocidal state of Israel are listed below:

A) United Nations Charter (1945)

Article 1(2): The equal rights of peoples and the right to self-determination.
Article 55: Respect for human rights is essential for international peace and economic and social progress.

B) Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948)

Article 3: The right to life, liberty, and security of person.
Article 9: Prohibition of arbitrary arrest, deportation, or displacement.
Article 13(2): The right of everyone to return to their own country.
Article 17(2): No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of his property.

C) Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (1948)

Article 2(1):
Killing members of the group
Causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group
Intentionally causing conditions of life calculated to bring about the physical destruction of the group in whole or in part
Imposing measures intended to prevent births within the group

D) Fourth Geneva Convention (Relating to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War) (1949)

Article 24: Children under the age of 15 must be protected, cared for, and provided with religious worship and education.
Article 33: No protected person may be punished for an offense they did not personally commit. Collective punishment is prohibited.
Article 49: Forced collective or individual deportation and exile are prohibited. The occupying power may not transfer its population.
Article 53: The destruction of private or public property in occupied territories is prohibited.

Article 55: The occupying power must provide for the food and medical needs of the population.
Article 56: The occupying power must maintain medical and hospital services and protect public health.
Article 59: If the population under occupation is undernourished, assistance programs must be provided.
Article 147: Serious violations include intentional killing, torture, forced transfer, deportation, and destruction of property.

E) Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees (1951)

Article 33: No refugee shall be forcibly returned to a place where their life or freedom would be in danger.

F) International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1966)

Article 12(4): No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of the right to enter his own country.
Article 17: Inviolability of private life, family, home, and correspondence.

G) International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1966)

Article 11: The right to an adequate standard of living, adequate food, clothing, and housing.
Article 15: The right to participate in cultural life.

H) UN General Assembly Resolution 3236 (XXIX) (1974)

- The right to self-determination
- The right to independence and sovereignty
- The right to return to their homes and property

I) UN General Assembly Resolution 194 (III) (1948)

- Guarantees the right of Palestinian refugees to return to their homes and receive compensation.

II) UN Security Council Resolution 237 (1967)

- Decision to treat the population in the occupied territories humanely and to allow those who wish to return to their homes to do so.

J) Rome Statute (1998)
Article 6(1)(a–c): Crimes of genocide
Article 7(1)(a–k): Crimes against humanity
Article 8(2)(b)(i–xii): War crimes

K) Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Apartheid (1973)

Article II(c): The forcible displacement of communities from their living areas on the basis of race constitutes the crime of apartheid.

L) International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (1969)

Article 5: The States Parties undertake to prohibit, eliminate, and guarantee equal rights in respect of all forms of racial discrimination.

M) Additional Protocol I to the 1949 Geneva Conventions (1977)

Article 54: It is prohibited to starve civilians; it is prohibited to attack goods indispensable for their survival.

N) Additional Protocol II to the 1949 Geneva Conventions (1977)

Article 14: Starving civilians is prohibited; closing border crossings and obstructing the transport of food is prohibited.

O) UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (2006)

Article 10: Right to Life; undertakes to ensure that persons with disabilities enjoy this right effectively and on an equal basis with others.

Article 11: Protection in Situations of Risk and Emergency; undertakes to fulfill its obligations under international law, including humanitarian law and international human rights law, to protect and ensure the safety of persons with disabilities.
Article 25: Right to Health; recognizes the right of persons with disabilities to the

highest attainable standard of health without discrimination on the basis of disability. States Parties undertake to enable persons with disabilities to have access to gender-sensitive health services, including rehabilitation.

P) 1994 San Remo Rules on the Law of Armed Conflict at Sea

Israel's blockade of Gaza and its attacks on maritime aid operations violate **the principle that** "**humanitarian aid cannot be prevented**," as stipulated in Articles 67 and 70 of these rules. Attacks on humanitarian aid ships reaching Gaza constitute a clear violation of international law and are considered "unlawful hostile acts" under the law of maritime warfare.

The nature of these violations indicates that they are **part of a deliberate and ongoing policy of genocide**. It is clear that genocidal Israel intends to **"destroy the future of a people"** with these systematic attacks targeting children.[7]

According to the Gaza Ministry of Health, the occupying and genocidal Israeli attack on the region continued in 2024, killing **23,842** people and injuring **51,925** this year alone. This brings the official death toll to 46,376.[8]

Ethnic Cleansing and Genocide in Gaza

The occupying and genocidal Israeli forces imposed a complete and suffocating siege on northern Gaza with the aim of starving the fighters and driving civilians out of the area; this was called **"ethnic cleansing.[9]**

Ethnic cleansing refers to the removal of an ethnic group from a piece of land through policies based on violence and intimidation. In its resolution dated April 7, 1993, the UN General Assembly defined ethnic cleansing as a hateful form

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7 United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF)
amnesty.org – 2024 Gaza Genocide Report
hrw.org – Gaza: Israeli Attacks Devastate Lives of Children with Disabilities https://www.ohchr.org/sites/default/files/documents/countries/opt/20241106
Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC), Field Reports on Gaza, 2024
Save the Children, UNICEF Situation Updates, 2024
Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) Field Briefings, 2024

8 https://www.aljazeera.com/news/2024/12/31/gazas-2024-a-year-of-war-and-misery

9 https://www.aljazeera.com/news/2024/11/13/is-israel-committing-ethnic-cleansing-in-gaza

of genocide.[10] While **the concept of genocide** means the destruction of a group, ethnic cleansing means the removal of a group from its territory. Legally, there is no category directly called "**the crime of ethnic cleansing**." However, the concept of *"ethnic cleansing"* was frequently used in the decisions of the ICTY Court established by the UN for the former Yugoslavia and was evaluated as a "**crime against humanity**" or a "**war** crime." The International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (ICTY) was a United Nations tribunal that dealt with war crimes committed during the conflicts in the Balkans in the 1990s.[11]

Genocide *is the most serious crime under international criminal law*. It is explicitly defined in the 1948 Genocide Convention and included in the Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC). The most defining difference **is specific intent (dolus specialis)**: the intent to destroy a group in whole or in part. An event may begin as "ethnic cleansing" (e.g., displacement, making life unsustainable through siege). However, if the intent is determined to have reached the level of extermination, it is classified as "genocide." For this reason, experts such as UN rapporteurs (e.g., Francesca Albanese) use the phrase *"the evolution of ethnic cleansing into genocide*" in the case of Gaza.

The **blockade, bombardment, obstruction of humanitarian aid,** and **mass displacement** imposed on Gaza during the 2023–2024 period are indicators of **ethnic cleansing policies** in the classical sense.

However, these actions have now evolved beyond merely "emptying a region" to **deliberately creating conditions that will lead to the physical annihilation of the Palestinian people**. For this reason, Francesca Albanese and some international legal experts argue that the situation in Gaza has **"evolved from ethnic cleansing to genocide."**

In Gaza:

- **Ethnic cleansing**: The systematic displacement of Palestinians and the forced demographic transformation of the region,
- **Genocide**: This process has evolved into an intent to eliminate the physical existence of the Palestinian people by making life unsustainable.

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10 KDK Genocide in Gaza (VIII) Ethnic Cleansing in Gaza: Death-Destruction-Displacement page:2

11 https://www.icty.org/

It clearly shows that, from an international law perspective, Gaza is no longer just a conflict zone, but **a scene of crimes against humanity and genocide**.

In January 2024, Israeli National Security Minister Itamar Ben Gvir, a genocidal figure, said in a speech to a room full of ultra-nationalists, "It's time to go home. If we don't want another October 7, we need to go home and take control of our land."[12] The occupying and genocidal Israel has carried out genocide in Palestine with hundreds of thousands of tons of bombs, indiscriminately targeting babies and children.

The International Court of Justice, where genocidal and occupying Israel is being tried for genocide, **issued interim measures on January 26, 2024, March 28, 2024, and May 25, 2024**. The **UN Independent International Commission of Inquiry's report dated June 19, 2024, and the International Criminal Court's arrest warrant dated November 21, 2024,** against genocidal Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu and Defense Minister Gallant clearly demonstrate that the occupying Israeli state has committed genocide in violation of international law and **the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide.** This situation is important in terms of deterrence and accountability in international law. However, in practice, there are still major gaps in the implementation of decisions, cooperation, authority issues, and the limitations of enforcement mechanisms:

While the January and February reports of the **2024 Genocide Against Palestinian Children** Report focused on direct attacks and violations, the March report now highlights "second-stage" humanitarian crises such as starvation, malnutrition, lack of medicine, and thirst.

At a conference attended by 14 Israeli ministers on January 29, 2024, settlement areas to be built in Gaza for Israelis were shown on a map.[13] On October 24, 2024, genocidal Israeli Prime Minister Netanyahu announced plans to establish new settlement areas after the occupation of Gaza at an event organized by his party, LIKUD.[14]

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12 https://www.bbc.com/turkce/articles/cljl0wz7pn1o

13 KDK Genocide in Gaza (VIII) Ethnic Cleansing in Gaza: Death-Destruction-Displacement page:5

14 KDK Genocide in Gaza (VIII) Ethnic Cleansing in Gaza: Death-Destruction-Displacement page:29

Number of Children Killed

Since October 7, 2023, it has been determined that more than 14,500 children have been killed in the Gaza Strip.[15] Of these, **child deaths between October 7 and December 31, 2023, were approximately 5,350.** This means that **from January 1 to December 31, 2024, there were at least 9,150 child deaths (14,500 – 5,350)**. It is not possible to distinguish how many of these were infants. Field reports published in November–December 2024 indicate that **infant deaths numbered in the hundreds**, with a **significant increase in deaths of premature babies following attacks** on neonatal units and incubators. Additionally, the number of children trapped under rubble cannot be determined.[16]

Although the number of children who lost their lives in the **West Bank** in 2024 is relatively lower, hundreds or a smaller number of child deaths have been reported. If the child deaths in the West Bank are added to the total Gaza figures, the overall total for Palestinian territories would increase slightly. OCHA/UNICEF regional reports provide this distinction.

Number of Schools Destroyed/Damaged

According to UNICEF data from the end of 2024, the *total* number of schools monitored **is approximately 564**. Of these 564 **schools, ~501** are reported to have **suffered damage**, with the total amount of damage categorized as either severe or minor.[17] It is very difficult to determine the exact number of "completely destroyed schools" because official institutions use different definitions, but reliable estimates and organization reports indicate that hundreds of schools have been severely damaged or destroyed. **The right to education** is protected by international norms (CRC art. 28-29; Additional Protocols, Geneva texts). Targeting schools or systematically destroying educational infrastructure constitutes a violation of obligations under **international humanitarian law** and **human rights law**. Even when schools are used as shelters, parties must refrain from attacks on civilian facilities and comply with the principles of distinction and proportionality. Systematic or widespread attacks constitute **war crimes** and, in some cases, **crimes against hu-**

15 https://www.unicef.org/media/167341/file/State-of-Palestine-Humanitarian-SitRep-No.-34%-2C-31-December-2024.pdf

16 https://www.unicef.org/media/167341/file/State-of-Palestine-Humanitarian-SitRep-No.-34%-2C-31-December-2024.pdf

17 https://gis.unicef.org/portal/apps/dashboards/c6e0bfd744164b2f84276071b1a83e78

manity or **genocide**.

Number of Destroyed and Severely Damaged Hospitals and Health Facilities
UNICEF's March 6, 2024, "Situation Report No. 20" states**:** "155 health facilities were damaged, 32 hospitals and 53 health centers were rendered inoperable."[18] According to data **from the United Nations Geneva office**: "Only 16 of 36 hospitals in Gaza are partially functional."[19] It is not possible to answer the question "**How many hospitals were completely destroyed** in 2024**?**" with a clear figure; however, it has been documented that **a large number of hospitals were severely damaged or rendered inoperable**.

The WHO and other health agencies reported that many hospitals were severely damaged during the year, with only a small number remaining partially functional, and that access to treatment for the wounded was limited. The collapse of the health system increased the risk of malnutrition, lack of neonatal care, and epidemics.[20]

Obstruction of Aid and Destruction of Water/Food Infrastructure

Throughout 2024, the systematic obstruction of humanitarian aid and widespread destruction of water and food infrastructure in Gaza had deadly and long-lasting effects, particularly on children. International bodies such as UN agencies, the ICJ, and the ICC took this situation seriously. While warnings were issued about **the use of starvation as a weapon of war** and the obstruction of humanitarian access, reports also emerged of **the widespread destruction/damage to drinking water infrastructure**.[21] These actions could lead to **both state and individual liability** under international humanitarian law, the Rome Statute, and the Genocide Convention.

In 2024, United Nations officials repeatedly called for "unimpeded humanitarian access to Gaza"; UN officials warned that the region was "on the brink of famine/starvation." In this context, the UN emphasizes that **the use of starvation as a weapon of war** is prohibited.[22]

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18 https://www.unicef.org/media/153536/file/State-of-Palestine-Humanitarian-SitRep-No.20-%28Escalation%29-06-March-2024.pdf

19 https://www.unognewsroom.org/story/en/2277/gaza-health-update-who-30

20 https://apps.who.int/gb/ebwha/pdf_files/EB156/B156_20-en.pdf

21 https://press.un.org/en/2024/sc15604.doc.htm

22 https://press.un.org/en/2024/sc15604.doc.htm

According to UNICEF reports for 2024, as of May 2024, **approximately 60% of water, sanitation, and hygiene facilities** have been **destroyed or severely damaged**; this means water scarcity, the risk of epidemics caused by dirty water, and poor hygiene. This has direct and widespread effects on children's health.[23]

Humanitarian reports indicated an increase in **cases of acute malnutrition** among children in 2024; it was reported that nutrition services were disrupted, access to aid supplements was blocked, and as a result**,** the risk of **child deaths/long-term developmental disorders** increased. (UN UNICEF/Cluster reports and field data)[24]

In 2024, the obstruction of humanitarian aid in Gaza and the destruction of water and food infrastructure had severe impacts on children, both immediate and long-term, affecting future generations. These actions constitute clear evidence of the commission of genocide under international law. To reach a final legal judgment, the evidence must be examined in courts. The initiatives of the International Criminal Court and the International Court of Justice demonstrate that this matter is subject to international legal scrutiny.

Number of Child Prisoners

Hundreds of Palestinian children are detained in Israeli prisons without any right to a fair trial, in violation of international law. These children are deprived of their rights to "freedom from deprivation" and "humane treatment," which are guaranteed by **the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Articles 37 and 40)**. These children, who are often subjected to physical violence, isolation, and psychological pressure, are under international protection under **the provisions** of **the Convention Against Torture**. Despite this, the silence of the United Nations and international organizations paves the way for the continuation of these violations.

According to the August 2024 report, approximately **250 children** are being held in Israeli prisons. According to a statement dated November 20, 2024, "at least 270 Palestinian children" are being held in Israeli prisons.[25] The number of "admin-

23 https://www.unicef.org/media/158391/file/2024-HAC-State%20of%20Palestine-revised-June.pdf

24 https://www.unicef.org/media/160286/file/SOP-Humanitarian-SitRep-31-July-2024.pdf

25 https://www.aa.com.tr/en/middle-east/israel-holds-270-palestinian-children-in-prisons-amid-harsh-conditions-commission/3399172

istrative detainees" as of August 2024 is approximately **3,432;** it is unclear how many of these children are administrative detainees. Some of these children are also "administrative detainees" (i.e., held indefinitely without charge or trial), but it is unclear **how many are administrative detainees**.[26]

Chronological Table of Palestinian Child Detainees in 2024 [27]

Date/ Period	Source Institution / Report	Total Number of Detainees	Number of Child Detainees	Number of Administrative Detainees	Note / Explanation
January 2024	DCI-Palestine, PPS	Approximately 8,800 total detainees	**160–170 children**	~2,400 (total administrative)	Wave of arrests following the start of the Gaza attacks; reports of ill-treatment of children.
February 2024	UNICEF field briefing	–	**200 children**	Not specified	UNICEF: Most children are in custody without charge; access is limited.
March 2024	Palestinian Prisoners Society (PPS)	~9,000	**230 children**	~2,800	Increase in the number of children held in Israeli prisons; Ramallah statement.

26 https://www.aa.com.tr/en/middle-east/estimated-9-900-palestinian-detainees-in-israeli-prisons-report/3294484

27 1- Defense for Children International – Palestine (DCI-P), Annual Detention Report 2024

2- Palestinian Prisoners Society (PPS) & Commission for Detainees and Ex-Detainees Affairs, Joint Press Releases (January–November 2024)

3- UNICEF, Occupied Palestinian Territory Humanitarian Situation Reports (2024)

4- Save the Children, "Children Behind Bars: 2024 Update"

5- *UN Human Rights Council COI Report on Gaza, June 19, 2024

6- Anadolu Agency (AA) news file, November 21, 2024, "Israel holds 270 Palestinian children in prisons…"

May 2024	DCI-Palestine & Addameer	–	**245 children**	Not specified	The rate of administrative detention among children is estimated to be around 10%.
June 2024	UN Human Rights Council COI report (June 19, 2024)	–	**250+ children**	–	The statement "Arbitrary arrests of children have become systematic."
August 2024	Joint Report by the PPS & Prisoners Commission	**9,900 total**	**≈250 children**	**Administrative detainees**	Source: AA / PPS press release (August 2024).
October 2024	Save the Children	–	**>260 children**	Not specified	85% of detained children reported experiencing physical violence.
November 2024	Palestinian Prisoners' Commission (November 21, 2024)	–	**270 children**	–	Current highest count. Reports of violence, arbitrary detention, and neglect have been added.
December 2024	The Palestinian Prisoners Society	10,300		3,428	At least 8,800 Palestinians and 1,055 children have been detained.

When we evaluate the table above, it is clear that there has been **an approximately 70% increase** in the number of child detainees throughout 2024. **Most of** the children were detained **in the West Bank**, with a small number detained **in Gaza**. The rate of **administrative detention** is increasing; most children are held indefinitely **without formal charges or trial**.

3. Humanitarian and Moral Assessment

What is happening in Gaza **is** not only **a collapse** of the law, **but also of humanity**. Children dying under the rubble, mothers spending the night with their lifeless bodies in their arms, has exceeded the limits of human conscience. This silence is

not only political; it is also indicative of **moral decay**.

Children in Gaza are completely deprived of education, health care, nutrition, and security. This situation amounts to the deliberate destruction of a society's future.

The obstruction of humanitarian aid, the deliberate destruction of health infrastructure, and the targeting of basic rights to life increase **the moral responsibility of the international community**. However**, the ineffectiveness and inadequacy of** many **international organizations,** particularly the United Nations**,** have prevented this genocide from being stopped.

CONCLUSION

As mentioned in our previous reports, the events that took place in 2024 in the West Bank, Gaza, and throughout the Palestinian territories **constitute genocide**, exceeding the level of **war crimes and crimes against humanity.**

In short:

- Violations against Palestinian children **are systematic, deliberate, and state policy.**
- The failure of international legal mechanisms to intervene reinforces **a culture of impunity**.
- This process is a **moral and legal** test **for the international community**.

"Gaza is a real-life example of hell on earth for a million children. The children of Gaza are trapped in a cycle of suffering."

October 18, 2024 James Elder (UNICEF Spokesperson)

CLOSING NOTE:

Gaza is the mirror of humanity, and in that mirror, the silence of the law has turned into complicity. The children in Palestine are not victims of a conflict, but of an occupation. Because what exists is not a conflict, but an occupation and a genocide that have been legitimized and perpetuated by the silence of international law. These children are also victims of the world's silence.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Proposal for an International Structure for the United Nations

According to the **rulings of the International Criminal Court and the International**

Court of Justice, Israel, as a perpetrator of genocide, is obliged to immediately halt all attacks on Palestinian territories to prevent genocide against Palestinians, to end the occupation without delay, not to obstruct humanitarian aid, to allow UN officials investigating its genocidal crimes to enter Gaza, and to **compensate all damage caused to any natural or legal persons in the occupied territories.**

Genocidal Israel, as an occupying power, is clearly violating its obligation to protect the civilian population. However, it is not only genocidal Israel that should be legally questioned, but also **the passivity of the international community**.

Pursuant to **Articles 1 and 55 of the UN Charter**, the United Nations is responsible for maintaining peace and security. Nevertheless, due to the Security Council's **veto mechanism**, no effective measures have been taken; **the international justice system has been paralyzed.**

This situation has once again demonstrated the structural injustice of the current international system, particularly the UN Security Council, and the inability to defend human rights in the face of political interests.

Therefore, **the stage reached by the UN** has made **the search for a new global justice and humanity system** inevitable. Instead of the current structure, in which the UN Security Council operates with 'veto' power and obstructs justice, a new global justice mechanism based on the will of the people must be established in response to violations of fundamental rights.

An international decision-making structure based on equal representation without veto power,

Increasing the powers of the General Assembly,

In particular, due to the widespread use of unmanned aerial vehicles and automatic weapons, as well as threats involving the use of nuclear weapons, it has become necessary to review both the types of weapons permitted in armed conflicts and the methods of warfare. Their use must be subjected to stricter conditions, and binding regulations applicable to all states must be implemented. Every regulation made in this regard must carry criminal sanctioning power,

The UN should prepare a list of situations that may constitute legitimate grounds for international conflict, and no grounds outside this list should be invoked as

justification for conflict. Before the outbreak of armed conflicts, the state or states intending to engage in conflict must submit reports—including their justifications—to the UN General Assembly. After these reports are examined, a negotiation process should be initiated through UN bodies, and if a peaceful resolution cannot be reached at the end of the process, the state or states intending to engage in conflict may initiate hostilities after a specified period[28],

The expulsion of Israel from the United Nations in accordance with Article 6 of the UN Charter,

To ensure the end of Israel's occupation, to act within the framework of the 'Uniting for Peace' resolution in accordance with General Assembly Resolution 377 (V), (The Uniting for Peace Resolution is a UN General Assembly resolution that allows the General Assembly to take a leading role in maintaining international peace and security when the Security Council, which has primary responsibility, fails to act due to a veto. It was used during the Russia-Ukraine war.)

- **Automatic intervention mechanisms** to protect civilian populations,
- Implementation of automatic sanction systems (such as travel bans and asset freezes) for serious violations such as genocide and child deaths, and **prioritization of** children's cases**,**
- Establishment of a "**Justice Task Force for Children**" in coordination with the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child and the Office of the Special Representative for Children in Armed Conflict,
- The UN Committee on the Rights of the Child **should examine the administrative detention system** of the occupying power Israel **as a special agenda item** and publish an annual status report,
- The UN Human Rights Council should establish **an independent commission of inquiry** to monitor violations against children in Gaza, create **a special rapporteur and monitoring mechanism**. This commission should submit a report to the UN General Assembly and the ICC every six months, monitoring whether states are fulfilling their obligation to prevent genocide for the crimes committed,
- Establishment of a **"Compensation and Reparation Fund"** at the UN for children injured, who have lost their families, or whose education has been interrupted due to occupation and genocide. This fund should be financed by

28 Fatma Betül Sehrawala, Iv No'lu Cenevre Sözleşmesi Kapsamında Sivillerin Korunması, 2023.

compensation collected from states and companies that violate international law, donations, and contributions from humanitarian aid organizations. Fund resources should be directed directly to the victimized children and their families. It should be reported annually to the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child through an accountability mechanism,
- The institutional participation of civil society, particularly human rights organizations, in decision-making processes,is recommended.

Sanctions that states and existing international organizations have failed to implement can be achieved through the moral solidarity of peoples and civil societies. This will make it possible to reestablish the rule of law, justice, and human dignity.

This report not only documents human rights violations and genocide, but also calls for the establishment of **a new international humanitarian order**. This is because the current system **has failed to fulfill** its duty of **"prevention"** and **has postponed** its responsibility of **"punishment."**

Proposal for a New Structure for the International Criminal Court

Expanding the jurisdiction of the International Criminal Court and **making it independent** of political influence

- **Strengthening universal jurisdiction** to ensure accountability**,**
- Genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity must be independently prosecuted. Investigations into **genocide, war crimes, and crimes against humanity** related to the deaths of children in Gaza must be initiated immediately, and cases must be brought without delay,

Ensuring the political independence of the Office of the Prosecutor,

- The election of the ICC Prosecutor, their term of office, and ensuring independence from political pressure by having their funding provided directly by the UN General Assembly,
- Setting target deadlines for investigations and linking delays to sanctions,

Accelerating judicial processes and ensuring they are victim-centered,

- More effective use of satellite imagery, open source data, and NGO reports in evidence collection processes,

- Implementation of accelerated trial procedures in urgent humanitarian crises,

Establishing accountability mechanisms specific to children,

- The establishment of a Priority Investigation Unit for cases involving children, creating a specialized unit to prioritize crimes against children in investigations related to Gaza (such as targeting children, attacks on schools and playgrounds, and forced displacement),
- Appointment of a Special Prosecutor at the international and regional level focusing on the rights and protection of child victims,
- Establishment of a documentation and forensic evidence collection mechanism, as well as an evidence protection system, ensuring that visual, written, and witness statements are securely archived by the UN,
- Preparation of a Child-Focused Evidence Collection Protocol, systematic collection of evidence by an independent technical team, and creation of a child victim registration system,
- Collection of statements from child victims using trauma-sensitive interview methods, ensuring each child is interviewed only once to prevent secondary trauma, and recording these statements. Establishing a priority Investigation Unit for children's cases,

Israeli military and civilian officials should be tried under Article 77 of the Rome Statute for the crimes of genocide, crimes against humanity, war crimes, and the crime of aggression, and, based on the relevant provisions, be sentenced to life imprisonment, long-term imprisonment, confiscation of assets, gains, and properties obtained directly or indirectly from the crime, fines, and international travel bans,

All officials and individuals involved in or facilitating genocide, incitement, crimes against humanity, war crimes, and other serious violations of international humanitarian law **should be investigated**.

Proposal for a New Structure for the International Court of Justice

a- Strengthening the enforceability of decisions,

- Establishing **an independent monitoring and reporting mechanism** to follow up on the implementation of ICJ decisions,
- Establishing **an automatic sanction mechanism** for states that do not comply with decisions (e.g., suspension of UN membership and financial sanctions).

b- Introducing application procedures outside of states, use mechanisms such as NGOs, local governments, and courts, is recommended.

Alternative Global Justice Mechanisms and Global Solidarity Proposals

Establishing **Regional Criminal Courts**,

It is recommended that a strong, permanent, and institutionalized **"Global Civil Justice Network"** be established between lawyers, academics, and bar associations on the one hand, and the peoples of the world, civil society organizations, human rights networks, and conscientious movements on the other.

The main objectives of this network are:

- **Documenting and archiving** genocide, occupation, and war crimes,
- **Submitting collective civil petitions** to international judicial bodies,
- Creating a real **civil sanctioning power** through economic, cultural, and diplomatic boycotts,
- Creating **global awareness** and **public pressure** through digital communication tools,
- Providing free legal aid for children, legal assistance in matters such as rehabilitation and family reunification, and ensuring appropriate representation for children,
- **National and international law schools and bar associations** publishing **a series of reports titled "Justice for Children"** documenting the legal dimensions of this systematic genocide against Palestinian children,
- Establishing a network of lawyers for children, creating a network of competent children's rights lawyers through bar associations and NGOs,

c) Establishing a Special Investigation Commission for Gaza,

Establishing a permanent **independent commission**, through the initiative of the UN Human Rights Council or General Assembly, to document crimes in Gaza, identify perpetrators, and pursue them,
d) Establishing international **protection and emergency response mechanisms** for children,

- Establishing **special evacuation corridors for sick and disabled children** under the supervision of the UN, through neutral institutions and organizations (such as the Turkish Red Crescent, Red Cross, UNICEF) under the name of the Gaza Children's Corridor,
- Schools, hospitals, care centers, and playgrounds **should be designated as "protected civilian areas**," the coordinates of these facilities should be reported to the international monitoring force established at , they should be included in the UN's digital map, and severe sanctions should be imposed in case of violations.
- Establishing special statuses for orphaned, injured, or separated children and implementing temporary relocation programs to safe third countries,
- Establishing a family reunification and missing children mechanism, creating a missing children identity database, and ensuring that children are reunited with their families by combining information such as DNA samples, health records, and visual identifications,

Establishing a **"Global Justice Forum**" by human rights defenders, international civil society organizations, academics, and lawyers to build **a new global humanitarian system**,

Establishing **the "Gaza Disabled Children Support Program"** with international support, urgently providing prosthetic medical supplies, and providing rehabilitation, education, and social integration services.

Immediate release of child prisoners held in genocidal and occupying Israeli prisons, establishment of a **"Palestinian Child Prisoners Monitoring Commission"** under UN supervision, immediate end to the arbitrary and indefinite detention of child prisoners, and immediate initiation of international pressure and sanctions mechanisms for their release,

As **the obstruction of humanitarian aid** constitutes a war crime under international law, it is recommended that **border crossings be opened** and **humanitarian corridors** be established **under UN supervision**.

All states,

- in accordance with **the Genocide Convention**, are urged to take effective measures against this crime and not to remain silent,
- **must safeguard the right to life and future** of children and implement **perma-**

nent mechanisms to prevent Gaza from becoming a "**lost generation**,"

- must immediately suspend the sale or transfer of weapons and other military equipment by imposing an arms embargo and economic sanctions, by tracking the supply chains of weapons and other military equipment to the genocidal Israeli state, and to halt military training and other military and security assistance,
- must suspend all commercial and diplomatic relations with Israel,
- **that recognize Israel as a state** should suspend this recognition,
- should impose a boycott on Israeli institutions and companies until the illegal occupation, blockade, and genocide in Palestine by occupying Israel end,
- must ensure that Israel properly implements all provisional measures ordered by the International Court of Justice since January 26, 2024;
- must enforce the arrest warrants issued by the International Criminal Court against Netanyahu and Gallant,
- must temporarily suspend the murderous Israel from international sports, cultural, and academic platforms,
- must prosecute, under their jurisdiction, individuals involved in crimes in Gaza and other occupied Palestinian territories, including dual citizens serving in the Israeli army and those participating in the occupying violence.

The 2024 "Report on Genocide Against Palestinian Children" has been compiled day by day based on monthly data.

The report is not merely a statistical record of genocide; it is a call for the international community to rebuild its systems of law, conscience, and justice.

RESOURCES

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The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification, IPC (https://www.un.org/unispal/wp-content/uploads/2024/0 3/IPC_Famine_Factsheet.pdf)
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Timeline of the Gaza war (May 7, 2024 – July 12, 2024)
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Israel-Palestine News (https://israelpalestinenews.org/)
Israel-Palestine Timeline (https://israelpalestinetimeline.org/)
Jerusalem Main News (https://kudusanahaber.com/)
PAX: War and Garbage in Gaza The public health and environmental crisis from widespread solid waste pollution, 2024
OHCHR (https://www.ohchr.org/en/countries/palestine)

Appendix - Children's Rights in International Legislation

I- IN GENERAL

The following international human rights legislation is important in terms of protecting children from all forms of violence[29] :

1. Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989.
2. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict, 2000.
3. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution, and Child Pornography, 2000.
4. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a Communications Procedure, 2011.
5. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, 1965.
6. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.
7. Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.
8. Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty, 1989.
9. International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966.

29 Yaser Snoubar / Kasım Karataş, War, Conflict, and the Rights of Children with Disabilities as a Cause of Disability: The Case of Palestine, Beyond the Horizon Science Journal, Vol. 14/15, No. 1, December 2014/2015.

10. United Nations Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, 1984.
11. Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, 2002.
12. Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006 (Date of opening for signature: March 30, 2007).
13. Optional Protocol to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, 2006 (date of opening for signature: March 30, 2007).
14. International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, 2005 (Date of opening for signature: December 2006).
15. 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees; 1967 Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees.
16. Convention for the Suppression of the Traffic in Persons and of the Exploitation of the Prostitution of Others, 1949.
17. Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, 2000.
18. Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court, 1998.
19. Geneva Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, 1949.
20. Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of August 12, 1949, Relating to the Protection of Victims of Non-International Armed Conflicts – Protocol I, 1977.
Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of August 12, 1949, Relating to the Protection of Victims of Armed Conflicts, 1977.
22. Protocol Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 12 August 1949, relating to the Protection of Victims of Non-International Armed Conflicts – Protocol 2, 1977.
23. The Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, 1980.
24. Convention on Cooperation in Respect of the Protection of Children and Intercountry Adoption, 1993.
25. ILO Convention No. 29 concerning Forced Labor, 1930.
26. Convention No. 138 concerning Minimum Age for Admission to Employment, 1973.
27. Convention No. 182 concerning the Prohibition and Immediate Action for the Elimination of the Worst Forms of Child Labor, 1999.
28. European Convention on Human Rights, 1950.
29. United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice (Beijing Rules), 1985.
30. United Nations Guidelines for the Prevention of Juvenile Delinquency (Riyadh

Guidelines), 1990.
31. United Nations Rules for the Protection of Juveniles Deprived of Their Liberty (Havana Rules), 1990.
32. United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Use of Non-custodial Measures (Tokyo Rules)
33. European Social Charter, 1961.
34. European Convention on Recognition and Enforcement of Decisions concerning Custody of Children and on Restoration of Custody of Children, 1980.
35. Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of Crime and Abuse of Power, 1985.
36. European Convention on the Exercise of Children's Rights, 1996.
37. Protocol No. 12 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, concerning the prohibition of discrimination, 2000.
38. Protocol No. 13 to the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms, concerning the abolition of the death penalty in all circumstances, 2002.
39. San Remo Rules on the Law of Armed Conflict at Sea, 1994.

II- UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

Adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on December 10, 1948, Resolution 217 A (III). The articles relating to children's rights are as follows:

Article 1 - All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights. They are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.
Article 2 - Everyone is entitled to all the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration, without distinction of any kind, such as race, color, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status. Furthermore, no distinction shall be made on the basis of the nationality of the State of which a person is a citizen, whether independent, under trusteeship, non-self-governing, or subject to any other limitation of sovereignty.
Article 3 - Everyone has the right to life, liberty, and security of person.
Article 5 - No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment.
Article 7 - All are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to equal protection of the law. All are entitled to equal protection against any discrimination in violation of this Declaration and against any incitement to such discrimination.

Article 9 - No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention, or exile.
Article 10 - Everyone has the right to a fair and public hearing within a reasonable time by an independent and impartial tribunal established by law for the determination of his rights and obligations and for the determination of any criminal charge against him.
Article 11- (1) Everyone charged with a criminal offense shall be presumed innocent until proven guilty according to law in a public trial at which he has had all the guarantees necessary for his defense.
Article 12- No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honor and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.
Article 13- (1) Everyone has the right to freedom of movement and residence within the borders of each state.
(2) Everyone has the right to leave any country, including their own, and to return to their country.
Article 15- (1) Everyone has the right to a nationality.
(2) No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of their nationality or of the right to change their nationality.
Article 17- (1) Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.
(2) No one shall be arbitrarily deprived of their property.
Article 18 - Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience, and religion. This right includes freedom to change religion or belief, and freedom, either alone or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest religion or belief in worship, observance, practice, and teaching.
Article 19 - Everyone has the right to freedom of thought and expression. This right requires the freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive, and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers.
Article 21- (2) Everyone has the right to equal access to public services in their country.
Article 22- Everyone, as a member of society, has the right to social security. Everyone is entitled to the realization, through national effort and international cooperation and in accordance with the organization and resources of each State, of the economic, social, and cultural rights indispensable for his dignity and the free development of his personality.
Article 23- (1) Everyone has the right to work, to freely choose their occupation, to work under just and favorable conditions, and to be protected against unemployment.

Article 25- (1) Everyone has the right to nutrition, clothing, housing, and medical care for themselves and their families. Everyone has the right to security in the event of unemployment, sickness, disability, widowhood, old age, or other circumstances beyond their control that result in financial hardship.
(2) Mothers and children have the right to special care and assistance. All children, whether born in or out of wedlock, shall enjoy the same social security.
Article 26- (1) Everyone has the right to education. Education shall be free, at least in the elementary and fundamental stages. Elementary education shall be compulsory. Technical and vocational education shall be made generally available and higher education shall be equally accessible to all on the basis of merit.
(2) Education shall be directed to the full development of the human personality and to the strengthening of respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms. It shall promote understanding, tolerance, and friendship among all nations, races, and religious groups, and shall further the activities of the United Nations for the maintenance of peace.
(3) The choice of the type of education to be given to children is primarily the right of the parents.
Article 27- (1) Everyone has the right freely to participate in the cultural life of the community, to enjoy the arts, and to share in scientific advancement and its benefits.
Article 28 - Everyone has the right to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration can be realized.

III- UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE RIGHTS OF THE CHILD

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child was adopted unanimously by the United Nations General Assembly on **November 20**, **1989**, and entered into force on **September 2, 1990**. The Convention has been ratified by **196** countries and is the most widely ratified human rights agreement.

The Convention has three Optional Protocols: the Optional Protocol on the Involvement of Children in Armed Conflict, the Optional Protocol on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography, and the Optional Protocol on a Communications Procedure. The monitoring body for the Convention is the United Nations Committee on the Rights of the Child. The Committee's General Comments contribute to the establishment of a standard framework for the interpretation, implementation, and protection of children's rights.

The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), established by the United Nations

in 1946, is an organization that works to defend children's rights, ensure that children's basic needs are met, and create the necessary opportunities for children.

The subject matter of the Convention consists of certain rights and protections specific to children, as well as principles. The States Parties recognize and undertake to respect the rights set forth in the Convention for every child within their jurisdiction, without discrimination of any kind based on the race, color, sex, language, political or other opinion, national, ethnic, or social origin, property, disability, birth, or other status of the child, their parents, or their legal guardians.

A- Sections of the Convention

The Convention consists of a preamble and three sections:

The Preamble sets out the reasons why the States Parties have decided to protect the rights of the child in a separate treaty, and refers to the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Declaration on Social and Legal Principles relating to the Protection and Welfare of Children, the United Nations Standard Minimum Rules for the Administration of Juvenile Justice (the Beijing Rules), and the Declaration on the Protection of Women and Children in Emergency Situations and Armed Conflict.

The first section (Articles 1-41) sets out the rights that children must have in order to be kept alive, developed, protected, and ensured their participation, and specifies the fundamental principles of the Convention and the obligations incumbent upon states.

The second part (Articles 42-45) contains provisions relating to implementation.

The third part (Articles 46-54) contains provisions on entry into force and implementation.

B- Fundamental Principles of the Convention

The four fundamental rights set forth in the Convention on the Rights of the Child constitute the basic principles to be considered in the interpretation and implementation of all other rights granted to children in the Convention and in the fulfillment of the duties imposed on states. These are:

1) Non-Discrimination (Article 2): All children are protected from any discrimination based on their or their parents' race, color, sex, language, political or other opinion, national, ethnic, or social origin, property, disability, birth, or other status.

2) Protection of the Best Interests of the Child (Article 3): The best interests of the child are the child's highest, most important, and best interests. The definition of the Principle of the Best Interests of the Child is set out in Article 3/1 of the Convention as follows. "In all actions concerning children, whether undertaken by public or private social welfare institutions, courts of law, administrative authorities or legislative bodies, the best interests of the child shall be a primary consideration." The principle of "best interests" forms the core philosophy of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. General Comment No. 14 (2013) of the UN Committee on the Rights of the Child concerns the best interests of the child.

3) Right to Life, Survival, and Development (Article 6): The right to life is the most fundamental right guaranteed in all human rights documents and is considered inviolable. It applies to all children without discrimination, within the framework of the principles of the Convention. Article 6(1) of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child states that every child has the fundamental right to life. This includes the inviolability of the child's physical and mental integrity and protection from all dangers to ensure their survival.

According to the Convention, States Parties shall take all necessary measures to ensure that the child can live a life of dignity and freedom, taking into account the child's physical, mental, spiritual, moral, and social development. Article 6(2) of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child requires States to make "every effort" to ensure the survival and development of the child.

The provisions of the Convention that protect children from violence and exploitation are also important for the survival and development of the child. According to Article 19 of the Convention, States Parties are obliged to take all appropriate legislative, administrative, social, and educational measures to protect the child from physical or mental violence, injury, or abuse; neglect or negligent treatment; maltreatment, or exploitation.

4) Right to Participation (Article 12): The right of the child to participate, as set out in Article 12 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, includes the freedom to express oneself and one's thoughts freely, to express opinions and suggestions on matters and issues that affect oneself, and to learn about

these issues.

C- Rights Protected by the Convention

The scope of the rights protected by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child is as follows[30] :
Non-discrimination (Article 2)
The best interests of the child (Article 3)
Parental guidance consistent with the family environment and children's capacity for growth (Article 5)
The right to life, development, and protection (Article 6)
Birth registration, name, and nationality (Art. 7)
Protection of identity (Art. 8)
Separation from the family (Art. 9)
Family reunification (Art. 10)
Illegal transfer and non-return (Art. 11)
Respect for the child's views (Art. 12)
Freedom of expression, access to justice, and the right to receive and impart information (Art. 13)
Freedom of thought, conscience, and religion (Art. 14)
Freedom of association and peaceful assembly (Art. 15)
Protection of privacy and reputation (Art. 16)
Access to information and protection from harmful materials (Art. 17)
Parental responsibilities, assistance to parents, and childcare services (Art. 18)
Neglect and abuse (Art. 19)
Children deprived of a family environment (Art. 20)
Adoption (domestic and international) (Art. 21)
Refugees, migrants (Article 22) and unaccompanied asylum-seeking children
Health and health services (Art. 24)
Periodic monitoring of placement (Art. 25)
Social security, child care services and facilities (Art. 26 and 18)
Measures to ensure the child's physical, mental, moral, and social development, reduce poverty and inequality, and improve living standards, including support programs and material assistance for food, clothing, and shelter (Art. 27/1-3), and improvement of child care (Art. 27/4)
The right to education, including vocational training and guidance (Art. 28)

30 Association of Human Rights and Equality Experts, Information Note on the Convention on the Rights of the Child, 2021.

The aims of education, with reference to the quality of education (Article 29)
Cultural rights of children belonging to indigenous and minority groups (Art. 30)
Rest, play, holidays, recreation, and cultural and artistic activities (Art. 31)
The minimum working age in force, including child labor (Art. 32) Children who are victims of economic exploitation
Measures to protect children from substance abuse (Art. 33)
Sexual abuse and harassment of children (Art. 34)
Child sale, child trafficking, and child abduction (Article 35)
Other forms of abuse (Art. 36)
Freedom from torture or other cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment, including corporal punishment (Art. 37/1 and Art. 28/2) Measures for children deprived of their liberty and detained (Art. 37/2-3-4)
Children in armed conflicts, including physical and psychological recovery and social integration (Article 38)
Children's physical and mental health and reintegration into society (Article 39)
Juvenile justice administration (Article 40)

IV- UNITED NATIONS MINIMUM STANDARD RULES FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUVENILE JUSTICE (BEIJING RULES):

The Beijing Rules were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in its resolution 40/33 of November 29, 1985. They describe how children who violate the law should be treated, how their rights should be protected at different stages of the judicial process, and how their needs should be met.

The main purpose of the Rules is to establish a separate and specialized juvenile justice system. The principle of the best interests of the child is the basis for a child-specific approach in the juvenile justice system. Protecting the best interests of the child means that, if the child is guilty, traditional tools of criminal justice (coercion, punishment) are replaced by rehabilitation and restorative justice.

V- UNITED NATIONS RULES FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN DEPRIVED OF THEIR LIBERTY (HAVANA RULES):

The Havana Rules were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in its resolution 45/113 of December 14, 1990. They concern the treatment of children deprived of their liberty and contain rules on the following matters: The definition of deprivation of liberty, police custody, and pretrial detention; conditions in institutions where children are placed; disciplinary rules; screening methods; use of

force and restraints; complaint mechanisms; inspection and monitoring mechanisms; and the reintegration of children into society.

The system for the trial of children should act in their best interests and support their physical and mental health. Children may only be deprived of their liberty in accordance with these rules and the principles and procedures set out in the Beijing Rules. **According to the Havana Rules, depriving a child of their liberty is the last resort.** This measure may be used in exceptional cases and for the minimum necessary period. The length of the deprivation of liberty is determined by the competent judicial authorities.

Children who are in custody or detained while their trial is ongoing are presumed innocent and are treated accordingly. Detention of children should be avoided as much as possible. However, detention may be ordered in exceptional circumstances. Every effort should be made to apply alternative measures in such cases. If a detention decision has been made, the investigating authorities shall give priority to expediting the proceedings in order to end the detention period as soon as possible. Detained children shall be held separately from convicted children.

VI- UNITED NATIONS GUIDING PRINCIPLES ON THE PREVENTION OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY (RIYADH PRINCIPLES)

The Riyadh Principles were adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in its resolution 45/112 of December 14, 1990. They were prepared to develop policies for the prevention of juvenile delinquency.

The Riyadh Principles recommend that all segments of society work together, accept children as active members of society, give them value and a place in society, produce policies to this end, educate those at social risk, and ensure that this education provides them with the skills that will enable them to earn a living and guarantee their future, and show tolerance to young people during their transition to adulthood.

VII- INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND CULTURAL RIGHTS

The Covenant was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on December 16, 1966. It covers children as well, since it states that its provisions apply to all women and men. Articles 10 and 12 of the Covenant specifically concern children.

Article 10 of the Convention defines the family as the natural and fundamental unit of society, states that the family should be afforded the widest possible protection and assistance as a consequence of this status, and imposes the responsibility of protecting children on states. The third paragraph of Article 10 recognizes the right of all children to care and assistance without discrimination.

Article 12 of the Convention regulates the right of everyone to the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health, while directly referring to children's rights in terms of "reducing stillbirth and child mortality rates and ensuring the healthy development of the child."

Article 13 of the Convention regulates the right to education, including compulsory and free primary education for all.

The monitoring body of the Covenant is the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights.

VIII- INTERNATIONAL COVENANT ON CIVIL AND POLITICAL RIGHTS

The Convention was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on December 16, 1966. The Convention contains provisions that directly address the rights of children. The rights of the child in the justice system (Article 14/1-3) and the fact that the family is the natural and fundamental unit of society and has the right to protection by society and the state (Article 23) are regulated by the Convention.

Article 18 guarantees parents the freedom to provide their children with a religious and moral education in accordance with their own beliefs.

According to Article 24 of the Convention, every child has the right to be protected by their family, the community in which they live, and the State, without discrimination on the basis of race, color, sex, language, religion, national or social origin, property, birth, or other status, and to be registered immediately after birth, to have a name, and to have the right to nationality.

The supervisory body of the Convention is the Human Rights Committee.

IX- CONVENTION ON THE PREVENTION AND PUNISHMENT OF THE CRIME OF GENOCIDE

The Convention was adopted by the United Nations General Assembly on December 9, 1948. The Convention is the first human rights document adopted by the United Nations General Assembly. It entered into force on January 12, 1951.

The fundamental purpose of the Convention is to establish international cooperation to protect humanity from the crime of genocide, which has caused great losses to humanity.

Article 2 of the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide defines genocide as any of the following acts committed with intent to destroy, in whole or in part, a national, ethnic, racial, or religious group, as such: killing members of the group, causing serious bodily or mental harm to members of the group, deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part, deliberately inflicting on the group conditions of life calculated to bring about its physical destruction in whole or in part, imposing measures intended to prevent births within the group, forcibly transferring children of the group to another group. In this context, Contracting States are obliged to prevent the crime of genocide and to punish those who commit this crime, those who participate in it, those who attempt to commit it, and those who cooperate in its commission.